

## **CURRENCY EQUIVALENTS** (March 2024)

Currency Unit-Cambodian Riel (KHR) 1\$=4,054 KHR; KHR=0.00024\$

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

AP Affected Person

AIIB Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank

BER Bid Evaluation Report
BoQ Bill of Quantities

CEMP Contractor's Environmental Management Plan

COVID-19 Coronavirus disease of 2019 DED Detailed Engineering Design

EA Executing Agency

ESCoP Environmental and Social Code of Practice

EMP Environmental Management Plan ESP Environment and Social Plan

ESMP Environmental and Social Management Plan

ESMPF Environmental and Social Management Planning Framework

ESS Environmental and Social Safeguards/standards

GAP Gender Action Plan

GDR General Department of Resettlement
GRM Grievance Redress Mechanism
IEE Initial Environmental Examinations

IPP Indigenous Peoples Plan

IPPF Indigenous People's Planning Framework IRC Inter-ministerial Resettlement Committee

M&E Monitoring and Evaluation
MRD Ministry of Rural Development

NRRPCP National Rural Restoration of Productive Capacity Project

PAP Project Affected Persons

PDRD Provincial Department of Rural Development

PIB Project Information Booklet
PIU Project Implementation Unit
PMU Project Management Unit
POM Project Operational Manual

PRSC Provincial Resettlement Sub-committee

RF Resettlement Framework

GKC Government of the Kingdom of Cambodia

SDG Sustainable Development Goal
SoE Statement of Expenditure
TA Technical Assistance

KKG Koh Kong

ToR Terms of Reference

WSUG Water and Sanitation User Group

#### **WEIGHTS AND MEASURES**

ha	_	hectare
km	_	Kilometer
m	_	Meter
lm	_	Linear meter
m <sup>2</sup>	_	square meter
$m^3$	ı	cubic meter

NOTE In this report, "\$" refers to US dollars.

## **SUMMARY OF NEW COMMUNITY POND SUB-PROJECTS**

Name of subproject	Khsach Prachhel	n Kandal Con	nmunit	ty Pond Sub	project		
Province	Tboung Khmum	Districts	Kroi Chh	uch ımar	Commune	)	Krouch Chhmar
Contract No.	NRRPCP/22/NCI	B/WWA-7 - P	art of I	Lot 3 Ref. No.			23-AIIB-2502-CP001
Description		e. The propo	sed co	ommunity po	ond has wate		chheh Kandal village, Krouch area of 20,000 m² with the
Existing pond dimensions		-		Existing	pond area		-
Proposed pond dimensions	Top dimension ( Water depth (m)		)	Propose area	d pond	Water s	nd available (m²): 70,000 surface area (m2): 20,000 rolume¹ (m³): 72,978.8
Additional land area required (m²)	No additional land land and will have	d is required : e greater dep	since t th	the rehabilita	ated pond wil	l require s	maller area than available
Land ownership status	The proposed sit	e is public lar	nd that	is opened a	access to the	public and	d the community.
Flood risk	This site is located in flood-free zone as confirmed by authority and villagers during public consultation.						agers during public
No. of households				No. of vulnerable HHs			62
in village	3	85			No. of FHHs		74
No. of beneficiary				No. of ID Poor HHs			76
households		85 					
Environment	Only minor and to construction	emporary dur	ing	Social		No impa	cts on any existing assets or is
Involuntary resettlement	The site is locate No land acquisition			Indigeno Peoples	us	None	e of IP lives in this village
E & S Category		(Some n	ninor (		GORY B es due to the	civil wo	rk only)
Reconnaissance vis	its and public con	sultation me	eting				
	Date	No. of	partic	ipants	No. of women		No. of APs
Reconnaissance visit	19-Feb-2024		46		14		n.a.
2 <sup>nd</sup> meeting	17-Apr-2024		25		6		n.a.
Preparation of ESM				_			
Date of	1 <sup>st</sup> Draft	R	evise	d	Fina	al	
preparation	17-May-24	03	3-Jun-2	24			
Date of comment	31-May-24						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Proposed surface water area (of pond) is the result of Width x Length; The pond is considered as Truncated Pyramid (Frustum of a Pyramid) and the volume is calculated by:  $V = \frac{1}{3}h(A_1 + A_2 + \sqrt{A_1A_2})$  where: (V) is the volume of the truncated pyramid;(h) is the height of the truncated pyramid; (A1) is the area of the lower base; (A2) is the area of the upper base. (https://mathworld.wolfram.com/PyramidalFrustum.html)

Name of subproject	Boeng Pruol Leu	Community F	Pond S	Subproject				
Province	Tboung Khmum	Districts	Tbo Khm		Commune		Boeng Pruol	
Contract No.	NRRPCP/22/NCE	B/WWA-7 – F	Part of	Lot 3 Ref. No.			23-AIIB-2507-CP002	
Description		roposed com	munity	pond has v			Leu village, Boeng Pruol 6,200 m <sup>2</sup> with the designed	
Existing pond dimensions		-		Existing	pond area		-	
Proposed pond dimensions	Top dimension (I Water depth (m)			Propose area	d pond	Water s	nd available (m2): 22,000 surface area (m2): 16,200 volume (m3): 58,498.7	
Additional land area required (m²)	No additional land land and will have			he rehabilita	ated pond will	l require s	maller area than available	
Land ownership status	The proposed site	e is public lar	nd that	is generally	opened acce	ess to the	public and the community.	
Flood risk	This site is located in flood-free zone as confirmed by authority and villagers during public consultation.							
			No. of vu	Inerable		32		
No. of households in village	1:	29		No. of FHHs			25	
				No. of ID Poor HHs			22	
No. of beneficiary households	1:	29						
Environment	Only minor and to construction	emporary dur	ing				No impacts on any existing assets or structures	
Involuntary resettlement	The site is locate No land acquisition			Indigeno Peoples	us	None	None of IP lives in this village	
E & S Category		(Some n	ninor (		GORY B	civil wo	rk only)	
Reconnaissance vis	its and public con	sultation me	eting			_		
	Date	No. of	partic	ipants	No. of women		No. of APs	
Reconnaissance visit	20-Feb-2024		19		9		n.a.	
2 <sup>nd</sup> meeting	17-Apr-2024		23		9		n.a.	
Preparation of ESMI	•							
	1st Draft	R	evise	d	Fina	ıl		
Date of preparation	17-May-24	03	3-Jun-2	24				
Date of comment	31-May-24							

Name of subproject	Sam Snae Comn	nunity Pond S	Subpro	ject			
Province	Tboung Khmum	Districts	Ou I	Reang Ov	Commune	1	Damril
Contract No.	NRRPCP/22/NCI	B/WWA-7 – F	Part of	Lot 3	Ref. No.		23-AIIB-2504-CP006
Description	The proposed co proposed commu x 50 m and 4.0 m	unity pond has	d is loo s wate	cated in pub r surface ar	lic land of Sa ea of 4500 m	m Snae v <sup>2</sup> with the	illage, Damril commune. The designed dimension of 90 m
Existing pond dimensions		-		Existing	pond area		-
Proposed pond dimensions	Top dimension ( Water depth (m)			Propose area	d pond	Water s	nd available (m²): 4,500 surface area (m²): 4,500.0 rolume (m3): 14,821.5
Additional land area required (m²)	No additional land land and will have			he rehabilita	ated pond will	require s	maller area than available
Land ownership status	The proposed sit	e is public lar	nd that	is generally	opened acco	ess to the	public and the community.
Flood risk	This site is located in flood-free zone as confirmed by authority and villagers during public consultation.						
			No. of vu	Inerable		14	
No. of households in village	174			No. of FHHs		14	
3				No. of ID	No. of ID Poor HHs		29
No. of beneficiary households	1	74					
Environment	Only minor and to construction	emporary dur	ing	Social		No impacts on any existing assets or structures	
Involuntary resettlement	The site is locate No land acquisition			Indigeno Peoples	us	None	e of IP lives in this village
E & S Category		(Some n	ninor o	_	GORY B	civil wo	rk only)
Reconnaissance vis	its and public con	sultation me	eting				
	Date	No. of	partic	ipants	No. of women		No. of APs
Reconnaissance visit	21-Feb-2024		20		5		n.a.
2 <sup>nd</sup> meeting	18-Apr-2024		18		4		n.a.
Preparation of ESMI	Р						
	1 <sup>st</sup> Draft	R	evise	d	Fina	ıl	
Date of preparation	17-May-24	03	3-Jun-2	24			
Date of comment	31-May-24						

Name of subproject	Spean Chrey Co	Spean Chrey Community Pond Subproject								
Province	Tboung Khmum	Districts	Pon Krae		Commune	1	Dountei			
Contract No.	NRRPCP/22/NCI	B/WWA-7 – F	Part of	Lot 3 Ref. No.			23-AIIB-2505-CP007			
Description		mmunity pon	d has v				by village, Dountei commune. th the designed dimension of			
Existing pond dimensions		-		Existing	pond area		-			
Proposed pond dimensions	Top dimension ( Water depth (m)		)	Propose area	d pond	Water s	nd available (m²): 25,000 surface area (m²): 10,000 rolume (m3): 35,392.0			
Additional land area required (m²)	No additional land land and will have			he rehabilita	ated pond will	require s	maller area than available			
Land ownership status	The proposed sit	e is public lar	nd that	is generally	opened acco	ess to the	public and the community.			
Flood risk	This site is located in flood-free zone as confirmed by authority and villagers during public consultation.									
			No. of vu	Inerable		34				
No. of households in village	2	57		No. of FHHs			36			
				No. of ID Poor HHs			51			
No. of beneficiary households		57								
Environment	Only minor and to construction	emporary dur	ing			No impacts on any existing assets or structures				
Involuntary resettlement	The site is locate No land acquisition			Indigeno Peoples	us	None	None of IP lives in this village			
E & S Category		(Some n	ninor o	_	GORY B	civil wo	k only)			
Reconnaissance vis	its and public con	sultation me	eting							
	Date	No. of	partic	ipants	No. of women		No. of APs			
Reconnaissance visit	22-Feb-2024		16		1		n.a.			
2 <sup>nd</sup> meeting	19-Apr-2024		24		12		n.a.			
Preparation of ESMI										
	1 <sup>st</sup> Draft	R	evise	d	Fina	ıl				
Date of preparation	17-May-24	03	3-Jun-2	24						
Date of comment	31-May-24									

# **SUMMARY OF EXISTING COMMUNITY POND SUB-PROJECTS**

Name of subproject	Chrak Chambak	Community F	ond S	ubproject				
Province	Tboung Khmum	Districts	Tbo Khm	•	Commune		Chup	
Contract No.	NRRPCP/22/NC	3/WWA-7 – F	Part of	Lot 3 Ref. No.			23-AIIB-2507-CP003	
Description		mmunity pon	d has				bak village, Chup commune. th the designed dimension of	
Existing pond dimensions	Top dimension (n Water depth (m):			Existing	pond area		surface area (m <sup>2</sup> ): 4,400.0 volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 11,000.0	
Proposed pond dimensions	Top dimension (i Water depth (m)		)	Propose area	d pond	Water s	nd available (m²): 90,000.0 surface area (m²): 24,000 rolume (m³): 98,543.4	
Additional land area required (m²)	No additional land land and will have			he rehabilita	ated pond will	require s	maller area than available	
Land ownership status	The site is public	land that is g	jeneral	ly opened a	ccess to the	public and	the community.	
Flood risk	This site is locate consultation.	This site is located in flood-free zone as confirmed by authority and villagers during public consultation.						
			No. of vu	Inerable		39		
No. of households in village	3	91		No. of Fh	lHs		43	
				No. of ID Poor HHs			59	
No. of beneficiary households	3	91						
Environment	Only minor and to construction	emporary dur	ing	Social		No impacts on any existing assets or structures		
Involuntary resettlement	The subproject is land. No land according required.		ublic	Indigeno Peoples	us	None	None of IP lives in this village	
E & S Category		(Some n	ninor o		GORY B	civil wor	k only)	
Reconnaissance vis	its and public con	sultation me	eting					
	Date	No. of	partic	ipants	No. of women		No. of APs	
Reconnaissance visit	21-Feb-2024		20		5		n.a.	
2 <sup>nd</sup> meeting	18-Apr-2024		18		5		n.a.	
Preparation of ESMI								
Date of	1 <sup>st</sup> Draft	R	Revise	d	Fina	ıl		
Date of preparation	17-May-24	03	3-Jun-2	24				
Date of comment	31-May-24							

Name of subproject	Kampul Serei Co	mmunity Pon	d Sub	project				
Province	Tboung Khmum	Districts	Ou	Reang Ov	Commune		Mien	
Contract No.	NRRPCP/22/NCI	3/WWA-7 – F	art of	Lot 3 Ref. No.			23-AIIB-2504-CP004	
Description		mmunity pon-	d has				ei village, Mien commune. ith the designed dimension	
Existing pond dimensions	Top dimension (r Water depth (m):	n): 150 x 100 1		Existing	pond area		surface area (m²): 15,000.0 volume (m3): 150,00.0	
Proposed pond dimensions	Top dimension ( Water depth (m)		)	Propose area	d pond	Water s	nd available (m²): 15,000.0 surface area (m²): 15,000 rolume (m3): 54,187.6	
Additional land area required (m²)	No additional land land and will have			he rehabilita	ated pond will	require s	maller area than available	
Land ownership status	The proposed su community.	bproject is pu	ıblic la	nd that is ge	enerally open	ed access	s to the public and the	
Flood risk	This subproject is located in flood-free zone as confirmed by authority and villagers during public consultation.							
			No. of vu	Inerable		42		
No. of households in village	2	36		No. of FHHs		37		
				No. of ID	No. of ID Poor HHs		19	
No. of beneficiary households	2	36						
Environment	Only minor and to construction	emporary dur	ing	Social		No impacts on any existing assets or structures		
Involuntary resettlement	The subproject is land. No land according required.		ublic	Indigeno Peoples	us	None	None of IP lives in this village	
E & S Category		(Some n	ninor (		GORY B	civil wo	rk only)	
Reconnaissance vis	its and public con	sultation me	eting					
	Date	No. of	partic	ipants	No. of women		No. of APs	
Reconnaissance visit	20-Feb-2024		21		12		n.a.	
2 <sup>nd</sup> meeting	18-Apr-2024		23		11		n.a.	
Preparation of ESM								
Date of	1 <sup>st</sup> Draft	R	evise	d	Fina			
Date of preparation	17-May-24	03	3-Jun-2	24				
Date of comment	31-May-24							

Name of subproject	Boeng Phtil Com	munity Pond	Subpr	oject				
Province	Tboung Khmum	Districts	Ou I	Reang Ov	Commune		Tuol Souphi	
Contract No.	NRRPCP/22/NCE	3/WWA-7 – F	art of	Lot 3 Ref. No.			23-AIIB-2504-CP005	
Description		roposed com	munity	pond has v			village, Tuol Souphi 800 m <sup>2</sup> with the designed	
Existing pond dimensions	Top dimension (n Water depth (m):			Existing	pond area		surface area (m²): 9,900 volume (m3): 14,850	
Proposed pond dimensions	Top dimension ( Water depth (m)			Propose area	d pond	Water s	nd available (m²): 10,000.0 surface area (m²): 6,800.0 rolume (m3): 20,637.7	
Additional land area required (m²)	No additional land land and will have	d is required see greater dep	since t th	he rehabilita	ated pond will	require s	maller area than available	
Land ownership status	The site is public	land that is g	eneral	ly opened a	ccess to the	public and	d the community.	
Flood risk	This site is locate consultation.	This site is located in flood-free zone as confirmed by authority and villagers during public consultation.						
			No. of vulnerable HHs			29		
No. of households in village	2	261			No. of FHHs		36	
				No. of ID Poor HHs			88	
No. of beneficiary households	2	61						
Environment	Only minor and to construction	emporary dur	ing	Social		No impacts on any existing assets or structures		
Involuntary resettlement	The site is locate No land acquisition			Indigeno Peoples	us	None of IP lives in this village		
E & S Category		(Some n	ninor o		GORY B	civil wo	rk only)	
Reconnaissance vis	its and public con	sultation me	eting					
	Date	No. of	partic	ipants	No. of women		No. of APs	
Reconnaissance visit	21-Feb-2024		15		1		n.a.	
2 <sup>nd</sup> meeting	18-Apr-2024		41		23		n.a.	
Preparation of ESMI	P							
	1st Draft	R	evise	d	Fina	I		
Date of preparation	17-May-24	03	3-Jun-2	24				
Date of comment	31-May-24							

Name of subproject	Ta Ni Community	Pond Subpr	oject				
Province	Tboung Khmum	Districts	Pon Krae		Commune		Dountei
Contract No.	NRRPCP/22/NCE	3/WWA-7 - P	art of l	Lot 3 Ref. No.			23-AIIB-2505-CP008
Description		ject has wate					, Dountei commune. The ned dimension of 100 m x 90
Existing pond dimensions	Top dimension (n Water depth (m):			Existing	pond area		surface area (m²): 900 volume (m³): 1,710
Proposed pond dimensions	Top dimension (i Water depth (m)			Propose area	d pond	Water s	nd available (m²): 13,474.0 surface area (m²): 9,000.0 rolume (m³): 31,631.7
Additional land area required (m²)	No additional land land and will have			he rehabilita	ated pond will	require s	maller area than available
Land ownership status	The site is public	land that is g	jeneral	ly opened a	ccess to the	public and	the community.
Flood risk	This site is locate consultation.	ed in flood-fre	e zone	as confirme	ed by authori	y and villa	agers during public
				No. of vu	Inerable		27
No. of households in village	1:	No. of Fh	Hs		34		
				No. of ID Poor HHs			29
No. of beneficiary households	1.	27					
Environment	Only minor and to construction	emporary dur	ing	Social		No impacts on any existing assets or structures	
Involuntary resettlement	The site is locate No land acquisition			Indigeno Peoples	us	None	e of IP lives in this village
E & S Category		(Some n	ninor (	_	GORY B	civil wo	k only)
Reconnaissance vis	its and public con	sultation me	eting				
	Date	No. of	partic	ipants	No. of women		No. of APs
Reconnaissance visit	22-Feb-2024		26		13		n.a.
2 <sup>nd</sup> meeting	19-Apr-2024		22		11		n.a.
Preparation of ESMI	P						
Datasif	1 <sup>st</sup> Draft	R	evise	d	Fina	ıl	
Date of preparation	17-May-24	03	3-Jun-2	24			
Date of comment	31-May-24						

Name of subproject	Prey Tumnob Co	mmunity Pon	d Sub	project			
Province	Tboung Khmum	Districts	Pon Krae		Commune	1	Dountei
Contract No.	NRRPCP/22/NCI	B/WWA-7 - P	art of l	_ot 3 Ref. No.			23-AIIB-2505-CP009
Description	The proposed co The proposed co 85 m x 80 m and	mmunity poo	nd has	cated in pub water surfa	lic land of Proace area of 68	ey Tumno 300 m² wit	b village, Dountei commune. th the designed dimension of
Existing pond dimensions	Top dimension (r Water depth (m):			Existing	pond area		surface area (m <sup>2</sup> ): 5,395 volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 9,711
Proposed pond dimensions	Top dimension ( Water depth (m)			Propose area	d pond	Water s	nd available (m²): 15,074.0 surface area (m²): 6,800.0 rolume (m³): 18,253.5
Additional land area required (m²)	No additional land land and will have			he rehabilita	ated pond will	require s	maller area than available
Land ownership status	The site public la	nd that is ger	nerally	opened acc	ess to the pu	blic and th	ne community.
Flood risk	This site is located in flood-free zone as confirmed by authority and villagers during public consultation.						
			No. of vu	Inerable		25	
No. of households in village	2	268			No. of FHHs		36
C				No. of ID Poor HHs			32
No. of beneficiary households	2	68					
Environment	Only minor and to construction	emporary dur	ing	Social		No impacts on any existing assets or structures	
Involuntary resettlement	The site is locate No land acquisition			Indigeno Peoples	us	None	e of IP lives in this village
E & S Category		(Some n	ninor (	_	GORY B	civil wo	rk only)
Reconnaissance vis	its and public con	sultation me	eting				
	Date	No. of	partic	ipants	No. of women		No. of APs
Reconnaissance visit	22-Feb-2024		31		23		n.a.
2 <sup>nd</sup> meeting	19-Apr-2024		21		15		n.a.
Preparation of ESMI	P						
	1 <sup>st</sup> Draft	R	evise	d	Fina	ıl	
Date of preparation	17-May-24	03	3-Jun-2	24			
Date of comment	31-May-24						

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# ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (9 community ponds in Tboung Khmum province)

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

1. The objective of this report is to present the results of the environmental and social safeguards due diligence process for the rehabilitation of 5 existing community ponds and the construction of 4 new community ponds which are located on four target districts namely Krouch Chhmar, Tboung Khmum, Ou Reang Ov, and Ponhea Kraek districts in Tboung Khmum province. The report provides a description of the proposed subproject sites, an overview of the socio-economic situation within the targeted villages, a description of the consultative processes that were completed, at least two consultative meeting within the each subproject area, an environmental assessment to identify any potential adverse impacts and identification of appropriate mitigation measures, the screening process to identify the ownership status of existing ponds, or of the land plots to be used for the construction of new ponds, and also identify any affected persons (APs) and indigenous people (IPs) that may be impacted and determination of whether any of these APs and IPs are vulnerable, an assessment of the need for additional land or of impacts on of any privately owned assets. As a result, no IPs were identified in the subprojects. It also describes the Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) that has been established for each subproject site.

#### 2. PROJECT BACKGROUND

- 2. The Government of Kingdom of Cambodia (GoKC) has received a loan from Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB) in the form of a loan to assist in financing the National Restoration of Rural Productive Capacity Project (NRRPCP). This project has been identified as an immediate priority of the GKC COVID-19 response and is a part of the proposed comprehensive rural infrastructure program to be funded under the AIIB COVID-19 Crisis Response Facility to strengthen the GKC financial resources that have been impacted by the pandemic.
- 3. The Executing Agency (EA) for NRRPCP is the Ministry of Rural Development (MRD) and is responsible for overall project coordination, planning, financial management, procurement and monitoring and evaluation (M&E). The target project provinces are Pailin (PLN), Kampong Chhnang (KCH), Koh Kong (KKG), Prey Veng (PVG) and Tboung Khmum (TKM). The project implementation period is from February 2021 to June 2024.
- 4. The project objective is to sustain the rural economy and livelihoods of vulnerable rural population and returning migrants affected by COVID-19 pandemic. The civil works for community ponds (sub-component A2) includes the rehabilitation of 75 existing ponds and the construction of 75 new ponds with the provision of riprap and geomembrane linings in the case of ponds at sites with high percolation losses and greening of the pond embankments using nature-based solutions and indigenous materials.

## 2.1 Selection methods for the community pond subprojects

- 5. In consultation with the provincial Project Implementation Units (PIUs), the Project Management Unit (PMU) has identified total 9 community pond subprojects that consist of 5 existing ponds for rehabilitation and 4 new ponds for construction in Tboung Khmum province. The selected community pond subprojects have been identified through specific site visits and consultations with the commune and village authorities, local communities, and relevant stakeholders. The details of the 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultations of all community pond subprojects have been summarized in Annex 8.
- 6. The Design and Construction Supervision Team for Community Ponds (SP3) conducted field visits to undertake the environmental and social screenings with participation of PIU, local authorities, and the communities as well as the water and sanitation user groups (WSUG). The Rapid Environmental and Social Assessment (RESA) and Environmental and Social Impact Assessments (ESIA) checklists were used for screening of each proposed community pond subproject. The RESA checklists have been prepared by Environment Specialist and agreed by the commune chief and the provincial project manager or representative. The RESA checklist for all the community pond subprojects in Tboung Khmum province has been summarized as shown in Annex 4, and the ESIA are shown in Annex 5 (all Annexes are in separate attachment).

#### 3. DESCRIPTION OF NEW COMMUNITY POND SUBPROJECTS

## 3.1 Khsach Prachheh Kandal community pond, Krouch Chhmar commune (TKM-CP001)

- a. Site description for proposed new community pond subproject
- 7. This is a new pond which is located in the low-land area of the community land and surrounded by agricultural land. This agricultural land comprised mostly of paddy fields. There are patches of shrubs and small trees which have no economic value around the proposed subproject. The proposed area has experienced seasonal flash flood during rainy season and dries out during the dry season.
- 8. There is a small and shallow borrow pit within the said land which can only store a limited amount of water. At present, the water from the pit is used for irrigation of the surrounding paddy field and for livestock.

Figure 1: Location of proposed community pond subproject (TKM-CP001)





Figure 2: Photo of proposed community pond site (TKM-CP001)





- 9. The constructed pond will cover a total area of 20,000 m² (200 m x 100 m) with a depth of 4.0 meters and an estimated water volume of 72,978.8 m³. The land for the construction of the proposed subproject is public land where there is an agreement for public use between the local authorities including representatives for the community. The land certificate was prepared and attached in this report.²
- 10. Assuming each family has an average quota of up to 4.5 m<sup>3</sup> per month per household for domestic, the estimated 385 beneficiary households will require about 1,732.5 m<sup>3</sup> per month, and this can be more than satisfied during the four to five-month period of dry season given the pond capacity of 72,978.8 m<sup>3</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Annex 2 the Land Agreements for each community pond signed and endorsed by commune.

The remaining water in the pond reservoir can be used for other purposes, including irrigation of home gardens and livestock raising. The community pond will provide a supplementary water source within the village for general use but will not be suitable for drinking water without boiling and/or filtering.

- b. Community pond design and land requirements
- 11. The community pond will be constructed following the MRD standard design for ordinary community ponds<sup>3</sup>. The slope is fixed at 1:1.50 and the embankments will be constructed with a base width of four meters and a top width of one meter. This will remain as an unlined earth pond, but the pond embankments will be stabilized through the use of nature-based solutions and indigenous materials. With the construction of the new pond, the community propose to use it as a reserve water storage for emergency use and for human consumption during dry season in addition to the original usages.
- 12. Based on the DED, the standard requirement of this pond facility consists of a perimeter fence (including a gate) in order to secure the pond is included. There are no stairs, inlet pipe or water filter package recommended for this pond.
- 13. The land has been confirmed as being public land that is owned by the commune and the commune chief has confirmed the agreement of the local authority witnessed by the village development committee for the utilization of the land for the construction of the community pond.
  - c. Environmental features
- 14. The environmental characteristic of the site are as follows:
  - Vegetation: The proposed pond is surrounded by arable land on all sides and there will be very minor impact in short time during the civil work.
  - > Surface water: The pond is not located near any significant water bodies such as permanent rivers or lakes
  - **Land use/agriculture:** The land surrounding the site is arable and consists primarily of rice fields/paddy.
  - Receptors and Access: The subproject is situated in a public land which is an agricultural land. No sensitive ecological, historical/cultural areas and/or protected areas were observed in or nearby the proposed subproject location. In addition, there are no sites within or around the subproject area where UXO has been identified.
- 15. There is an access road that can be accessed to the proposed subproject via an earthen road which is used temporarily by the villagers for their cropping activities.
  - d. Social characteristics
- 16. There are 385 households residing in Khsach Prachheh Kandal village and the total population is 1,989 with 913 women and 14% of the families are ranked as vulnerable. The number of ID poor households is 76 families and 74 female headed households (FHHs). The proportion of the households in the better off category is 31% and the proportion of ID Poor 1 and ID Poor 2 are 8% and 26%, respectively. Most people were educated on the primary level (63%) and 2% of the population entered the University. Based on the commune data for 2023, approximately 4% are illiterate. The major occupation of the villagers is farmer (83%), fishing (11%), businessman (4%), public worker (2%) and employees (less than 1%). 17% of the total population are migrant workers. The estimated number of households with latrine is 91%. The main water source for all households during the dry season is pumped water and none have access to pond water.
- 17. **Indigenous Peoples:** The commune authorities have confirmed that there are no Indigenous Peoples residing within this village.
  - e. Reconnaissance visits and public consultation meeting
- 18. There was a reconnaissance visit for the environmental and social screening including use of RESA checklists and preliminary climate risk screening conducted on 19 February 2024 by the SP3 together with the PMU and PIU team also conducted an initial public consultation meeting on 19 February 2024. A 2<sup>nd</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Annex 3 for layout plan and cross-sectional diagrams of typical community pond.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Annex 1 for a summary of the socio-economic status of target villages for all 9 community ponds.

public consultation meeting was conducted on 17 April 2024 with the villagers, village chief and commune chief at Khsach Prachheh Kandal village to discuss about the proposal for the construction of the proposed community pond for the benefit of the local community. During the meeting, information was provided on the detailed design of the proposed subproject and there was also an explanation on Project Information Booklet (PIB) and GRM that has been established for this subproject. At the end of the meeting a water use sharing agreement was prepared and signed by the representatives of the local authorities, community and witnessed by the PDRD for this proposed pond subproject that can be accessed by all local residents.

#### f. Land acquisition

- 19. Based on the Land Acquisition and Resettlement Screening Checklist (LARSC) for this community pond the following was confirmed:
  - It was confirmed by the commune chief that this land is public land, that no persons can claim private ownership of the land and that the commune authorities and the village chief fully support the planned construction of the community pond.
  - The total area of the proposed community pond will be less than the land available and there is no loss of any agricultural land, crops, trees or other productive assets and no loss of income source or means of livelihood.
  - There will be no loss of access to natural resources, and the land use will not be impacted and there will be no restriction on access to the community pond by all local residents.
  - There are also no Project Affected Persons PAPs since there will be no displacement of any person as a result of the rehabilitation of the community pond.
  - Thus, in the context of the ESMPF requirement for land acquisition and resettlement impact screening the subproject is fully compliant and there will be no impact on any households and thus no requirement for the preparation of an RP.<sup>5</sup>
- 20. The **E&S categorization for this community pond will be Category B** due to minor disturbances during the civil works only.

#### 3.2 Boeng Pruol Leu community pond, Boeng Pruol commune (TKM-CP002)

- a. Site description for proposed new community pond subproject
- 21. This is a new pond that is located on public land. It is surrounded by rice fields, grassland and consist of scattered shrubs and small trees. The proposed subproject is within a lowland area which experienced of seasonal flash flood during the rainy season and dries out during the dry season. There is a small and shallow borrow pit within the said land which can only store a limited amount of water. To date, the water from the pit is used for irrigation of the surrounding paddy field and for livestock.
- 22. The constructed pond will cover a total area of 22,000 m² (200 m x 110 m) with a depth of 4.0 m and an estimated water volume of 58,498.7 m³. The land for the construction of the proposed subproject is public land and there is an agreement for public use between local authorities including representatives for the community. The land certificate was prepared and attached in this report.
- 23. Assuming each family has an average quota of up to 4.5 cubic meters per month per household for domestic, the estimated 129 beneficiary households will require about 580.5m³ per month, and this can be more than satisfied during the four to five-month period of dry season given the pond capacity of 58,498.7m³. The remaining water in the pond reservoir can be used for other purposes, including irrigation of home gardens and livestock raising. The community pond will provide a supplementary water source within the village for general use but will not be suitable for drinking water without boiling and/or filtering.

Figure 3: Location of proposed community pond subproject (TKM-CP002)

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Annex 7 for the LARSC for all community pond subprojects.

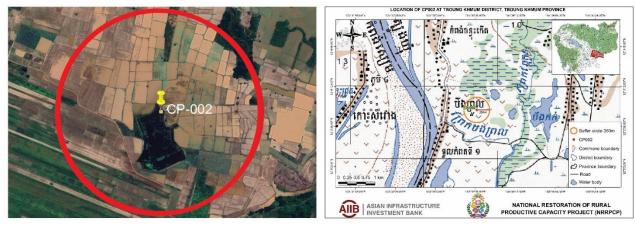


Figure 4: Photo of proposed community pond site (TKM-CP002)





#### b. Community pond design and land requirements

- 24. The community pond will be constructed following the MRD standard design for ordinary community ponds. The slope is fixed at 1:1.50 and the embankments will be constructed with a base width of 4.0 meters and a top width of 1.0 meter. This will remain as an unlined earth pond, but the pond embankments will be stabilized through the use of nature-based solutions and indigenous materials. With the construction of the new pond, the community propose to use it as a reserve water storage for emergency use and for human consumption during dry season in addition to the original usages.
- 25. Based on the DED, the standard requirement of this pond facility includes a perimeter fence (including a gate) in order to secure the pond. There are no stairs, inlet pipe or water filter package recommended for this pond.
- 26. The land has been confirmed as being public land that is owned by the commune and the commune chief has confirmed the agreement of the local authority witnessed by the village development committee for the utilization of the land for the construction of the community pond.
  - c. Environmental features
- 27. The environmental characteristic of the site are as follows:
  - **Vegetation**: The proposed pond is surrounded by arable land on all sides and there will be minor impact in short time during the civil work.
  - > Surface water: The pond is not located near to any significant water bodies such as permanent rivers or lakes
  - Land use/agriculture: The land surrounding the site is arable and consists primarily of rice fields/paddy.
  - > Receptors and Access: The subproject is situated in a public land which is an agricultural land. No

sensitive ecological, historical/cultural areas and/or protected areas were observed in or nearby the proposed subproject location. In addition, there are no sites within or around the subproject area where UXO has been identified.

28. There is an access road that can be accessed to the proposed subproject via an earthen road which is used by the villagers for their cropping activities.

#### d. Social characteristics

- 29. There are 129 households residing in Boeng Pruol Leu village and the total population is 568 with 299 women and approximately 9% of households are ranked as vulnerable. The number of ID poor households is 22 families and 25 FHHs. The proportion of the households in the better off category is 27% and the proportion of ID Poor 1 and ID Poor 2 are 17% and 7%, respectively. Most people were educated on the primary level (45%). Based on the commune data for 2023, no one are illiterate. The major occupation of the villagers is farmer (83%), employees (16%) and public worker (2%). Only 12% of the total population are migrant workers. The estimated number of households with latrine is 91%. The main water source for all households during the dry season is pumped water and none have access to pond water.
- 30. **Indigenous Peoples:** The commune authorities have confirmed that there are no Indigenous peoples residing within this village.
  - e. Reconnaissance visits and public consultation meeting
- 31. There was a reconnaissance visit for the environmental and social screening including use of RESA checklists and preliminary climate risk screening conducted on 20 February 2024 by SP3 together with the PMU and PIU team also conducted an initial public consultation meeting on 20 February 2024. A 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was conducted on 17 April 2024 with the villagers, village vice-chief and commune chief at Boeng Pruol Leu village to discuss about the proposal for the construction of the proposed community pond for the benefit of the local community. During the meeting, information was provided on the detailed design of the proposed subproject and there was also an explanation on PIB and GRM that has been established for this subproject. At the end of the meeting a water use sharing agreement was prepared and signed by the representatives of the local authorities, community and witnessed by the PDRD for this proposed new pond that can be accessed by all local residents.
  - f. Land acquisition
- 32. Based on the LARSC for this community pond the following was confirmed:
  - It was confirmed by the commune chief that this land is public land, that no persons can claim private ownership of the land and that the commune authorities and the village chief fully support the planned construction of the community pond.
  - The total area of the proposed community pond will be less than the land available and there is no loss of any agricultural land, crops, trees or other productive assets and no loss of income source or means of livelihood.
  - There will be no loss of access to natural resources, and the land use will not be impacted and there will be no restriction on access to the community pond by all local residents.
  - There are also no Project Affected Persons PAPs since there will be no displacement of any person as a result of the rehabilitation of the community pond.
  - Thus, in the context of the ESMPF requirement for land acquisition and resettlement impact screening the subproject is fully compliant and there will be no impact on any households and thus no requirement for the preparation of an RP.
- 33. The **E&S categorization for this community pond will be Category B** due to minor disturbances during the civil works only.

#### 3.3 Sam Snae community pond, Damril commune (TKM-CP006)

- a. Site description for proposed new community pond subproject
- 34. This is a new pond located on public state land. In addition, it is within flat terrain of low-land area of the community land where it is surrounded by agricultural land. This agricultural land comprised mostly of rice fields. The proposed area has experienced of seasonal flash flood during rainy season and dries

out during the dry season.

35. The proposed area consists of small shallow pit (ex-borrow pit) which can only store a limited amount of water. Similar to other borrow pit, the water from the pit is used for irrigation of the surrounding paddy field and for animal.

CP-006

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Figure 5: Location of proposed community pond subproject (TKM-CP006)







- 36. The constructed pond will cover a total area of  $4,500 \text{ m}^2$  (90 m x 50 m) with a depth of 4.0 meters and an estimated water volume of  $14,821.5 \text{ m}^3$ . The inlet pipe culvert with diameter of 0.6 m will be installed for the proposed subproject. The land for the construction of the proposed subproject is public land and there is an agreement for public use between the local authorities including representatives for the community. The land certificate was prepared and attached in this report.
- 37. Assuming each family has an average quota of up to 4.5 m³ per month per household for domestic, the estimated 174 beneficiary households will require about 783 m³ per month, and this can be more than satisfied during the four to five-month period of dry season given the pond capacity of 14,821.5 m³. The remaining water in the pond reservoir can be used for other purposes, including irrigation of home gardens and livestock raising. The community pond will provide a supplementary water source within the village for general use but will not be suitable for drinking water without boiling and/or filtering.
  - b. Community pond design and land requirements
- 38. The community pond will be constructed following the MRD standard design for ordinary community ponds. The slope is fixed at 1:1.50 and the embankments will be constructed 1m height with a base width of four meters and a top width of one meter. This will remain as an unlined earth pond, but the pond embankments will be stabilized through the use of nature-based solutions and indigenous materials. With

the construction of the new pond, the community propose to use it as a reserve water storage for emergency use and for human consumption during dry season in addition to the original usages.

- 39. There are a number of facilities that were proposed to be equipped with this pond. Based on the DED, the standard requirement of this pond facility consists of a perimeter fence (including a gate) in order to secure the pond, one set of stairs and one inlet pipe.
- 40. The land has been confirmed as being public land that is owned by the commune and the commune chief has confirmed the agreement of the local authority witnessed by the village development committee for the utilization of the land for the construction of the community pond.
  - c. Environmental features
- 41. The environmental characteristic of the site are as follows:
  - > **Vegetation**: The proposed pond is surrounded by arable land on all sides and there will be no impact during the civil work.
  - > Surface water: The pond is not located near to any significant water bodies such as permanent rivers or lakes
  - Land use/agriculture: The land surrounding the site is arable and consists primarily of rice fields/paddy and grassland.
  - Receptors and Access: The subproject is situated in public land which is agricultural land. No sensitive ecological, historical/cultural areas and/or protected areas were observed in or nearby the proposed subproject location. In addition, there are no sites within or around the subproject area where UXO has been identified.
- 42. There is an access road that can be accessed to the proposed subproject via an earthen road which is used by the villagers for their cropping activities.
  - d. Social characteristics
- 43. There are 174 households residing in Sam Snae village and the total population is 740 with 378 women and there are no vulnerable household in this village. The number of ID poor households is 29 families and 14 FHHs. The proportion of the households in the better off category is 73% and the proportion of ID Poor 1 and ID Poor 2 are 2% and 4%, respectively. Most people were educated on the primary level (63%). Based on the commune data for 2023, less than 1% are illiterate. The major occupation of the villagers is farmer (98%) and public worker (2%). Around 5% of the total population are migrant workers. The estimated number of households with latrine is 75%. The main water source for all households during the dry season is pumped water and none have access to pond water.
- 44. **Indigenous Peoples:** The commune authorities have confirmed that there are no Indigenous peoples residing within this village.
  - e. Reconnaissance visits and public consultation meeting
- 45. There was a reconnaissance visit for the environmental and social screening including use of RESA checklists and preliminary climate risk screening conducted on 21 February 2024 by the SP3 together with the PMU team and an initial public consultation meeting on 21 February 2024. A 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was conducted on 18 April 2024 with the villagers, village chief and commune councilor at Sam Snae village to discuss about the proposal for the construction of the proposed community pond for the benefit of the local community. During the meeting, information was provided on the detailed design of the proposed subproject and there was also an explanation on PIB and GRM that has been established for this subproject. At the end of the meeting a water use sharing agreement was prepared and signed by the representatives of the local authorities, monks, community and witnessed by the PDRD for this proposed new pond that can be accessed by all local residents.
  - f. Land acquisition
- 46. Based on the LARSC for this community pond the following was confirmed:
  - It was confirmed by the commune chief that this land is public land, that no persons can claim private ownership of the land and that the commune authorities and the village chief fully support the planned construction of the community pond.

- The total area of the proposed community pond will be less than the land available and there is no loss of any agricultural land, crops, trees or other productive assets and no loss of income source or means of livelihood.
- There will be no loss of access to natural resources, and the land use will not be impacted and there will be no restriction on access to the community pond by all local residents.
- There are also no Project Affected Persons PAPs since there will be no displacement of any person as a result of the rehabilitation of the community pond.
- Thus, in the context of the ESMPF requirement for land acquisition and resettlement impact screening the subproject is fully compliant and there will be no impact on any households and thus no requirement for the preparation of an RP.
- 47. The **E&S categorization for this community pond will be Category B** due to minor disturbances during the civil works only.

#### 3.4 Spean Chrey community pond, Dountei commune (TKM-CP007)

- a. Site description for proposed new community pond subproject
- 48. This is a new pond located on public state land. In addition, it is within a low-land area and close to the village. It is surrounded by rice fields, fallow land, and a few trees but will not be impacted during the construction. The proposed area has experienced seasonal flash flood during rainy season and dries out during the dry season. The proposed subproject consists of small shallow borrow pit which can only store a limited amount of water and water is used for irrigation of the surrounding paddy field and for livestock.

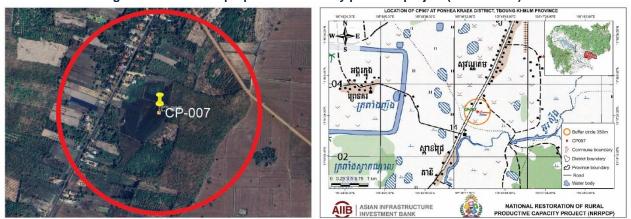


Figure 7: Location of proposed community pond subproject (TKM-CP007)

- 49. The constructed pond will cover a total area of 12,100 m² (110 m x 110 m) with a depth of 4.0 meters and an estimated water volume of 35,392 m³. The inlet pipe culvert with diameter of 0.6 m will be installed for the proposed subproject. The land for the construction of the proposed subproject is public land and there is an agreement for public use between the local authorities including representatives for the community. The land certificate was prepared and attached in this report.
- 50. Assuming each family has an average quota of up to 4.5 m³ per month per household for domestic, the estimated 257 beneficiary households will require about 1,156.5 m³ per month, and this can be more than satisfied during the four to five-month period of dry season given the pond capacity of 35,392 m³. The remaining water in the pond reservoir can be used for other purposes, including irrigation of home gardens and livestock raising. The community pond will provide a supplementary water source within the village for general use but will not be suitable for drinking water without boiling and/or filtering.







## b. Community pond design and land requirements

- 51. The community pond will be constructed following the MRD standard design for ordinary community ponds. The slope is fixed at 1:1.50 and the embankments will be constructed 1.50 m height with a base width of four meters and a top width of one meter. This will remain as an unlined earth pond, but the pond embankments will be stabilized through the use of nature-based solutions and indigenous materials. With the construction of the new pond, the community propose to use it as a reserve water storage for emergency use and for human consumption during dry season in addition to the original usages.
- 52. There are some facilities that were proposed to be provided for this pond. Based on the DED, the standard requirement of this pond facility includes: one perimeter fence (including a gate) in order to secure the pond, one set of stairs and one inlet pipe.
- 53. The land has been confirmed as being public land that is owned by the commune and the commune chief has confirmed the agreement of the local authority witnessed by the village development committee for the utilization of the land for the construction of the community pond.

## c. Environmental features

- 54. The environmental characteristic of the site are as follows:
  - Vegetation: The proposed pond is surrounded by arable land on all sides and there will be no impact during the civil work.
  - Surface water: The pond is not located near to any significant water bodies such as permanent rivers or lakes.
  - Land use/agriculture: The land surrounding the site is arable and consists primarily of rice fields/paddy and grassland.
  - Receptors and Access: The subproject is situated in a public land which is an agricultural land and close to the village. No sensitive ecological, historical/cultural areas and/or protected areas were observed in or nearby the proposed subproject location. In addition, there are no sites within or around the subproject area where UXO has been identified.
- 55. There is an access road that can be accessed to the proposed subproject via an earthen road which is used by the villagers for their cropping activities.

#### d. Social characteristics

56. There are 257 households residing in Spean Chrey village and the total population is 1,221 with 614 women and approximately 5% of households are ranked as vulnerable. The number of ID poor households is 51 families and 36 FHHs. The proportion of the households in the better off category is 42% and the proportion of ID Poor 1 and ID Poor 2 are 5% and 21%, respectively. Most people were educated on the primary level (64%). Based on the commune data for 2023, 7% of the population are illiterate. The major

occupation of the villagers is farmer (94%), followed by businessperson (5%) and public worker (1%). Only 3% of the total population are migrant workers. The estimated number of households with latrine is 97%. The main water source for all households during the dry season is pumped water and none have access to pond water.

- 57. **Indigenous Peoples:** The commune authorities have confirmed that there are no indigenous peoples residing within this village.
  - e. Reconnaissance visits and public consultation meeting
- 58. There was a reconnaissance visit for the environmental and social screening including use of RESA checklists and preliminary climate risk screening conducted on 22 February 2024 by the SP3 together with the PMU team and an initial public consultation meeting also on 22 February 2024. A 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was conducted on 19 April 2024 with the villagers, village chief and commune chief at Spean Chrey village to discuss about the proposal for the construction of the proposed community pond for the benefit of the local community. During the meeting, information was provided on the detailed design of the proposed subproject and there was also an explanation on PIB and GRM that has been established for this subproject. At the end of the meeting a water use sharing agreement was prepared and signed by the representatives of the local authorities, monks, community and witnessed by the PDRD for this proposed new pond that can be accessed by all local residents.
  - f. Land acquisition
- 59. Based on the LARSC for this community pond the following was confirmed:
  - It was confirmed by the commune chief that this land is public land, that no persons can claim private ownership of the land and that the commune authorities and the village chief fully support the planned construction of the community pond.
  - The total area of the proposed community pond will be less than the land available and there is no loss of any agricultural land, crops, trees or other productive assets and no loss of income source or means of livelihood.
  - There will be no loss of access to natural resources, and the land use will not be impacted and there will be no restriction on access to the community pond by all local residents.
  - There are also no Project Affected Persons PAPs since there will be no displacement of any person as a result of the rehabilitation of the community pond.
  - > Thus, in the context of the ESMPF requirement for land acquisition and resettlement impact screening the subproject is fully compliant and there will be no impact on any households and thus no requirement for the preparation of an RP.
- 60. The **E&S categorization for this community pond will be Category B** due to minor disturbances during the civil works only.

## 4. SUMMARY OF EXISTING COMMUNITY POND SUBPROJECTS

- 4.1 Chrak Chambak community pond, Chup commune (TKM-CP003)
  - a. Site description for proposed community pond subproject
- 61. This is an existing pond which is public state land that is surrounded by agricultural land and is a low-lying area. Based on actual observation, this agricultural land comprised mostly of paddy fields and fallow land. There are few common trees that surrounds the pond which will not be affected by the proposed subproject. The proposed area has experienced of seasonal flash flood during rainy season and dries out during the dry season.
- 62. The pond was first dug a few years before the start of Pol Pot regime (1975). It was later excavated during mid 2000's. It is shallow and small which could only store a limited amount of water. The pond is currently being used by villagers in Chrak Chambak village for their daily needs. The rehabilitated pond will be used as the community's reserved storage for general usage including emergency situation, fire, irrigation, human consumption, and for animals alike.

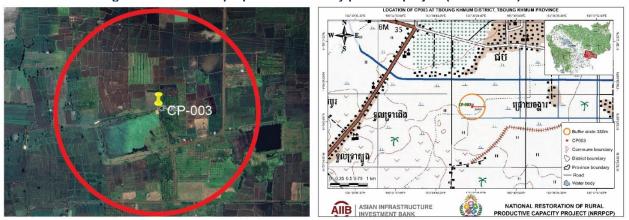


Figure 9: Location of proposed community pond subproject (TKM-CP003)

Figure 10: Photo of proposed community pond site (TKM-CP003)





- 63. The constructed pond will cover a total area of  $24,000 \text{ m}^2$  (200 m x 120 m) with a depth of 4.50 m and an estimated water volume of  $98,543.4 \text{ m}^3$ . The inlet pipe culvert with diameter of 0.6 m will be installed for the proposed subproject. The land for the construction of the proposed subproject is public land and there is an agreement for public use between the local authorities including representatives for the community. The land certificate was prepared and attached in this report.
- 64. Assuming each family has an average quota of up to 4.5 m³ per month per household for domestic, the estimated 391 beneficiary households will require about 1,759.5 m³ per month, and this can be more than satisfied during the four to five-month period of dry season given the pond capacity of 98,543.4 m³. The remaining water in the pond reservoir can be used for other purposes, including irrigation of home gardens and livestock raising. The community pond will provide a supplementary water source within the village for general use but will not be suitable for drinking water without boiling and/or filtering.
  - b. Community pond design and land requirements
- 65. The community pond will be constructed following the MRD standard design for ordinary community ponds. The slope is fixed at 1:1.50 and the embankments will be constructed 1.50 m height with a base width of four meters and a top width of one meter This will remain as an unlined earth pond, but the pond embankments will be stabilized through the use of nature-based solutions and indigenous materials.
- 66. There are some facilities that are proposed to be provided for this pond. Based on the DED, the standard requirement of this pond facility comprises; one perimeter fence (including a gate) in order to secure the pond, two stairs and two inlet pipes.
- 67. The land has been confirmed as being public land that is owned by the commune and the commune chief has confirmed the agreement of the local authority witnessed by the village development committee

for the utilization of the land for the construction of the community pond.

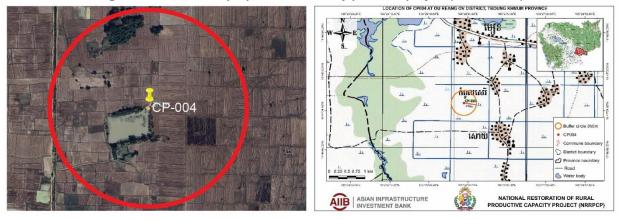
- c. Environmental features
- 68. The environmental characteristic of the site are as follows:
  - Vegetation: The existing pond is surrounded by some trees growing around the pond area, some of which will need to be removed but they are of no economic value.
  - Surface water: The pond is not located near to any significant water bodies such as permanent rivers or lakes.
  - **Land use/agriculture:** The land surrounding the site is arable and consists primarily of plantation land.
  - Receptors and Access: The subproject is situated in a public land which is an agricultural land and close to the village. No sensitive ecological, historical/cultural areas and/or protected areas were observed in or nearby the proposed subproject location. In addition, there are no sites within or around the subproject area where UXO has been identified.
- 69. There is an access road that can be accessed to the proposed subproject via a laterite road which is used by the villagers for their cropping activities.
  - d. Social characteristics
- 70. There are 391 households residing in Chrak Chambak village and the total population is 1,921 with 948 women and approximately 16% of households are ranked as vulnerable. The number of ID poor households is 59 families and 43 FHHs. The proportion of the households in the better off category is 38% and the proportion of ID Poor 1 and ID Poor 2 are 11% and 9%, respectively. Most people were educated on the primary level (39%) and 11% of the population entered the University. Based on the commune data for 2023, approximately 1% are illiterate. The major occupation of the villagers is farmer (64%), followed by businessperson (24%), employees (9%) and public worker (4%). 13% of the total population are migrant workers. The estimated number of households with latrine is 62%. The main water source for all households during the dry season is pumped water and very few have access to pond water.
- 71. **Indigenous Peoples:** The commune authorities have confirmed that there are no Indigenous peoples residing within this village.
  - e. Reconnaissance visits and public consultation meeting
- 72. There was a reconnaissance visit for the environmental and social screening including use of RESA checklists and preliminary climate risk screening conducted on 21 February 2024 by the SP3 together with the PMU team and an initial public consultation meeting also on 21 February 2024. A 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was conducted on 18 April 2024 with the villagers, village chief and commune chief at Chrak Chambak village to discuss about the proposal for the rehabilitation of the proposed community pond for the benefit of the local community. During the meeting, information was provided on the detailed design of the proposed subproject and there was also an explanation on PIB and GRM that has been established for this subproject. At the end of the meeting a water use sharing agreement was prepared and signed by the representatives of the local authorities, monks, community and witnessed by the PDRD for this proposed new pond that can be accessed by all local residents.
  - f. Land acquisition
- 73. Based on the LARSC for this community pond the following was confirmed:
  - It was confirmed by the commune chief that this land is public land, that no persons can claim private ownership of the land and that the commune authorities and the village chief fully support the planned rehabilitation of the community pond.
  - The total area of the proposed community pond will be less than the land available and there is no loss of any agricultural land, crops, trees or other productive assets and no loss of income source or means of livelihood.
  - There will be no loss of access to natural resources, and the land use will not be impacted and there will be no restriction on access to the community pond by all local residents.
  - > There are also no Project Affected Persons PAPs since there will be no displacement of any person as a result of the rehabilitation of the community pond.

- Thus, in the context of the ESMPF requirement for land acquisition and resettlement impact screening the subproject is fully compliant and there will be no impact on any households and thus no requirement for the preparation of an RP.
- 74. The **E&S categorization for this community pond will be Category B** due to minor disturbances during the civil works only.

## 4.2 Kampul Serei community pond, Mien commune (TKM-CP004)

- a. Site description for proposed community pond subproject
- 75. This is an existing pond which is located in the low-land area of the community land and surrounded by agricultural land. It has scattered shrubs and a few small trees nearby.

Figure 31: Location of proposed community pond subproject (TKM-CP004)



- 76. The existing pond was first dug in 1973. Since then, it has never been rehabilitated. The pond is being used by the villagers in Kampul Serei village mainly for irrigation and animal feeding with little use for daily needs.
- 77. The constructed pond will cover a total area of  $15,000 \text{ m}^2$  ( $150 \text{ m} \times 100 \text{ m}$ ) with a depth of 4.0 m and an estimated water volume  $54,187.6 \text{ m}^3$ . The inlet pipe culvert with diameter of 0.6 m will be installed for the proposed subproject. The land for the construction of the proposed subproject is public land and there is an agreement for public use between the local authorities including representatives for the community. The land certificate was prepared and attached in this report.

Figure 14: Photo of proposed community pond site (TKM-CP004)





78. Assuming each family has an average quota of up to 4.5 m³ per month per household for domestic, the estimated 236 beneficiary households will require about 1,062 m³ per month, and this can be more than

satisfied during the four to five-month period of dry season given the pond capacity of 54,187.6 m<sup>3</sup>. The remaining water in the pond reservoir can be used for other purposes, including irrigation of home gardens and livestock raising. The community pond will provide a supplementary water source within the village for general use but will not be suitable for drinking water without boiling and/or filtering.

## b. Community pond design and land requirements

- 79. The community pond will be constructed following the MRD standard design for ordinary community ponds. The slope is fixed at 1:1.50 and the embankments will be constructed 1.0 m height with a base width of four meters and a top width of one meter. This will remain as an unlined earth pond, but the pond embankments will be stabilized through the use of nature-based solutions and indigenous materials. With the proposed rehabilitation of the pond, the community expects to have a reserve water storage for emergency uses and a secured water source for human consumption during dry season with excess water for irrigation and animal feeding as well.
- 80. There are some facilities that are proposed to be provided for this pond. Based on the DED, the standard requirement of this pond comprises one perimeter fence (including a gate) in order to secure the pond, one set of stairs and one inlet pipe.
- 81. The land has been confirmed as being public land that is owned by the commune and the commune chief has confirmed the agreement of the local authority witnessed by the village development committee for the utilization of the land for the construction of the community pond.

#### c. Environmental features

- 82. The environmental characteristic of the site are as follows:
  - > **Vegetation**: Some trees are located around the existing pond, and they will be removed but they have no no economic value.
  - Surface water: The pond is not located near to any significant water bodies such as permanent rivers or lakes.
  - > Land use/agriculture: The land surrounding the site is arable and consists primarily of plantation land.
  - Receptors and Access: The subproject is situated in public land which is agricultural land. No sensitive ecological, historical/cultural areas and/or protected areas were observed in or nearby the proposed subproject location. In addition, there are no sites within or around the subproject area where UXO has been identified.
- 83. There is an access road that can be accessed to the proposed subproject via a laterite road with fair condition which is used by the villagers for their cropping activities.

#### d. Social characteristics

- 84. There are 236 households residing in Kampul Serei village and the total population is 1,473 with 789 women and approximately 3% of households are ranked as vulnerable. The number of ID poor households is 19 families and 37 female headed households (FHHs). The proportion of the households in the better off category is 32% and the proportion of ID Poor 1 and ID Poor 2 are 10% and 10%, respectively. Most people were educated on the primary level (63%) and 2% of the population entered the University. Based on the commune data for 2023, less than 1% are illiterate. The main occupation of the villagers is farmer (72%), followed by employees (27%), Business (less than 1%) and public worker (less than 1%). 16% of the total population are migrant workers. The estimated number of households with latrine is 81%. The main water source for all households during the dry season is pumped water and very few have access to pond water.
- 85. **Indigenous Peoples:** The commune authorities have confirmed that there are no Indigenous peoples residing within this village.
  - e. Reconnaissance visits and public consultation meeting
- 86. There was a reconnaissance visit for the environmental and social screening including use of RESA checklists and preliminary climate risk screening conducted on 20 February 2024 by the SP3 together with the PMU team and an initial public consultation meeting also on 20 February 2024. A 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation

meeting was conducted on 18 April 2024 with the villagers, village chief and commune chief at Kampul Serei village to discuss about the proposal for the rehabilitation of the proposed community pond for the benefit of the local community. During the meeting, information was provided on the detailed design of the proposed subproject and there was also an explanation on PIB and GRM that has been established for this subproject. At the end of the meeting a water use sharing agreement was prepared and signed by the representatives of the local authorities, monks, community and witnessed by the PDRD for this proposed new pond that can be accessed by all local residents.

#### f. Land acquisition

- 87. Based on the LARSC for this community pond the following was confirmed:
  - It was confirmed by the commune chief that this land is public land, that no persons can claim private ownership of the land and that the commune authorities and the village chief fully support the planned rehabilitation of the community pond.
  - The total area of the proposed community pond will be less than the land available and there is no loss of any agricultural land, crops, trees or other productive assets and no loss of income source or means of livelihood.
  - There will be no loss of access to natural resources, and the land use will not be impacted and there will be no restriction on access to the community pond by all local residents.
  - There are also no Project Affected Persons PAPs since there will be no displacement of any person as a result of the rehabilitation of the community pond.
  - Thus, in the context of the ESMPF requirement for land acquisition and resettlement impact screening the subproject is fully compliant and there will be no impact on any households and thus no requirement for the preparation of an RP.
- 88. The **E&S categorization for this community pond will be Category B** due to minor disturbances during the civil works only.

#### 4.3 Boeng Phtil community pond, Tuol Souphi commune (TKM-CP005)

- a. Site description for proposed community pond subproject
- 89. This is an existing pond that is to be rehabilitated is located in the low-land area. It is located on community land wherein it is close to the village. The pond was first dug during Pol Pot regime and used as water storage for nearby villagers. It is currently being used by the villagers in Boeng Phtil village mainly for irrigation and animal use.

Figure 53: Location of proposed community pond subproject (TKM-CP005)





90.





- The constructed pond will cover a total area of 6.800 m<sup>2</sup> (85 m x 80 m) with a depth of 3.5 m and an estimated water volume 20,637.7 m<sup>3</sup>. The inlet pipe culvert with diameter of 0.6 m will be installed for the proposed subproject. The land for the construction of the proposed subproject is public land and there is an agreement for public use between the local authorities including representatives for the community.
- Assuming each family has an average quota of up to 4.5 m<sup>3</sup> per month per household for domestic. the estimated 261 beneficiary households will require about 1,174.5 m³ per month, and this can be more than satisfied during the four to five-month period of dry season given the pond capacity of 20,637.7 m<sup>3</sup>. The remaining water in the pond reservoir can be used for other purposes, including irrigation of home gardens and livestock raising. The community pond will provide a supplementary water source within the village for general use but will not be suitable for drinking water without boiling and/or filtering.

## b. Community pond design and land requirements

The land certificate was prepared and attached in this report.

- The community pond will be constructed following the MRD standard design for ordinary community ponds. The slope is fixed at 1:1.50 and the embankments will be constructed 1.50 m height with a base width of four meters and a top width of one meter. This will remain as an unlined earth pond, but the pond embankments will be stabilized through the use of nature-based solutions and indigenous materials. Upon rehabilitation of the existing pond, the community expects to have a reserve water storage for emergency uses and a secure water source for human consumption during dry season with excess water for irrigation and animal feeding as well.
- There are a few facilities that proposed to be provided for this pond. Based on the DED, the standard requirement of this pond comprises; one perimeter fence (including a gate) in order to secure the pond, one set of stairs and one inlet pipe.
- The land has been confirmed as being public land that is owned by the commune and the commune chief has confirmed the agreement of the local authority witnessed by the village development committee for the utilization of the land for the construction of the community pond.

#### c. Environmental features

- 95. The environmental characteristic of the site are as follows:
  - $\triangleright$ Vegetation: The land is close to the village with some trees on the existing embankment. There will not be any impact during civil work since the land around the pond is large enough to move the heavy machines.
  - Surface water: The pond is not located near to any significant water bodies such as permanent rivers or
  - Land use/Agriculture: The land surrounding the site is arable and consists primarily of agricultural land as well as some residential plots of land. There is no impact due to the land of the existing pond is large

- which can expand it without any issues.
- Receptors and Access: The pond site is located around 10 meters from the accessible laterite road, which provides an easy route for users. Within this subproject area, there are no ecological or any culturally sensitive areas which may be impaired during the construction phase. As reported by the local authority, there is no concern for UXO/Landmines in the area.
  - d. Social characteristics
- 96. There are 261 households residing in Boeng Phtil village and the total population is 1,061 with 540 women and approximately 2% of households are ranked as vulnerable. The number of ID poor households is 88 families and 36 FHHs. The proportion of the households in the better off category is 34% and the proportion of ID Poor 1 and ID Poor 2 are 2% and 5%, respectively. Most people were educated on the primary level (76%). Based on the commune data for 2023, approximately 2% are illiterate. The major occupation of the villagers is farmer (93%), businessperson (4%) and employees (2%). Only 16% of the total population are migrant workers. The estimated number of households with latrine is 56%. The main water source for all households during the dry season is pumped water and very few have access to pond water.
- 97. **Indigenous Peoples:** The commune authorities have confirmed that there are no Indigenous peoples residing within this village.
  - e. Reconnaissance visits and public consultation meeting
- 98. There was a reconnaissance visit for the environmental and social screening including use of RESA checklists and preliminary climate risk screening conducted on 21 February 2024 by the SP3 together with the PMU team and an initial public consultation meeting also on 21 February 2024. A 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was conducted on 18 April 2024 with the villagers, village chief at Boeng Phtil village to discuss the proposal for the rehabilitation of the proposed community pond for the benefit of the local community. During the meeting, information was provided on the detailed design of the proposed subproject and there was also an explanation on PIB and GRM that has been established for this subproject. At the end of the meeting a water use sharing agreement was prepared and signed by the representatives of the local authorities, monks, community and witnessed by the PDRD for this proposed new pond that can be accessed by all local residents.
  - f. Land acquisition
- 99. Based on the LARSC for this community pond the following was confirmed:
  - It was confirmed by the commune chief that this land is public land, that no persons can claim private ownership of the land and that the commune authorities and the village chief fully support the planned rehabilitation of the community pond.
  - The total area of the proposed community pond will be less than the land available and there is no loss of any agricultural land, crops, trees or other productive assets and no loss of income source or means of livelihood.
  - There will be no loss of access to natural resources, and the land use will not be impacted and there will be no restriction on access to the community pond by all local residents.
  - There are also no Project Affected Persons PAPs since there will be no displacement of any person as a result of the rehabilitation of the community pond.
  - Thus, in the context of the ESMPF requirement for land acquisition and resettlement impact screening the subproject is fully compliant and there will be no impact on any households and thus no requirement for the preparation of an RP.
- 100. The **E&S categorization for this community pond will be Category B** due to minor disturbances during the civil works only.

#### 4.4 Ta Ni community pond, Dountei commune (TKM-CP008)

- a. Site description for proposed community pond subproject
- 101. This is an existing pond located on a public land. It is in the low-land area of the community land where it is close to the village. There are no environmentally sensitive areas (environmental protected area, biodiversity sensitive area, estuarine, etc.) in the project location. Likewise, there are no historical/cultural

heritage found in this area. The pond was first excavated in 2013. Since then, there has never been rehabilitated. The pond is being used by the villagers in Ta Ni village mainly for irrigation, animal use and also use for daily needs for a few nearby households.

- 102. The constructed pond will cover a total area of  $9,000 \text{ m}^2$  ( $100 \text{ m} \times 90 \text{ m}$ ) with a depth of 4.0 meters and an estimated water volume  $31,631.7 \text{ m}^3$ . The inlet pipe culvert with diameter of 0.6 m will be installed for the proposed subproject. The land for the construction of the proposed subproject is public land and there is an agreement for public use between the local authorities including representatives for the community. The land certificate was prepared and attached in this report.
- 103. Assuming each family has an average quota of up to 4.5 m³ per month per household for domestic, the estimated 127 beneficiary households will require about 571.5 m³ per month, and this can be more than satisfied during the four to five-month period of dry season given the pond capacity of 31,631.7 m³. The remaining water in the pond reservoir can be used for other purposes, including irrigation of home gardens and livestock raising. The community pond will provide a supplementary water source within the village for general use but will not be suitable for drinking water without boiling and/or filtering.

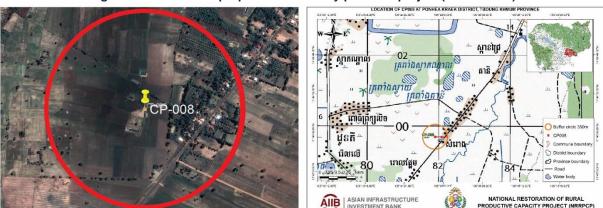


Figure 65: Location of proposed community pond subproject (TKM-CP008)







## b. Community pond design and land requirements

104. The community pond will be constructed following the MRD standard design for ordinary community ponds. The slope is fixed at 1:1.50 and the embankments will be constructed 1.0 m height with a base width of four meters and a top width of one meter. This will remain as an unlined earth pond, but the pond embankments will be stabilized through the use of nature-based solutions and indigenous materials. With the rehabilitation of the pond, the community expects to have a reserve water storage for emergency uses

and a secure water source for human consumption during dry season with excess water for irrigation and animal feeding as well.

- 105. There are some facilities that are proposed to be provided for this pond. Based on the DED, the standard requirement for this pond is; one perimeter fence (including a gate) in order to secure the pond, one set of stairs and one inlet pipe.
- 106. The land has been confirmed as being public land that is owned by the commune and the commune chief has confirmed the agreement of the local authority witnessed by the village development committee for the utilization of the land for the construction of the community pond.
  - c. Environmental features
- 107. The environmental characteristic of the site are as follows:
  - **Vegetation**: The existing pond is surrounded by rice fields.
  - > Surface water: The pond is not located near any significant water bodies such as permanent rivers or lakes.
  - > Land use/agriculture: The land surrounding the site is arable and consists primarily of agricultural land.
  - Receptors and Access: The subproject is situated in public land which is an agricultural land. No sensitive ecological, historical/cultural areas and/or protected areas were observed in or nearby the proposed subproject location. In addition, there are no sites within or around the subproject area where UXO has been identified.
- 108. There is a provincial road lying approximately 180 meters away from the proposed subproject. There is a dirt road which is used by the villagers to access the pond.
  - d. Social characteristics
- 109. There are 127 households residing in Ta Ni village and the total population is 459 with 222 women and approximately 2% of household are ranked as vulnerable. The number of ID poor households is 29 families and 34 FHHs. The proportion of the households in the better off category is 20% and the proportion of ID Poor 1 and ID Poor 2 are 7% and 11%, respectively. Most people were educated on the primary level (37%) and secondary level (26%). Based on the commune data for 2023, nobody in this village were illiterate. The major occupation of the villagers is farmer (83%), followed by businessperson (12%) and employees (8%). 14% of the total population are migrant workers. The estimated number of households with latrine is 58%. The main water source for all households during the dry season is pumped water and very few have access to pond water.
- 110. **Indigenous Peoples:** The commune authorities have confirmed that there are no Indigenous peoples residing within this village.
  - e. Reconnaissance visits and public consultation meeting
- 111. There was a reconnaissance visit for the environmental and social screening including use of RESA checklists and preliminary climate risk screening conducted on 22 February 2024 by the SP3 together with the PMU team and an initial public consultation meeting also on 22 February 2024. A public consultation meeting was conducted on 19 April 2024 with the villagers, village chief at Ta Ni village to discuss about the proposal for the rehabilitation of the proposed community pond for the benefit of the local community. During the meeting, information was provided on the detailed design of the proposed subproject and there was also an explanation on PIB and GRM that has been established for this subproject. At the end of the meeting a water use sharing agreement was prepared and signed by the representatives of the local authorities, monks, community and witnessed by the PDRD for this proposed new pond that can be accessed by all local residents.
  - f. Land acquisition
- 112. Based on the LARSC for this community pond the following was confirmed:
  - It was confirmed by the commune chief that this land is public land, that no persons can claim private ownership of the land and that the commune authorities and the village chief fully support the planned rehabilitation of the community pond.

- The total area of the proposed community pond will be less than the land available and there is no loss of any agricultural land, crops, trees or other productive assets and no loss of income source or means of livelihood.
- There will be no loss of access to natural resources, and the land use will not be impacted and there will be no restriction on access to the community pond by all local residents.
- There are also no Project Affected Persons PAPs since there will be no displacement of any person as a result of the rehabilitation of the community pond.
- Thus, in the context of the ESMPF requirement for land acquisition and resettlement impact screening the subproject is fully compliant and there will be no impact on any households and thus no requirement for the preparation of an RP.

The E&S categorization for this community pond will be Category B due to minor disturbances during the civil works only.

## 4.5 Prey Tumnob community pond, Dountei commune (TKM-CP009)

- a. Site description for proposed community pond subproject
- 113. This is an existing pond located on a public land. It is in the low-land area of the community land where it is surrounded by agricultural land. The proposed project site does not contain any environmentally sensitive areas, such as estuaries, biodiversity sensitive areas, or environmental protected areas. There are a few palm trees and scattered bushes/shrubs growing on the existing pond dyke, which may be impacted during the construction activities.

Figure 77: Location of proposed community pond subproject (TKM -CP009)

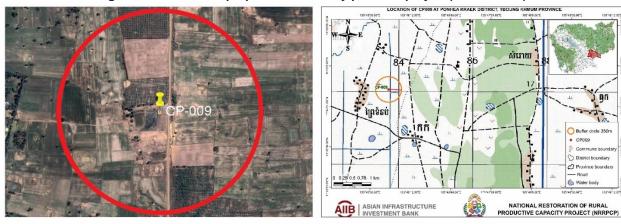


Figure 18: Photo of proposed community pond site (TKM-CP009)





114. The pond was first dug during Pol Pot regime as a local water storage (1979). Since then, there has never been rehabilitation work on the pond. The pond is being used by the villagers in Prey Tumnob village for irrigation, animal use and also use for daily needs for a few nearby households.

- 115. The constructed pond will cover a total area of 6,800 m² (85 m x 80 m) with a depth of 3.0 m and an estimated water volume of 18,253.5 m³. The inlet pipe culvert with diameter of 0.6 m will be installed for the proposed subproject. The land for the construction of the proposed subproject is public land and there is an agreement for public use between the local authorities including representatives for the community. The land certificate was prepared and attached in this report.
- 116. Assuming each family has an average quota of up to 4.5 m³ per month per household for domestic, the estimated 268 beneficiary households will require about 1,206 m³ per month, and this can be more than satisfied during the four to five-month period of dry season given the pond capacity of 18,253.5 m³. The remaining water in the pond reservoir can be used for other purposes, including irrigation of home gardens and livestock raising. The community pond will provide a supplementary water source within the village for general use but will not be suitable for drinking water without boiling and/or filtering.

## b. Community pond design and land requirements

- 117. The community pond will be constructed following the MRD standard design for ordinary community ponds. The slope is fixed at 1:1.50 and the embankments will be constructed 1.0 m height with a base width of 4.0 m and a top width of 1.0 m. This will remain as an unlined earth pond, but the pond embankments will be stabilized through the use of nature-based solutions and indigenous materials. With the rehabilitation of the pond, the community expect to have a better reserve water storage for emergency uses and a secure water source for human consumption during dry season with excess water for irrigation and animal feeding as well.
- 118. There are facilities proposed for this pond. Based on the DED, the standard requirement of this pond includes one perimeter fence (equipped with a gate) in order to secure the pond, stairs and inlet pipe culvert.
- 119. The land has been confirmed as being public land that is owned by the commune and the commune chief has confirmed the agreement of the local authority witnessed by the village development committee for the utilization of the land for the construction of the community pond.
  - c. Environmental features
- 120. The environmental characteristic of the site are as follows:
  - > **Vegetation**: The existing pond is surrounded by arable land on all sides with a number of palm trees and shrubs and there will be no impact during the civil work.
  - Surface water: The pond is not located near any significant water bodies such as permanent rivers or lakes
  - **Land use/agriculture:** The land surrounding the site is arable and consists primarily of rice fields/paddy.
  - Receptors and Access: The subproject is situated in public land which is an agricultural land. No sensitive ecological, historical/cultural areas and/or protected areas were observed in or nearby the proposed subproject location. In addition, there are no sites within or around the subproject area where UXO has been identified.
- 121. There is an earth road which is used by the villagers to access the pond.

#### d. Social characteristics

- 122. There are 268 households residing in Prey Tumnob village and the total population is 1,023 with 268 women and less than 1% of households is ranked as vulnerable. The number of ID poor households is 32 families and 36 FHHs. The proportion of the households in the better off category is 43% and the proportion of ID Poor 1 and ID Poor 2 are 7% and 11%, respectively. Most people were educated on the primary level (72%) and 4% of the population entered the University. Based on the commune data for 2023, there are only 1% illiterate in this village. The major occupation of the villagers is farmer (82%), followed by public worker (12%), businessperson (3%) and employees (2%). 8% of the total population are migrant workers. The estimated number of households with latrine is 95%. The main water source for all households during the dry season is pumped water and very few have access to pond water.
- 123. Indigenous Peoples: The commune authorities have confirmed that there are no Indigenous

peoples residing within this village.

- e. Reconnaissance visits and public consultation meeting
- 124. There was a reconnaissance visit for the environmental and social screening including use of RESA checklists and preliminary climate risk screening conducted on 22 February 2024 by the SP3 together with the PMU team and an initial public consultation meeting also on 22 February, 2024. A 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was conducted on 19 April 2024 with the villagers, village chief at Prey Tumnob village to discuss the proposal for the rehabilitation of the proposed community pond for the benefit of the local community. During the meeting, information was provided on the detailed design of the proposed subproject and there was also an explanation on PIB and GRM that has been established for this subproject. At the end of the meeting a water use sharing agreement was prepared and signed by the representatives of the local authorities, monks, community and witnessed by the PDRD for this proposed new pond that can be accessed by all local residents.

## f. Land acquisition

- 125. Based on the LARSC for this community pond the following was confirmed:
  - It was confirmed by the commune chief that this land is public land, that no persons can claim private ownership of the land and that the commune authorities and the village chief fully support the planned rehabilitation of the community pond.
  - > The total area of the proposed community pond will be less than the land available and there is no loss of any agricultural land, crops, trees or other productive assets and no loss of income source or means of livelihood.
  - There will be no loss of access to natural resources, and the land use will not be impacted and there will be no restriction on access to the community pond by all local residents.
  - > There are also no Project Affected Persons PAPs since there will be no displacement of any person as a result of the rehabilitation of the community pond.
  - Thus, in the context of the ESMPF requirement for land acquisition and resettlement impact screening the subproject is fully compliant and there will be no impact on any households and thus no requirement for the preparation of an RP.

The E&S categorization for this community pond will be Category B due to minor disturbances during the civil works only.

#### 5. CROSS CUTTING ISSUES

126. The following considerations are common to all of the 9 community ponds in Tboung Khmum province.

## 5.1 Migration

- 127. Based on the commune census 2022 for 9 target villages of the subprojects in Tboung Khmum province, 12% of the total populations are migrants. Although the COVID-19 pandemic has been receding in Cambodia the recovery of loss employment opportunities has been slower than expected and the resumption of migratory work has been delated. This is having continuing impacts on the livelihoods of the rural communities. In recent years there has been a reliance on the income generated by economic migration in search of better work and income opportunities.
- 128. On the other hand, there are not many migrants in the remote areas as the sites of the some of the proposed subprojects. The local communities have lost their job opportunity as well since there have been no tourists visiting the ecotourism sites during the COVID-19 pandemic.

## 5.2 COVID-19 impacts

- 129. The baseline survey conducted in Tboung Khmum province recorded that 64% of households had experienced a decrease in incomes with the main impact being caused by the reduced demand for goods and services with fewer buyers for their products as well as the impact of the closure of public markets and other selling places where they normally sold for their products.
- 130. To prevent further transmission of CoVID-19, WASH awareness raising will be conducted in each

village in order to increase numbers of households that will have basic handwashing facilities with soap and water at home which is scheduled to be implemented during the implementation of the construction phase. Awareness of the importance of washing hands with soap has increased since the CoVID-19 pandemic and ownership of handwashing facilities with the presence of water and soap is crucial for handwashing practice.

#### 5.3 Gender and decision making

131. Although Cambodian society is not matriarchal the women in rural households play a critical role in decision making particularly in relation to the family finances. They are actively engaged in the production of agricultural products but tend to specialize in activities such as small-scale backyard livestock production as well as basic processing of the products before sale. They also play a key role in the sales and marketing of products in local markets. They are well empowered in the decision-making processes within the household particularly related to expenditure. Lack of basic water, sanitation and hygiene services creates a burden for HHs, and this falls disproportionately on women as they are mostly responsible for meeting the demand of household members for these services.

#### 5.4 Indigenous peoples

132. There are no Indigenous People (IPs) or ethnic minorities residing any of the villages where the community ponds will be constructed.

## 6. ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

## 6.1 Rapid Environmental and Social Screening Assessment

- 133. The Generic Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) including the risk and prevention of COVID-19, Health and Safety Plan had been developed to cover these impacts and to advise on the prevention of any unforeseen events. The ESMP will be included in the bidding and contract documents for the lots, to ensure the awarded contractor understands and is aware of the requirements before a bid is submitted.
- 134. The PMU/Environment and Social Management Unit (ESMU) together with Environmental and Social Specialists will undertake site visits to ensure compliance with the ESMP and any complaints will be followed up and where necessary the GRM will be used to address Project related environmental or social issues.

#### 6.2 Climate Risk Screening

- 135. A Climate Screening Risk Assessment (CSRA) has been completed for these community pond subprojects. In Cambodia, seasonal variability in rainfall patterns is expected to increase, resulting in more intense rainfall during the wet season and the possibility of more severe droughts during the dry season.
- 136. Given the timescale for significant climate change, it will not have any significant impact on the subprojects, but it is recommended that all construction should commence before the onset of the rainy season.<sup>6</sup>

#### 6.3 Environmental and Social Categorization

137. All of the 9 community pond subprojects have been placed under Category B for environment and social impacts. There will be minor temporary environmental impacts during the civil work, also there is no land acquisition required and there are no identified negative social impacts. Therefore, the Project ESMP can be applied. This document describes the mitigation procedures for all perceived potential impacts of the construction of these community ponds and will be appended to the contract that is awarded and must be adhered to by the contractor. The contractor will be required to prepare a Contractor's Environmental and Social Management Plan (CESMP) and submit monthly reports to the PIU and SP3 on the level of compliance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See Annex 7 for Preliminary Climate Risk Screening Checklist for all community pond subprojects.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See Annex 10 for the Environmental and Social Code of Practice and Annex 11 for the Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan.

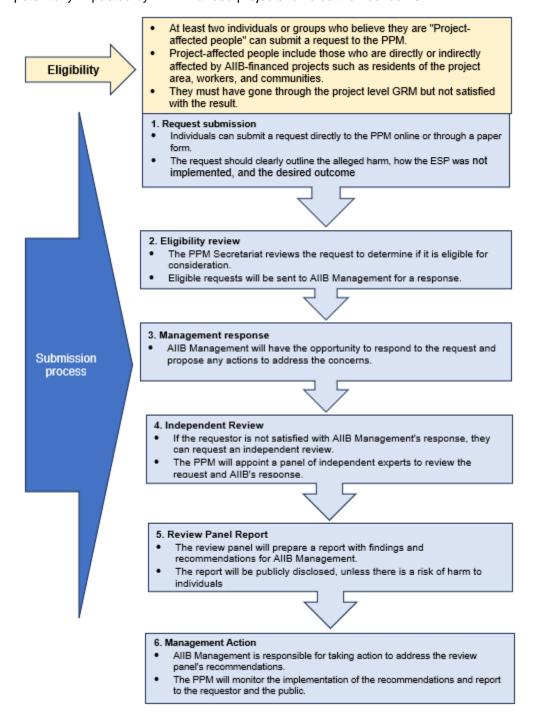
#### 6.4 Grievance Redress Mechanism

- 138. The Project has developed a GRM that enables concerns to be promptly resolved, using an understandable process that is culturally appropriate and readily accessible at no cost to all PAPs. A grievance can be submitted if any AP(s) believe(s) the subproject is having a detrimental impact on them as a result of land acquisition impacts. For the interests of all parties concerned, the GRM is designed with the objective of solving disputes in the shortest time possible. There are four steps within the GRM corresponding to commune/village, district, provincial and national levels. The GRM is explained to the local authorities and community members during the public consultation meetings and is included in the PIB for each subproject including the contact details for each level.
- 139. The steps described are summarized below:
  - a) Level 1. The first level of complaint resolution, following the traditional methods in Cambodia, involved problem solving at the village/commune level at which a solution can be sought amicably on the spot without the need for lodging a formal complaint. A PAP will present their complaints and grievances verbally or in writing to the village chief and/or commune chief. The receiving agent will be obliged to provide immediate written confirmation of receiving the complaint. If after 15 days the aggrieved PAP does not hear from the village and commune chief or if he/she is not satisfied with the decision taken in the first stage, the complaint may be broughtto the District Governor's Office.
  - b) Level 2: In cases where grievances cannot be resolved through problem solving at the commune/village level, complaints/grievances can be filed with the District Governor's office at the second level. The District Governor's Office will record the grievance and off a solution within 15 days to resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of all concerned. If the complaint cannot be solved at this stage, the District Office will bring the case to the Provincial Resettlement Sub- Committee (PRSC).
  - c) Level 3: The PRSC meets with the aggrieved party and tries to resolve the situation. The Committee may ask for a review of the DMS by the provincial Department of Land Management, Urban Planning, Construction and Cadastral (DLMUPCC). Within 30 days of the submission of the grievance, the PRSC must make a written decision and submit copies to the MRD/PMU and the AP(s).
  - d) Level 4: If the aggrieved AP does not hear from the PRSC or is not satisfied, s/he can bring thecase to Provincial Court. This is the final stage for adjudicating complaints. The Court will make a written decision and submit copies to the MRD/PMU, PDRD and the PAPs. If any party is still unsatisfied with the Provincial Court judgment, he or she can bring the case to a higher-level court.
- 140. The PRSC comprises of representatives from the relevant provincial authorities and Ministry of Economy and Finance (MEF) as follows:
  - Chair: Provincial Governor, or person appointed by the Provincial Governor
  - Vice Chair: Director of Provincial Department of Rural Development
  - Member: Director of Provincial Department of MEF
  - Member: Chief of Provincial Office of Law and Public Security
  - Member: District Governor
  - Member: Commune councilors
  - Member: One Representative of Local Based Civil Society Organization
- 141. There are no fees or charges levied on the PAP for the lodgments and processing of the complaints under the 1<sup>st</sup> to 3<sup>rd</sup> levels. However, as provided for in the Expropriation Law, the aggrieved AP can file a lawsuit at the Provincial/Municipal Courts, as applicable, to seek a resolution. Such actions will be at the cost of the AP. At this stage, there is no involvement of the General Department of Resettlement (GDR) or IRC-WG unless there is a judicial order from the competent courts.

### 6.5 People's Project Mechanism

142. As part of its strong commitment to responsible and sustainable development, the Asian

Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB) has established the Project-Affected People's Mechanism (PPM). This independent and impartial grievance redress mechanism empowers individuals and communities potentially impacted by AIIB-financed projects to voice their concerns.



143. The PPM serves as a vital platform for individuals and communities directly or indirectly affected by such projects, including residents, workers, and indigenous communities. It offers a clear avenue for addressing grievances arising from any perceived or potential non-compliance with the AIIB's Environmental and Social Policy (ESP). This includes situations where individuals have been denied access to information or meaningful consultation regarding a project, or where they are dissatisfied with the

outcomes of project-level grievance redress mechanisms.

- 144. By providing a transparent and accessible platform for addressing concerns, the AIIB PPM demonstrates the Bank's commitment to accountability and its dedication to ensuring that its projects contribute positively to the lives of affected communities while adhering to the highest environmental and social standards. This commitment fosters trust and collaboration between the AIIB, project stakeholders, and impacted communities, ultimately contributing to the successful implementation of sustainable infrastructure projects across Asia and beyond.
- 145. The AIIB PPM can be accessed through the AIIB website where there are instructions provided on how to lodge a complaint including an on-line application form.
- 146. How We Assist You Project-Affected People's Mechanism (aiib.org)

Managing Director,
Complaints-resolution, Evaluation and Integrity Unit
B-9 Financial St., Xicheng District, Beijing, China 100033
Tel: +86-10-8358-0187; Fax: +86-108358-0003

Email: ppm@aiib.org

147. Having difficulties with spoken English or internet access or computer illiteracy does not restrict the ability to utilize the AIIB PPM, and this mechanism is intended to be accessible to all those potentially impacted by AIIB-funded projects, regardless of linguistic or technological barriers. The AIIB offers multilingual support and translated materials in Khmer language are available through the PMU and PIUs, whilst local NGOs and community organizations, familiar with both your language and the Project impacts, can also assist and provide guidance through the PPM process as well as providing helpful information or internet access, possibly with interpretation assistance. Local communities are encouraged to seek such assistance where needed using alternative communications channels and relying on all available eternal guidance and explanatory materials.

### 7. ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES

### 7.1 Summary of all mitigation actions

- 148. Following the DED as well as the zone of impact/Col that was agreed to during the public consultations and the demarcation, it has been found that the proposed community pond subprojects will have some minor temporary impacts/disruption on residents' movements during the construction. The confirmed findings for these community pond subprojects are as follows:
  - Meaningful public consultation meetings have been completed with the local authorities in each villagewith village leaders and the residents who will benefit from the community pond rehabilitation/ construction.
  - b. The local commune authorities have confirmed that the site is commune owned and they have consented to the rehabilitation/construction of the community pond.
  - c. The rehabilitation of the community ponds will not require any additional land but there will be temporary use of one meter of land on each side of the external pond dimensions for the movement of equipmentand materials during the construction and this is within the agreed zone of impact/Col.
  - d. The construction of the four new community ponds (CP001, CP002, CP006 and CP007) will be on publicland within the commune and will not involve any resettlement or land acquisition.
  - e. The contractor will not use any other land outside of the agreed zone of impact/ Col but will use the existing access roads to the community pond sites.
  - All residents of these villages will benefit directly from the proposed community pond rehabilitation/constructions.
  - g. There were no impacts identified on vulnerable households and ID Poor households.
  - h. There has been no coercion of any households by the design team, and this has been

- verified by the village leaders.
- i. During the field visits and the public consultations, it was confirmed by the local authorities and consulted people that there are no IPs residing in these communes. These subprojects have all been classified as category B for environment and social safeguards based on the AIIB classification and the approved ESMPF, RPF and IPPF.
- j. The GRM has been established as described above and it has been explained to the beneficiaries/affected persons/households who participated during the public consultations. In addition, the PIB, which includes the GRM information and its steps, was also distributed to local authorities and all participants. A GRM logbook has been prepared and is available at each commune office for complaint registry and responses if any potential problems may occur during the construction.

### 7.2 Comparison with no subproject scenario

149. The existing community ponds are generally in poor condition with high levels of siltation and consequently reduced storage capacity during the dry season. If there is no action taken to improve these ponds they will continue to deteriorate and will have declining water storage capacity. The rehabilitation/construction of these ponds with appropriate climate risk reduction measures will result in community ponds that are more reliable and with good maintenance and improved management through the Water Sanitation User Groups (WSUGs) that are established they will bring lasting benefits inthe form of reliable water supplied during the dry season to the local residents.

## 7.3 Discussion of benefits to local community to offset against impacts

150. During the public consultation meetings, the residents have been provided with a clear explanation of the scope of the civil work and the possible temporary impacts that may occur during the construction period. They have agreed that these minor and temporary impacts are of little concern to them if the community pond can be upgraded since it will bring good benefits to them through improved water sources in the dry season. They are all aware of the GRM that has been established and the mechanism through which they can voice their complaints if there any other unexpected impacts on their land or assets or from the civil work.

## 8. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- 151. Internal monitoring must be performed regularly during the implementation of the subprojects, during the construction period. This monitoring will be performed by the PIU supported by the Supervision Engineers and Safeguards Specialists, who are a part of the Design and Construction Supervision Consultant Team for Community Ponds (SP3). The progress of the civil work will be reported in the Project Quarterly Progress Reports and the annual Safeguard Monitoring Reports that will be prepared by the PMU team. In addition, the annual safeguards monitoring report will include the result of the additional public consultation meeting that will be carried out immediately prior tocommencement of the civil work.
- 152. Measures must be taken to avoid disruption of villager's daily lives. The villagers must be informed in advance when works at specific locations are planned and whether some services or access will be temporarily affected. If any damage to private properties occurs during the construction period, the assets replacement-based compensation will be paid as per the national laws and regulations and AIIB ESP and the project ESMPF. The contractor must support the GRM process and ensure timely and effective resolution of grievances.
- 153. The awarded contractor will be responsible for reinstating any land that is used to access the subproject site during construction to the original condition and SP3 team will monitor the progress and report through safeguard monitoring reports. The SP3 team must ensure that private land, temporarily used for access to the sites, is restored and returned to the owner without any unnecessary delays. The PIU should closely monitor the construction process and shall ensure that if any impact is caused by the contractor during the civil work, this is reinstated by the contractor strictly in line with the entitlement matrix in the approved Project RPF at the full replacement cost. The PIU are responsible for updating the status of safeguard compliance in the semi-annual safeguard monitoring reports and will include all the relevant supporting documents (i.e. receipt of payments of any compensation made by contractor, full consultations conducted etc.,).

154. The SP3 and PIU should ensure that the subproject does not adversely impact any household during the civil work and will require the contractor to provide alternative access to water in case of temporaryrestricted access during construction as needed.

Annex 1: Socio-economic data for 9 villages in TKM province

Villages	Population	Male	Female	No. of HH	No. of FHH	Ave HH size	No. of vulnerable HH	non- Khmer (%)
Khsach Prachheh Kandal	1989	1076	913	385	74	5.17	53	0.00
Boeng Pruol Leu	568	269	299	129	25	4.40	12	0.00
Chrak Chambak	1921	973	948	391	43	4.91	33	0.00
Kampul Serei	1473	684	789	236	37	6.24	20	0.00
Boeng Phtil	1061	521	540	261	36	4.07	8	0.00
Sam Snae	740	362	378	174	14	4.25	0	0.00
Spean Chrey	1221	607	614	257	36	4.75	10	0.00
Ta Ni	459	237	222	127	34	3.61	3	0.00
Prey Tumnob	1023	495	528	268	36	3.82	1	0.00

Marital status (%)	Marital status (%) Couples		Widowers
Khsach Prachheh Kandal	Prachheh Kandal 91.00 7.00		2.00
Boeng Pruol Leu	69.00	12.00	19.00
Chrak Chambak	90.00	9.00	1.00
Kampul Serei	80.00	16.00	4.00
Boeng Phtil	84.00	15.00	1.00
Sam Snae	93.00	5.00	2.00
Spean Chrey	80.00	17.00	3.00
Ta Ni	83.00	14.00	3.00
Prey Tumnob	80.00	18.00	2.00

Education (%)	Illiterate	Literate	Primary	Secondary	High	University
Khsach Prachheh Kandal	3.82	96.18	63.47	21.98	12.38	2.17
Boeng Pruol Leu	0.00	100.00	44.80	15.84	22.62	16.74
Chrak Chambak	1.30	98.70	38.77	25.30	24.82	11.11
Kampul Serei	0.75	99.25	62.86	28.21	6.79	2.14
Boeng Phtil	1.98	98.02	76.06	22.54	1.41	0.00
Sam Snae	0.54	99.46	63.24	16.91	13.24	6.62
Spean Chrey	6.72	93.28	64.49	27.73	6.85	0.93
Ta Ni	0.00	100.00	37.06	25.87	20.28	16.78
Prey Tumnob	1.08	98.92	72.11	18.33	5.98	3.59

Occupation (%)	Farming	Employees	Business	Public sector	Health	Fishing
Khsach Prachheh Kandal	82.64	0.35	4.49	2.01	0.00	10.51
Boeng Pruol Leu	82.68	15.69	0.00	1.63	0.00	0.00
Chrak Chambak	63.66	8.63	23.97	3.74	0.00	0.00
Kampul Serei	71.96	27.50	0.41	0.14	0.00	0.00
Boeng Phtil	93.18	2.37	4.15	0.30	0.00	0.00
Sam Snae	97.80	0.00	0.00	2.20	0.00	0.00
Spean Chrey	93.71	0.00	4.90	1.40	0.00	0.00
Ta Ni	80.19	7.73	12.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
Prey Tumnob	81.67	2.25	3.22	12.22	0.64	0.00

Domestic Migration	% of population	% of men	% of women		% of population
Khsach Prachheh Kandal	17.04	10.36	6.69		7.69
Boeng Pruol Leu	12.32	6.69	5.63		1.94
Chrak Chambak	12.96	5.93	7.03		6.61
Kampul Serei	16.02	6.45	9.57	External migration	2.31
Boeng Phtil	15.55	8.48	7.07		7.45
Sam Snae	4.59	2.43	2.16		2.57
Spean Chrey	3.28	1.15	2.13		0.25
Ta Ni	13.51	8.28	5.23		3.49
Prey Tumnob	7.72	4.69	3.03		1.96

Water/Sanitation (%)	Potable water	Boiled/filtered water	Latrine	No latrine	
Khsach Prachheh Kandal	88.00	18.44	90.91	9.09	
Boeng Pruol Leu	89.00	11.63	100.00	0.00	
Chrak Chambak	89.00	35.04	61.64	38.36	
Kampul Serei	100.00	55.51	81.36	18.64	
Boeng Phtil	36.84	11.49	55.56	44.44	
Sam Snae	73.08	55.75	75.29	24.71	
Spean Chrey	66.46	9.73	97.28	2.72	
Ta Ni	65.16	68.50	58.27	41.73	
Prey Tumnob	81.91	52.99	95.15	4.85	

Poverty levels (%)	No. of IDPoor	Very poor	Poor	Medium	Better off
Khsach Prachheh Kandal	128	8.02	26.20	34.61	31.17
Boeng Pruol Leu	32	17.29	6.77	48.81	27.13
Chrak Chambak	42	11.11	9.18	41.60	38.11
Kampul Serei	130	9.64	9.64	48.93	31.78
Boeng Phtil	30	1.77	4.86	59.66	33.72
Sam Snae	18	2.03	4.05	20.93	72.99
Spean Chrey	49	4.79	21.28	31.52	42.41
Ta Ni	62	22.58	27.42	30.31	19.69
Prey Tumnob	78	6.52	11.01	39.19	43.28

#### **Annex 2: Certificates of the Land Sharing Agreements**

TKM-CP-001- Khsach Prachheh Kandal village, Krouch Chhmar commune (New Pond)



TKM-CP-002- Boeng Pruol Leu village, Boeng Pruol commune (New Pond)



### TKM-CP-006- Sam Snae village, Damril commune (New Pond)



## ព្រះព**សាសាធ**ន្តែងងគំ<sub>ស</sub>

Kingdom of Cambodia ជាតិ សាសនា ព្រះមហាក្សត្រ Nation Religion King



## សិទិតមណ្ឌាអំពីតាំទង្គ្រោចសាចសច់ម្តស្តារឡើចនិញ្ចស្រះសមាគមន៍បួនដល់អម្រោចពទ្រឹចសមត្ថភាពនលិតគោពបានមធ (Letter to certify the proposed construction or restoration of community pond for NRRPCP)

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181 We, the chief of commune councilor to deeming certify that, the proposed community pond, is located in: กุษี/Village กับขึ้น

ពិតជាទីតាំងទំនេជោដីរបស់សហគមន៍សម្រាប់សាងសង់/ស្ដាល្បើងវិញនូវស្រះទឹកសហគមន៍របស់គម្រោងពង្រឹងសមត្ថភាពផលិតភាពជនបទ /is vacant land of community for community pond construction or restoration for NRRPCP.

ទំហំទីតាំង External size of community pond	ដីធ្លី ទំហំ (ម <sup>២</sup> -ម៉ែត្រខ្សែ) Land sizes m²/lm	ចំនួនដើមឈើ Number of Trees	រចនាសម្ព័ន្ធផ្សេងៗ Other Infrastructure	
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(ឈ្មោះ និងស្នាមមេដៃ ) Name and thumb prints

គណកម្មជិការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍ភូមិទី២/Village development committee No.2: 🗪 🔊 💍

(ឈ្មោះ និងស្វាមមេដៃ) Name and thumb prints

គណកម្មជិការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍ភូមិទី៣/Village development committee No.3: 📆 🛪 🔊

(ឈ្មោះ និងស្វាមមេជៃ) Name and thumb prints

Date/id 5 21 is 03 gibo 24 បានឃើញ និង ឯកភាព/Seen and Agreed មេភូមិ Chief of Village



TKM-CP-007- Spean Chrey village, Dountei commune (New Pond)

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প্রী We, the chief of commune councilor to deem	ing certify that, the proposed commi		277
មើ/Village ក្រុនទៀដ ឃុំសង្កាត់/Comm	une & & & Win-Mp/Dis	trict managen 181	1/Province The 25
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External size of community pond	Land sizes m²/lm	Number of Trees	Other Infrastructure
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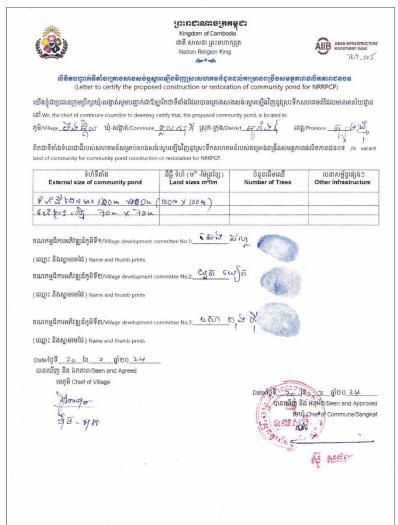
# TKM-CP-003- Chrak Chambak village, Chup commune (Existing Pond)



# TKM-CP-004- Kampul Serei village, Mien commune (Existing Pond)



# TKM-CP-005- Boeng Phtil village, Tuol Souphi commune (Existing Pond)

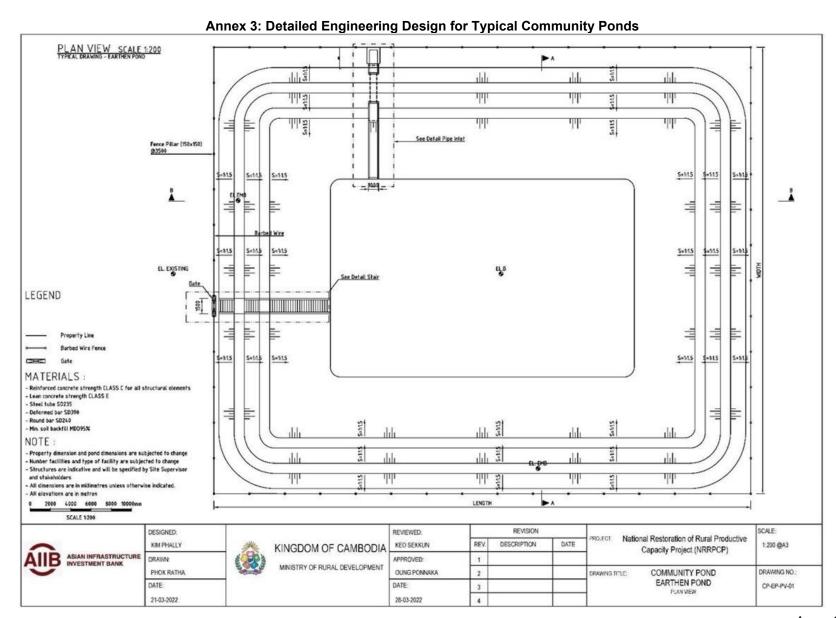


# TKM-CP-008- Ta Ni village, Dountei commune (Existing Pond)

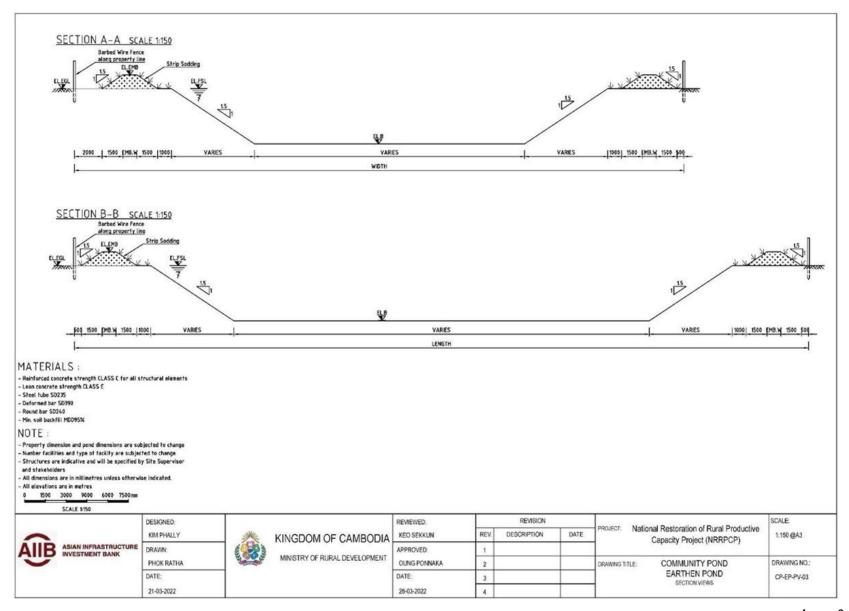


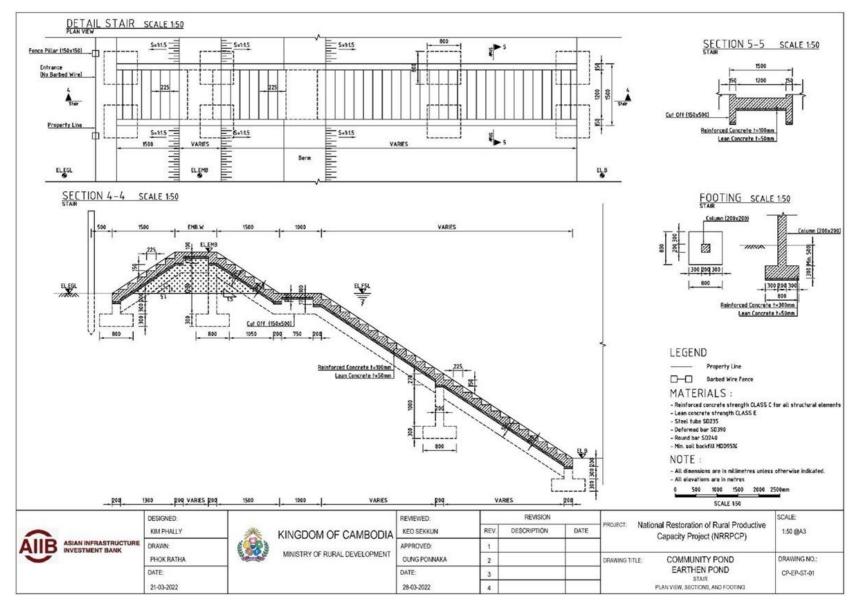
TKM-CP-009- Prey Tumnob village, Dountei commune (Existing Pond)

	ទ្រះទាជានភាមទ្រវទ Kingdom of Camboo ជាតិ សាសនា ព្រះមហារ Nation Religion King	sa TUU	ABAN BUYUST BANK KK_009						
	សិនិតមេបារាក់ពីតាំងឬភាពសាចសច់ម្តេសពេញី១និញរួមរសេះគេមេជុំពុខដល់កម្រោចកម្រើចសមត្ថភាពជាតិគេបានជាចេច (Letter to certify the proposed construction or restoration of community pond for NRRPCP)								
យើងខ្ញុំជាប្រធានក្រុមប្រឹក្សាឃុំសង្កាត់សុមបញ្ជាក់ជា! ដៅ We, the chief of commune councilor to deemin កុម្មី/«នេះទ្រ សម្រាស់ ១៩ ដំបំ ឃុំសង្កាត់/commun ពិតជាទីតាំងទំនេះជាជីវេបស់សហគមន៍សម្រាប់សាងន land of community for community pend constructi	g certify that, the proposed comm ស្ត្រីក្រុង/Dis ប្រជុំក្រុងវិញផ្លូវស្រះទឹកសហគម	unity pond, is located in: drict MODELLAS 1884	Province 575 25						
່ງທີ່ງີກໍລ External size of community pond	ដំផ្លី ទំហំ (ម៉ <sup>២</sup> -ម៉ែត្រឡែ) Land sizes m <sup>2</sup> /lm	ចំនួនដើមឈើ Number of Trees	រចនាសម្ព័ន្ធជៀង១ Other Infrastructure						
รถิสาสาขร 15074 คับ รับโลกรสร	100 X 100	5 लेंफ							
តណកម្មជិការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍ភូមិទី២/Village development (ពេល: និងសាមមេរ៉ៃ) Name and thumb prints	committee No.2	· Min · · ·							
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## Annex 4: Rapid Environmental and Social Assessment Checklist (TKM province)

	Environmental and Social Safeguards	Yes	No	(TKM - CP001)	(TKM - CP002)	(TKM - CP006)		
а.	Is the subproject area adjacent to or within any of the following environmentally sensitive areas?  - Wetlands, Mangrove, Estuarine	-	$\sqrt{}$		nds and are surrounded by agri nal flood but no water in dry sea areas.			
b.	Will the subproject cause impairment of historical/cultural areas; disfiguration of landscape or potential loss/damage to physical cultural resources?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The proposed ponds will have no impact since they are not located within or near historical/cultural areas.				
	Will the subproject cause disturbance to precious ecology (e.g. sensitive or protected areas)?	-	$\sqrt{}$	There will be no such impacts.				
	Will the subproject cause alteration of surface water hydrology of waterways, resulting in increased sediment in streams affected by increased soil erosion at the construction site?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The ponds are not connected	to any physical water body.			
e.	Will the subproject cause deterioration of surface water quality due to silt runoff and sanitary wastes from worker-based camps and chemicals used in construction?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The ponds are not connected	to any physical water body.			
f.	Will the subproject cause increased air pollution due to the subproject construction and operation?	-	$\sqrt{}$	Temporary impacts during cor	nstruction and only minor in nat	ure.		
g.	Will the subproject cause noise and vibration due to project construction or operation?	-	$\sqrt{}$		vill result in some noise but will during excavation works will be			
h.	Will the subproject have poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites, and possible transmission of communicable diseases (such as STI's and HIV/AIDS) from workers to local populations?	-	$\sqrt{}$	and there will be proper dispos	to ensure that the workers can sal of all domestic waste. OEH from service provider as well (S	S training will be provided by		
i.	Will the subproject create temporary breeding habitats for diseases such as those transmitted by mosquitoes and rodents?	-	$\sqrt{}$	All contractors will be required and there will be propose disp		amp is kept clean and sanitary		
j.	Will the subproject result in a large population influx during project construction and operation that causes increased burden on social infrastructure and services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?	-	√	Not anticipated. All contractors communities and not import la	s will be required to recruit unsk bour from other areas.	killed labour from surrounding		
k.	Will the subproject risks and vulnerabilities relate to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	-	$\sqrt{}$	None of these impacts are a training.	nticipated. All contractors will	be required to provide OEHS		

Environmental and Social Safeguards	Yes	No	(TKM - CP001)	(TKM - CP002)	(TKM - CP006)	
I. Will the subproject risks relate to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The subprojects will not requir use of any bitumen materials.	e the use of explosives and the	re will be requirement for the	
m. Will the subproject pose community safety risks due to both accidental and natural causes, especially where the structural elements or components of the project are accessible to members of the affected community or where their failure could result in injury to the community throughout project construction, operation and decommissioning?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The contractors will be required to ensure that appropriate signage and safety barriers are erected to prevent any risk of accidents. Besides, the subproject locations are not close to public road and only few machineries operate during civil work, especially during excavation works.			
n. Will the subproject generate solid waste and/or hazardous waste?	-	$\sqrt{}$	There will be no hazardous wa	aste generated and solid waste	will be disposed of properly.	
o. Will the subproject use any chemicals?	-	$\sqrt{}$	No chemicals are used by the	subprojects.		
Will the subproject generate wastewater during construction or operation?	-	$\sqrt{}$	No wastewater will be generat	ed by the subprojects.		
q. Will the subproject risk of landmines/UXO?	-	$\sqrt{}$	No UXO materials have been	reported in these areas.		
r. Will the subproject increase the risk of CoVID19 pandemic and HIV/AIDS?	-	$\sqrt{}$	All contractors will be required Health Safety Plan.	d to prepare and implement a	Community Environmental and	
s. Will the subproject be located in a flooded area?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The sites are considered as lo	w-lying areas with seasonal flo	od but no water in dry season.	
t. Will the subproject have any adverse impact on the livelihoods of APs through the loss of land or other productive assets	-	$\sqrt{}$	There will be no adverse impa sites are public lands.	ct on the livelihoods of APs thro	ough loss of land since these	
If the answer to any of the questions in this section is YES, an Environmental Impact Assessment which includes an Environmental Management Plan and an Environmental Monitoring Plan needs to be prepared and attached.	-	-		n.a.		

	Environmental and Social Safeguards	Yes	No	(TKM - CP007)	(TKM- CP003)	(TKM - CP004)	
a.	Is the subproject area adjacent to or within any of the following environmentally sensitive areas?  - Wetlands, Mangrove, Estuarine	-	$\sqrt{}$	This is new community pond and are located close to the village. They are not located in any environmentally sensitive areas.  These are existing community ponds and are surrounded by agricultural land. They are not located in any environmentally sensitive areas. No wetland areas are identified or listed in the Protected Areas.			
b.	Will the subproject cause impairment of historical/cultural areas; disfiguration of landscape or potential loss/damage to physical cultural resources?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The proposed ponds will have historical/cultural areas.	no impact since they are not lo	cated within or near	
C.	Will the subproject cause disturbance to precious ecology (e.g. sensitive or protected areas)?	-	$\sqrt{}$	There will be no such impacts.			
d.	Will the subproject cause alteration of surface water hydrology of waterways, resulting in increased sediment in streams affected by increased soil erosion at the construction site?	-	√	The ponds are not connected to any physical water body.			
e.	Will the subproject cause deterioration of surface water quality due to silt runoff and sanitary wastes from worker-based camps and chemicals used in construction?	-	√	The ponds are not connected to any physical water body.			
f.	Will the subproject cause increased air pollution due to the subproject construction and operation?	-	√	Temporary impacts during con	struction and only minor in natu	ıre.	
g.	Will the subproject cause noise and vibration due to project construction or operation?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The use of heavy equipment w hours. Subproject locations are	ill result in some noise but will or anot adjacent to the village's ho	occur only during daylight ouses	
h.	Will the subproject have poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites, and possible transmission of communicable diseases (such as STI's and HIV/AIDS) from workers to local populations?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The contractor will be required to ensure that the workers camp is kept clean and sanitary and there will be proper disposal of all domestic waste.			
i.	Will the subproject create temporary breeding habitats for diseases such as those transmitted by mosquitoes and rodents?		$\sqrt{}$	The contractor will be required and there will be proposer disp		amp is kept clean and sanitary	
j.	Will the subproject result in a large population influx during project construction and operation that causes increased burden on social infrastructure and services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?	-	√	Not anticipated. The contractor communities and not import lab		illed labour from surrounding	

Environmental and Social Safeguards	Yes	No	(TKM - CP007)	(TKM- CP003)	(TKM - CP004)	
k. Will the subproject risks and vulnerabilities relate to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	-	$\sqrt{}$	None of these impacts are anticipated.			
I. Will the subproject risks relate to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The subprojects will not require materials.	the use of explosives and the	re will no use of any bitumen	
m. Will the subproject pose community safety risks due to both accidental and natural causes, especially where the structural elements or components of the project are accessible to members of the affected community or where their failure could result in injury to the community throughout project construction, operation and decommissioning?	-	Ţ	The contractor will be required erected to prevent any risk of a		ignage and safety barriers are	
n. Will the subproject generate solid waste and/or hazardous waste?	-	$\sqrt{}$	There will be no hazardous waste generated and solid waste will be disposed of properly.			
o. Will the subproject use any chemicals?	-	$\sqrt{}$	No chemicals are used by the s	ubprojects.		
p. Will the subproject generate wastewater during construction or operation?	-	$\sqrt{}$	No wastewater will be generate	d by the subprojects.		
q. Will the subproject risk of landmines/UXO?	-	$\sqrt{}$	No UXO materials have been re	eported in these areas.		
r. Will the subproject increase the risk of CoVID19 pandemic and HIV/AIDS?	-	$\sqrt{}$	All contractors will be required Health Safety Plan.	to prepare and implement a 0	Community Environmental and	
s. Will the subproject be located in a flooded area?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The sites are considered as low	v-lying areas with seasonal floo	od but no water in dry season.	
t. Will the subproject have any adverse impact on the livelihoods of APs through the loss of land or other productive assets	-	$\sqrt{}$	There will be no adverse impac sites are public lands.	ct on the livelihoods of APs th	rough loss of land since these	
If the answer to any of the questions in this section is YES, an Environmental Impact Assessment which includes an Environmental Management Plan and an Environmental Monitoring Plan needs to be prepared and attached.		-		n.a.		

	Environmental and Social Safeguards	Yes	No	(TKM - CP005)	(TKM - CP008)	(TKM - CP009)
a.	Is the subproject area adjacent to or within any of the following environmentally sensitive areas?  - Wetlands, Mangrove, Estuarine	-	√	These are existing community ponds and are located close to the village. They are not located in any environmentally sensitive areas. No wetland areas are identified or listed in the Protected Areas.		This is an existing community pond and is surrounded by agricultural land. It is not located in any environmentally sensitive areas. No wetland areas are identified or listed in the Protected Areas.
b.	Will the subproject cause impairment of historical/cultural areas; disfiguration of landscape or potential loss/damage to physical cultural resources?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The proposed ponds will have r historical/cultural areas.	no impact since they are not lo	cated within or near
C.	Will the subproject cause disturbance to precious ecology (e.g. sensitive or protected areas)?	-	$\sqrt{}$	There will be no such impacts.		
d.	Will the subproject cause alteration of surface water hydrology of waterways, resulting in increased sediment in streams affected by increased soil erosion at the construction site?	-	√	The ponds are not connected to any physical water body.		
e.	Will the subproject cause deterioration of surface water quality due to silt runoff and sanitary wastes from worker-based camps and chemicals used in construction?	-	√	The ponds are not connected to	any physical water body.	
f.	Will the subproject cause increased air pollution due to the subproject construction and operation?	-	$\sqrt{}$	Temporary impacts during cons	truction and only minor in natu	ıre.
g.	Will the subproject cause noise and vibration due to project construction or operation?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The use of heavy equipment wi hours.	Il result in some noise but will	occur only during daylight
h.	Will the subproject have poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites, and possible transmission of communicable diseases (such as STI's and HIV/AIDS) from workers to local populations?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The contractor will be required and there will be proper disposa		np is kept clean and sanitary
i.	Will the subproject create temporary breeding habitats for diseases such as those transmitted by mosquitoes and rodents?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The contractor will be required and there will be proposer disposer		amp is kept clean and sanitary

	Environmental and Social Safeguards	Yes	No	(TKM - CP005)	(TKM - CP008)	(TKM - CP009)	
j.	Will the subproject result in a large population influx during project construction and operation that causes increased burden on social infrastructure and services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?	-	√	Not anticipated. The contractor will be required to recruit unskilled labour from surrounding communities and not import labour from other areas.			
k.	Will the subproject risks and vulnerabilities relate to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	-	$\sqrt{}$	None of these impacts are anticipated.			
I.	Will the subproject risks relate to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The subprojects will not require materials.	the use of explosives and the	re will no use of bitumen	
m.	Will the subproject pose community safety risks due to both accidental and natural causes, especially where the structural elements or components of the project are accessible to members of the affected community or where their failure could result in injury to the community throughout project construction, operation and decommissioning?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The contractor will be required erected to prevent any risk of a		ignage and safety barriers are	
n.	Will the subproject generate solid waste and/or hazardous waste?	-	$\sqrt{}$	There will be no hazardous was	te generated and solid waste	will be disposed of properly.	
0.	Will the subproject use any chemicals?	-	$\sqrt{}$	No chemicals are used by the s	ubprojects.		
p.	Will the subproject generate wastewater during construction or operation?	-	$\sqrt{}$	No wastewater will be generate	d by the subprojects.		
q.	Will the subproject risk of landmines/UXO?	-	$\sqrt{}$	No UXO materials have been re	eported in these areas.		
r.	Will the subproject increase the risk of CoVID19 pandemic and HIV/AIDS?	-	$\sqrt{}$	All contractors will be required to prepare and implement a Community Environmental and Health Safety Plan.			
S.	Will the subproject be located in a flooded area?	-	$\sqrt{}$	The sites are considered as low	-lying areas with seasonal floo	od but no water in dry season.	
t.	Will the subproject have any adverse impact on the livelihoods of APs through the loss of land or other productive assets	-	$\sqrt{}$	There will be no adverse impac sites are within the public lands		ough loss of land since these	

Environmental and Social Safeguards	Yes	No	(TKM - CP005)	(TKM - CP008)	(TKM - CP009)
If the answer to any of the questions in this section is YES,					
an Environmental Impact Assessment which includes an	_	_		n.a.	
Environmental Management Plan and an Environmental	_			n.a.	
Monitoring Plan needs to be prepared and attached.					

ex 4b: Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA)  Summary of assessment									
Classification	Description	Tick only one							
Category A	The proposed subproject is classified as category A since it is likely to have significant adverse environmental impacts that are irreversible, diverse, or unprecedented. These impacts may affect an area larger than the sites or facilities subject to physical works.								
Category B	The proposed subproject is classified as category B since it has potential adverse environmental impacts but are less adverse than those of category A projects. These impacts are site-specific, few if any of them are irreversible, and in most cases mitigation measures can be designed more readily than for category A projects.	$\sqrt{}$							
Category C	The proposed subproject is classified as category C since it has minimal or no adverse environmental impacts.								

Date: 29 March 2024

**Eng Diamant** 

Environmental Safeguard Specialist:

**Annex 5: Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (TKM province)** 

	Problem	Severity		(TKM - CP001)	(TKM - CP002)	(TKM - CP006)	
		Large impact					
	Increased threats to endangered wild animals known to live in the area	Medium impact		No endangered wild animals are living in the areas of these community ponds.			
	known to live in the area	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$				
		Large impact					
	Damage to the fisheries resources or fisheries	Medium impact		There will be no impact on any freshwater bodies or lakes within the community pond sites			
	stocks	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	·		, ,	
	Damage to the forest (especially in biodiversity areas)	Large impact					
		Medium impact		None of these of	community ponds are located in	forested areas.	
social impacts		No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$		71		
ď		Large impact					
<u> </u>	Long term damage to agricultural land	Medium impact		There wi	ill be no impact on any agricultu	ıral land.	
cia		No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	There will be no impact on any agricultural land.			
SO		Large impact					
and	Erosion caused by changes to alignment or	Medium impact		There	e will be no risk of increased ero	osion.	
nt a	size of streams	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$				
ne		Large impact		Some vegetation will be required to be removed but will not result in erosion.			
- Ju	Erosion caused by removing vegetation	Medium impact				ill not result in erosion.	
environment	, ,	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$				
		Large impact					
E	Flooding caused by subproject	Medium impact		There	will be no increased risk of floo	oding.	
Long term	implementation	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$			S	
) uc		Large impact					
Ľ	Long term impact causing by dust, noise or	Medium impact		Only st	nort-term impacts during the civ	il work.	
	safety problems	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	,	, ,		
		Large impact					
	Damage to the livelihood, living environment	Medium impact		No IPs resi	de in the areas of these commu	inity ponds.	
	or customs of indigenous people.	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$			•	
		Large impact					
	Other long-term problem (describe)	Medium impact			None		
	- J (/	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	None			

	Problem	Severity		(TKM - CP001)	(TKM - CP002)	(TKM - CP006)	
	Damage will be caused by vehicles	Medium impact		All access roads will be properly maintained during the period of the civil work.			
cts	transporting materials to the site	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	, in access reads with 50 property maintained during the period of the own work.			
Impacts	Dust problem during construction	Medium impact		Water will be sprayed during earth works to avoid increased dust.		d increased dust	
cial Ir	Dust problem during construction	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	vvaler will be spra	ayed during earth works to avoi	d increased dust.	
Ō	Noise problem during construction	Medium impact		Hoovy mochi	non, will be used only during de	avlight hours	
s pu	Noise problem during construction	No/small impact √		neavy macm	Heavy machinery will be used only during daylight hours.		
ntan	Contamination of water resources during	Medium impact		There will be preper diapose	mination of water recourses		
nmer	construction	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	There will be proper disposal of solid waste to avoid contamination of water resources			
viron	Damage to home gardens and fruit trees	Medium impact		There will be no impact o	un any home gerdene and no fr	uit troop will be removed	
Envi	Damage to home gardens and fruit trees	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	mere will be no impact o	n any home gardens and no fro	uit trees will be removed.	
	Short-term damage to agricultural land	Medium impact		Thoro	will be no impact to agricultura	Lland	
rt-term	Short-term damage to agricultural land	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	There	will be no impact to agricultura	rianu.	
0	Damage to demostic water cumplies	Medium impact		There will be no threat to domestic water supplies.		coupolico	
S	Damage to domestic water supplies	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$			supplies.	
	Other short-term problem (describe)	Medium impact			None		

	Problem	Severity		(TKM - CP007)	(TKM- CP003)	(TKM - CP004)	
		Large impact					
	Increased threats to endangered wild animals known to live in the area	Medium impact		No endangered wild ani	mals are living in the areas of tl	hese community ponds.	
	known to live in the area	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$				
		Large impact					
	Damage to the fisheries resources or fisheries stocks	Medium impact		There will be no impact on an	y freshwater bodies or lakes wit	thin the community pond sites	
	SIUCKS	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	The state of the s			
	Damage to the forest (especially in	Large impact					
		Medium impact		None of these community ponds are located in forested areas.			
acts	biodiversity areas)	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$		3.1		
ıρε		Large impact					
ᆵ	Long term damage to agricultural land	Medium impact		There wi	ll be no impact on any agricultu	ıral land.	
social impacts		No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	more will be no impact on any agricultural land.			
		Large impact		There will be no risk of increased erosion.			
and	Erosion caused by changes to alignment or	Medium impact					
ıt a	size of streams	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$				
nei		Large impact					
on	Erosion caused by removing vegetation	Medium impact		Some vegetation will be required to be removed but will not result in erosion		ill not result in erosion.	
environment	, , ,	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	1 Common regentation in the requirement to 20 remains a sum in the rest of the			
		Large impact					
Ē	Flooding caused by subproject	Medium impact		There	will be no increased risk of floo	oding.	
Long term	implementation	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$			G	
ù		Large impact					
Ľ	Long term impact causing by dust, noise or	Medium impact		Only sh	ort-term impacts during the civ	il work.	
	safety problems	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	•			
		Large impact					
	Damage to the livelihood, living environment	Medium impact		No IPs resid	de in the areas of these commu	ınity ponds.	
	or customs of indigenous people.	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$				
		Large impact					
	Other long-term problem (describe)	Medium impact			None		
	,	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	1			

	Problem	Severity		(TKM - CP007)	(TKM- CP003)	(TKM - CP004)	
	Damage will be caused by vehicles	Medium impact		All access roads will be	All access roads will be properly maintained during the period of the civil work.		
acts	transporting materials to the site	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	, at access reads will be properly maintained during the period of the divil work			
Impa	Dust problem during construction	Medium impact		Water will be spre	ayed during earth works to avoi	d increased dust	
cial Ir	Dust problem during construction	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	vvaler will be spra	ayed during earth works to avoi	u increaseu uust.	
Ō	Noise problem during construction	Medium impact		Hoovy mochi	non, will be used only during de	avlight hours	
Spt	Noise problem during construction	No/small impact √		Heavy machinery will be used only during daylight hours.			
ent an	Contamination of water resources during	Medium impact		There will be present disperse			
Ε .	construction	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	There will be proper disposal of solid waste to avoid contamination of water reso			
ron	Damage to home gardens and fruit trees	Medium impact		There will be no impact o	on any home gerdene and no fr	uit troop will be removed	
Envir	Damage to home gardens and fruit trees	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	mere will be no impact o	on any home gardens and no fro	dit trees will be removed.	
	Short term demand to agricultural land	Medium impact		Thoro	will be no impact to agriculture	Lland	
rt-term	Short-term damage to agricultural land	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	There	will be no impact to agricultura	rianu.	
Short	Damage to demostic water cumplies	Medium impact		There will be no threat to domestic water supplies.		aupplica	
တ	Damage to domestic water supplies	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	There will	be no unear to domestic water	supplies.	
	Other short-term problem (describe)	Medium impact			None		

	Problem	Severity		(TKM - CP005)	(TKM - CP008)	(TKM - CP009)	
		Large impact					
	Increased threats to endangered wild animals known to live in the area	Medium impact		No endangered wild animals are living in the areas of these community ponds.			
	known to live in the area	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$				
		Large impact					
	Damage to the fisheries resources or fisheries	Medium impact		There will be no impact on any freshwater bodies or lakes within the community pond site			
	stocks	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$				
	Damage to the forest (especially in biodiversity areas)	Large impact					
		Medium impact		None of these community ponds are located in forested areas.			
acts		No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$				
nps		Large impact					
l ii	Long term damage to agricultural land			ill be no impact on any agricultu	ıral land.		
social impacts	3 3	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$				
		Large impact					
and	Erosion caused by changes to alignment or	Medium impact		There	e will be no risk of increased ero	osion.	
	size of streams	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$				
neı		Large impact					
onr	Erosion caused by removing vegetation	Medium impact		Some vegetation will be required to be removed but will not result in erosion.		ill not result in erosion.	
environment	, ,	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$				
		Large impact					
rı	Flooding caused by subproject	Medium impact		There	will be no increased risk of floo	oding.	
Long term	implementation	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$			G	
uć		Large impact					
Ľ	Long term impact causing by dust, noise or	Medium impact		Only st	nort-term impacts during the civ	il work.	
	safety problems	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	,	, ,		
		Large impact					
	Damage to the livelihood, living environment	Medium impact		No IPs resi	de in the areas of these commu	inity ponds.	
	or customs of indigenous people.	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$			• •	
		Large impact					
	Other long-term problem (describe)	Medium impact			None		
		No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$				

	Problem	Severity		(TKM - CP005)	(TKM - CP008)	(TKM - CP009)	
	Damage will be caused by vehicles	Medium impact		All access roads will be	All access roads will be properly maintained during the period of the civil		
cts	transporting materials to the site	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	7 th doods to add will be properly maintained during the period of the divil wo			
Impacts	Dust problem during construction	Medium impact		Water will be sprayed during earth works to avoid increased dust.			
cial Ir	Dust problem during construction	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	water will be spra	ayed duffing earth works to avoi	u increaseu uust.	
Ō	Noise problem during construction	Medium impact		Hoovy mochi	non, will be used only during de	avlight hours	
Spt	Noise problem during construction	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	neavy macin	nery will be used only during da	aylight hours.	
ntar	Contamination of water resources during	Medium impact		There will be prepar disposal of solid waste to avoid contamination of water reason			
nmer	construction	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	rnere will be proper disposa	al of solid waste to avoid contamination of water resources.		
0	Damage to home gardens and fruit trees	Medium impact		There will be no impact of	on any home gordone and no fr	uit troop will be removed	
Envire	Damage to home gardens and fruit trees	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	There will be no impact of	on any home gardens and no fro	dit trees will be removed.	
	Chart term demand to agricultural land	Medium impact		Thoro	will be no import to agriculture	Lland	
rt-term	Short-term damage to agricultural land	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	There	will be no impact to agricultura	rianu.	
0	Damage to demostic water cumplies	Medium impact		Th		aupplica	
S	Damage to domestic water supplies	No/small impact	$\sqrt{}$	There will	be no threat to domestic water	supplies.	
	Other short-term problem (describe)	Medium impact			None		

The construction of the community ponds will bring considerable benefits to the local community in terms of more reliable access to water during the dry season.

During the civil works there will be opportunities for local employment generation that will target the vulnerable households including returned migrant workers.

Date: 29 March 2024

Environment Safeguard Specialist

Annex 6: Preliminary Climate Risk Screening Checklist (for all community pond subprojects)

	Screening Questions	Score	Remarks
Location and Design of Project	Is siting and/or routing of the community pond subprojects likely to be affected by climate conditions including extreme weather-related events such as floods, droughts, storms, landslides?	1	The water availability for the proposed subprojects depends on seasonal precipitation during wet the season. The prolonged dry season and/or long drought will somehow affect the pond structure since storing water in ponds can support/provide stability for the pond's deck.
	Would the subproject design (e.g. the clearance for pond surface) need to consider any hydrometeorological parameters (e.g., sea-level, peak river flow, reliable water level, peak wind speed etc.)?	0	Not applicable/non-relevant
Materials and Maintenance	Would weather, current and likely future climate conditions (e.g. prevailing humidity level, temperature contrast between hot summer days and cold winter days, exposure to wind and humidity hydro-meteorological parameters likely affect the selection of subproject inputs over the life of subproject outputs (e.g. construction material)?	0	The proposed subprojects are located on rainfed areas with no any structures/facilities connecting to the proposed subprojects. Technically, civil work is designed to support the community in terms of operation and maintenance.
	Would weather, current and likely future climate conditions, and related extreme events likely affect the maintenance (scheduling and cost) of subproject output(s)?	0	Provision will be made for on-going maintenance through the WASH committee and beneficiaries.
Performance of subproject outputs	Would weather/climate conditions and related extreme events likely affect the performance of the subproject.	1	Prolonged dry season or long drought will somehow affect the subprojects caused by climate conditions which leads to water shortage

Options for answers and corresponding score are provided below:

Response	Score
Not Likely	0
Likely	1
Very Likely	2

Responses when added that provide a score of zero (0) will be considered <u>low risk</u> subproject. If adding all responses will result to a score of 1–4 and that no score of 2 and 1 were given to any single response, the subproject will be assigned a <u>medium risk</u> category. A total score of 5 or more (which include providing a score of 1 in all responses) or a 2 in any single response will be categorized as <u>high-risk</u> subproject.

## Result of Initial Screening: MEDIUM

**Other Comments**: These proposed subprojects are considered as important source of water for improving community livelihoods and agricultural productivity.

Date: 29 March 2024

**Environment Safeguard Specialist** 

## Annex 7: Land acquisition and resettlement screening checklist

Potential Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	(TKM - CP001)	(TKM - CP002)	(TKM - CP006)				
Involuntary Acquisition of La	Involuntary Acquisition of Land									
Will there be land acquisition?	-	√	-	This is a new community pond which has a proposed dimension of 200m x 100m. The land agreement covers a total area of 70,000m <sup>2</sup> and confirms that this is public land and there will be no land acquisition.	This is a new community pond which has a proposed dimension of 180m x 90m. The land agreement covers a total area of 22,000m² and confirms that this is public land and there will be no land acquisition.	This is a new community pond which has a proposed dimension of 90m x 50m. The land agreement covers a total area of 4,500m² and confirms that this is public land and there will be no land acquisition.				
Is the site for land acquisition known?	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	No land acquisition will be required by private owners/assets.						
Is the ownership status     and current usage of     land to be acquired     known?	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	This is public land owned by the commune.						
Will easement be utilized     within an existing Right     of Way (ROW)?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	Not relevant and it is based on the given land (certificate of available land).						
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land due to land acquisition?	-	√	-	No land acquisition will be required.						
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	There will no loss of any agricultural land or any other productive assets since the land is currently not in use.						
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?	-	√	-	There will be no loss of any trees or crops or other fixed assets.						
8. Will there be loss of businesses or enterprises due to land acquisition?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	There will be no impact on any business or enterprise.						

Potential Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	(TKM - CP001)	(TKM - CP002)	(TKM - CP006)		
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?				There will be no loss of income from any sources				
Involuntary restrictions on la	and use or	on acce	ss to legal	ly designated parks and protected a	reas			
Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?	-	√	-	There will be no loss of access to natural resources				
If land use is changed,     will it have an adverse     impact on social and     economic activities?	-	√	-	There will be no changes in land use and adverse impacts.				
12. Will access to land and resources owned communally or by the state be restricted?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	There will no loss of access to land and communally owned resources.				
Information on Displaced Pe	rsons	•						
Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project?  If yes, approximately how many? _			ill be	[x] No [] Yes				
Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks?				[x] No [] Yes				
Are any displaced persons from minority groups?	indigenous	or ethni	c	[x] No [] Yes				

Potential Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	(TKM - CP007)	(TKM- CP003)	(TKM - CP004)		
Involuntary Acquisition of Land								
Will there be land acquisition?	-	V	-	This is a new community pond which has a proposed dimension of 110m x 110m. The land agreement covers a total area of 25,000m <sup>2</sup> and confirms that this is public land and there will be no land acquisition.	This is an existing community pond which has an existing dimension of 80m x 55m. The land agreement covers a total area of 90,000m <sup>2</sup> and confirms that this is public land and there will be no land acquisition.	This is an existing community pond which has an existing dimension of 150m x 100m.  The land agreement covers a total area of 15,000 m² and confirms that this is public land and there will be no land acquisition.		
Is the site for land acquisition known?	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	No land acquisition will be required by private owners/assets.				
Is the ownership status     and current usage of     land to be acquired     known?	<i>√</i>	-	-	This is public land owned by the commune.				
Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	Not relevant and it is based on the given land (certificate of available land).				
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land due to land acquisition?	-	√	-	No land acquisition will be required.				
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	There will no loss of any agricultural land or any other productive assets since the land is currently not in use.				
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	There will be no loss of any trees or crops or other fixed assets.				
8. Will there be loss of businesses or enterprises due to land acquisition?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	There will be no impact on any business or enterprise.				

Potential Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	(TKM - CP007)	(TKM- CP003)	(TKM - CP004)		
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	There will be no loss of income from any sources.				
Involuntary restrictions on la	and use or	on acce	ess to lega	lly designated parks and protected a	reas			
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?	-	√	-	There will be no loss of access to natural resources				
If land use is changed,     will it have an adverse     impact on social and     economic activities?	-	√	-	There will be no changes in land use and adverse impacts.				
12. Will access to land and resources owned communally or by the state be restricted?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	There will no loss of access to land and communally owned resources.				
Information on Displaced Pe	rsons							
Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project?  If yes, approximately how many? _				[x] No [] Yes				
Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks?				[x] No [ ] Yes				
Are any displaced persons from minority groups?	indigenous	or ethn	ic	[x] No [ ] Yes				

Potential Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	(TKM - CP005)	(TKM - CP008)	(TKM - CP009)				
Involuntary Acquisition of La	Involuntary Acquisition of Land									
Will there be land acquisition?	-	√-	-	This is an existing community pond which has an existing dimension of 110m x 90m. The land agreement covers a total area of 10,000m <sup>2</sup> and confirms that this is public land and there will be no land acquisition.	This is an existing community pond which has an existing dimension of 45m x 20m. The land agreement covers a total area of 13,474m² and confirms that this is public land and there will be no land acquisition.	This is an existing community pond which has an existing dimension of 83m x 65m. The land agreement covers a total area of 15,074m² and confirms that this is public land and there will be no land acquisition.				
Is the site for land acquisition known?	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	No land ac	No land acquisition will be required by private owners/assets.					
Is the ownership status     and current usage of     land to be acquired     known?	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	This is public land owned by the commune.						
Will easement be utilized     within an existing Right     of Way (ROW)?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	Not relevant and it is based on the given land (certificate of available land).						
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land due to land acquisition?	-	√	-	No land acquisition will be required.						
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?	-	√	-	There will no loss of any agricultural land or any other productive assets since the land is currently not in use.						
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?	-	√	-	There will be no loss of any trees or crops or other fixed assets.						
8. Will there be loss of businesses or enterprises due to land acquisition?	-	√	-	There will be no impact on any business or enterprise.						

Potential Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	(TKM - CP005)	(TKM - CP008)	(TKM - CP009)		
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	There will be no loss of income from any sources				
Involuntary restrictions on la	and use or	on acce	ss to legal	ly designated parks and protected a	reas			
Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	There will be no loss of access to natural resources				
If land use is changed,     will it have an adverse     impact on social and     economic activities?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	There will be no changes in land use and adverse impacts.				
12. Will access to land and resources owned communally or by the state be restricted?	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	There will no loss of access to land and communally owned resources.				
Information on Displaced Pe	rsons							
Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project?  If yes, approximately how many? _				[x] No [] Yes				
Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks?				[x] No [] Yes				
Are any displaced persons from minority groups?	indigenous	or ethni	c	[x] No [] Yes				

Date: 29 March 2024

Eng Diamant

Environmental Safeguard Specialist

### Annex 8: Reconnaissance visits and public consultation meetings

### KHSACH PRACHHEH KANDAL VILLAGE, KROUCH CHHMAR COMMUNE (TKM-CP-001)

### 1<sup>st</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 19 February 2024 Pond ID: 23-AIIB-2502-CP001 Number of Participants: 46 Number of women: 14 Village chief: Mr. Sri Sopheap

Commune Councilor: Mr. Pech Cheang

Facilitator: Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Oun Syvibola and Mr. Uy Samnang SP3; Mrs. Khalim Sophorn, Marady, and

Nong Phirum PMU

NKE staff: Mr. Plang Khimouorn
PIU staff: Mr. Sor Sen and Mr. Khum La

#### Purpose/s:

- To conduct a physical inspection of the proposed subproject for the construction of the community pond in a public land in Khsach Prachheh Kandal Village, Krouch Chhmar Commune.
- To conduct environmental and social screenings by assessing the impacts and potential risk, and collect certificate on the land sharing use agreement.
- To discuss with the commune and village authorities, and local communities who will benefit from the proposed subproject. and
- To inform about the project support activities, such as; GRM, Gender, GRC and WSUG establishment.

#### Summary of findings and public discussions

The SP3 consultation team informed the participants about the Environmental and Social Safeguards and GRM Procedure, which is one of the important project's requirements. All key points related to safeguards and gender issues were explained on the meeting and ensure that the proposed subproject would not affect the livelihoods of the community, historical/cultural areas and sensitive ecological areas.

The key points raised during the meeting:

- The gender aspect was raised regarding the work equality, gender-based violence and human trafficking.
- Brief explanation of the GRM procedure and GRCs that will be established before the CP construction.
- The commune and village leaders were asked to provide their opinions and addressed the support of the subproject proposal to construct the community pond for benefits of local community and villagers providing adequate water source for household uses and drinking.
- The SP3 consulting team suggested that the community and local authorities should properly maintain the pond, such as preventing dyke erosion by planting grass and trees on the embankments and set up a program to manage solid waste.

Below are the results and findings from the reconnaissance and first public consultation meeting:

- The participants (local authorities and the villagers) expressed their strong support to the proposed subproject.
- The proposed subproject is a new pond with a borrow pit and surrounded by agricultural land.
- It is a public state land and is flood-free.
- There are no UXO concerns in this area.
- The land size that can be used for the proposed subproject is 70,000m<sup>2</sup>.

Based on the reconnaissance visit and the consultation meeting, the RESA and LARP checklists were completed and the summary of environmental screening was prepared.







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#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 17 April 2024 Number of Participants: 25 Number of women: 6

Commune chief: Mr. Chhoeung Thavarith (Krouch Chhmar)

Facilitator: Mr. Oun Syvibola, Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Plang Khimouorn, and Mr. Houy Vibol SP3

#### Purpose:

The purpose of the 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was to disseminate Detailed Engineering Designs (DED), PIB (Project Information Booklet) and GRM (Grievance Redress Mechanism) procedures and gender issues as well as WSUG establishment. The proposed subproject is located in Khsach Prachheh Kandal village, Krouch Chhmar commune.

### **Summary of discussions**

The proposed DED plan as shown in the table below:

Pond	Dyke Height	Slope		Top (m)		Fence	Stair	Inlet	Water	Design Type
ID	(m)	Slope	Length	Width	Depth	rence	Stail	Pipe	Filter	Design Type
CP001	-	1:1.5	200	100	4	1	-	-	-	Earthen Pond

#### Understanding of DED, Environmental and Social and Safeguards and Gender of the subproject:

- The SP3 consultation explained the proposed DED items. It was also explained/introduced to participants about the purpose of the consultation meeting, project information, GRM and WSUG establishment. Themeeting discussed on designs of the proposed community pond subproject such as:
  - The type of community pond (the design type of proposed community pond subproject is earthen pond). confirmation of the proposed subproject location, pond dimension (length, width and depth) and structure facilities such as fence, stair, inlet pipe, water filter, etc.
  - Hearing the concerns from participants regarding the technical aspects during civil work (the community requested to construct dyke around the proposed pond since the pond is flooded during the wet season from August to November). SP3 explained and clarified questions and answers during the discussion on the meeting.
- The participants, including the commune chief, commune council, village chief and villagers understood about the design of the proposed community pond subproject very well and they were very grateful with this subproject as this community pond will help improving livelihoods and alternative water source during the dry season.

## Photos of 2<sup>nd</sup> Public consultation meeting for TKM-CP-001





Attendance List for 2<sup>nd</sup> Public consultation meeting for TKM-CP-001

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#### **BOENG PRUOL LEU VILLAGE, BOENG PRUOL COMMUNE (TKM-CP-002)**

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 20 February 2024 Pond ID: 23-AIIB-2507-CP002 Number of Participants: 19 Number of women: 9

Commune Councilor: Mr. Try Teang

Facilitator: Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Oun Syvibola and Mr. Uy Samnang SP3; Mrs. Khalim Sophorn, Marady, and

Nong Phirum PMU

NKE staff: Mr. Plang Khimouorn
PIU staff: Mr. Sor Sen and Mr. Khum La

#### Purpose/s:

- To conduct a physical inspection of the proposed subproject for the construction of the community pond in a public land in Boeng Pruol Leu Village, Boeng Pruol Commune.
- To conduct environmental and social screenings by assessing the impacts and potential risk, and collect certificate on the land sharing use agreement.
- To discuss with the commune and village authorities, and local communities who will benefit from the proposed subproject, and
- To inform about the project support activities, such as; GRM, Gender, GRC and WSUG establishment.

#### Summary of findings and public discussions

The SP3 consultation team informed the participants about the Environmental and Social Safeguards and GRM Procedure, which is one of the important project's requirements. All key points related to safeguards and gender issues were explained on the meeting and ensure that the proposed subproject would not affect the livelihoods of the community, historical/cultural areas and sensitive ecological areas.

The key points raised during the meeting:

- The gender aspect was raised regarding the work equality, gender-based violence and human trafficking.
- Brief explanation of the GRM procedure and GRCs that will be established before the CP construction.
- The commune and village leaders were asked to provide their opinions and addressed the support of the subproject proposal to construct the community pond for benefits of local community and villagers providing adequate water source for household uses and drinking.
- The SP3 consulting team suggested that the community and local authorities should properly maintain the pond, such as preventing dyke erosion by planting grass and trees on the embankments and set up a program to manage solid waste.

Below are the results and findings from the reconnaissance and first public consultation meeting:

- The participants (local authorities and the villagers) expressed their strong support to the proposed subproject.
- The proposed subproject is a new pond with a borrow pit and surrounded by agricultural land.
- It is a public state land and is flood-free.
- There are no UXO concerns in this area.
- The existing land size that can be used for the proposed subproject is 22,000m<sup>2</sup>.

Based on the reconnaissance visit and the consultation meeting, the RESA and LARP checklists were completed and the summary of environmental screening was prepared.





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### Attendance List for Reconnaissance visit and 1st Public consultation meeting for TKM-CP-002

#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 17 April 2024 Number of Participants: 23 Number of women: 9

Commune chief: Mr. Sry Mao (Boeng Pruol)

Facilitator: Mr. Oun Syvibola, Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Plang Khimouorn, and Mr. Houy Vibol SP3

#### Purpose:

 The purpose of the 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was to disseminate Detailed Engineering Designs (DED), PIB (Project Information Booklet) and GRM (Grievance Redress Mechanism) procedures and gender issues as well as WSUG establishment. The proposed subproject is located in Boeng Pruol Leu village, Boeng Pruol commune.

#### **Summary of discussions**

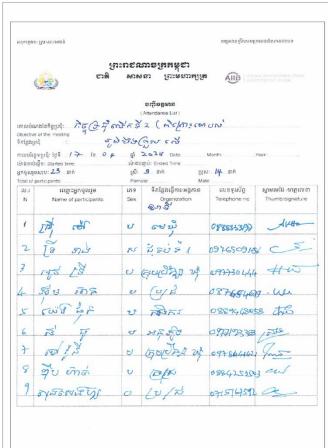
The proposed DED plan as shown in the table below:

Pond	Dyke Height	Slope		Top (m)		Fence	Stair	Inlet	Water	Decign Type
ID	(m)	Slope	Length	Width	Depth	rence	Stall	Pipe	Filter	Design Type
CP002	-	1:1.5	180	90	4	1	-	-	-	Earthen Pond

- The SP3 consultation explained the proposed DED items. It was also explained/introduced to participants about the purposes of the consultation meeting, project information, GRM and WSUG establishment. Themeeting discussed on designs of the proposed community pond subproject such as:
  - The type of community pond (the design type of proposed community pond subproject is earthen pond). confirmation of the proposed subproject location, pond dimension (length, width anddepth) and structure facilities such as fence, stair, inlet pipe, water filter, etc.
  - Hearing concerns from participants in regarding to technical aspects during civil work (the community requested
    to have dyke of the proposed pond. The top width of the dyke should be 4-5 m, this can allow people to pump
    water in a convenient way since the pond is surrounded by paddy land). SP3 explained and clarified questions
    and answers during the discussion on the meeting.
- The participants, including the commune chief, commune council, village chief and villagers understood about the design of the proposed community pond subproject very well and they were very grateful with this subproject as this community pond will help improving livelihoods and alternative water source during the dry season.







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### SAM SNAE VILLAGE, DAMRIL COMMUNE (TKM-CP-006)

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 21 February 2024 Pond ID: 23-AIIB-2504-CP006 Number of Participants: 20 Number of women: 5

Village chief: Mr. Leav Yong (Sam Snae village)

Facilitator: Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Oun Syvibola and Mr. Uy Samnang SP3; Mrs. Khalim Sophorn, Marady, and

Nong Phirum PMU

NKE staff: Mr. Plang Khimouorn
PIU staff: Mr. Sor Sen and Mr. Khum La

#### Purpose/s:

To conduct a physical inspection of the proposed subproject for the construction of the community pond in a public land in Sam Snae Village, Damril Commune.

- To conduct environmental and social screenings by assessing the impacts and potential risk, and collect certificate on the land sharing use agreement.
- To discuss with the commune and village authorities, and local communities who will benefit from the proposed subproject. and
- To inform about the project support activities, such as; GRM, Gender, GRC and WSUG establishment.

#### Summary of findings and public discussions

The SP3 consultation team informed the participants about the Environmental and Social Safeguards and GRM Procedure, which is one of the important project's requirements. All key points related to safeguards and gender issues were explained on the meeting and ensure that the proposed subproject would not affect the livelihoods of the community, historical/cultural areas and sensitive ecological areas.

The key points raised during the meeting:

- The gender aspect was raised regarding the work equality, gender-based violence and human trafficking.
- Brief explanation of the GRM procedure and GRCs that will be established before the CP construction.
- The commune and village leaders were asked to provide their opinions and addressed the support of the subproject proposal to construct the community pond for benefits of local community and villagers providing adequate water source for household uses and drinking.
- The SP3 consulting team suggested that the community and local authorities should properly maintain the pond, such as preventing dyke erosion by planting grass and trees on the embankments and set up a program to manage solid waste.

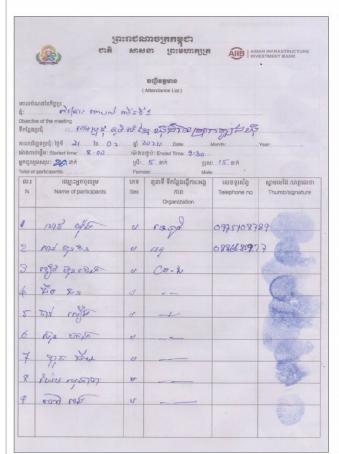
Below are the results and findings from the reconnaissance and first public consultation meeting:

- The participants (local authorities and the villagers) expressed their strong support to the proposed subproject.
- The proposed subproject is a new pond with borrow pit and surrounded by agricultural land.
- It is a public state land and is flood-free.
- There are no UXO concerns in this area.
- The existing land size that can be used for the proposed subproject is 4,500m<sup>2</sup>.

Based on the reconnaissance visit and the consultation meeting, the RESA and LARP checklists were completed and the summary of environmental screening was prepared.









#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 18 April 2024 Number of Participants: 18 Number of women: 4

Commune councilor: Mr. Hang Khim

Facilitator: Mr. Oun Syvibola, Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Plang Khimouorn, and Mr. Houy Vibol SP3

#### Purpose:

- The purpose of the 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was to disseminate Detailed Engineering Designs (DED), PIB (Project Information Booklet) and GRM (Grievance Redress Mechanism) procedures and gender issues as well as WSUG establishment. The proposed subproject is located in Sam Snae village, Damril commune.

### Summary of discussions

- The proposed DED plan as shown in the table below:

Pond	Dyke Height	Clana		Top (m)		Горос	Stair	Inlet	Water	Design Type
ID	(m)	Slope	Length	Width	Depth	Fence	Stail	Pipe	Filter	Design Type
CP006	1	1:1.5	90	50	4	1	1	1	-	Earthen Pond

- The SP3 consultation explained the proposed DED items. It was also explained/introduced to participants about the purpose of the consultation meeting, project information, GRM and WSUG establishment. The meeting discussed on designs of the proposed community pond subproject such as:
  - The type of community pond (the design type of proposed community pond subproject is earthen pond). confirmation of the proposed subproject location, pond dimension (length, width and depth) and structure facilities such as fence, stair, inlet pipe, water filter, etc.
  - Hearing the concerns from participants regarding the technical aspects during civil work (the community requested that the top width of the dyke should be 4-5 m so that farmers can use to set up their long-tailed tractor to pump the water for surrounding rice fields). SP3 explained and clarified questions and answers during the discussion on the meeting.
- The participants, including the commune chief, commune council, pagoda leaders, village chief and villagers understood about the design of the proposed community pond subproject very well and they were very grateful with this subproject as this community pond will help improving livelihoods and alternative water source during the dry season.





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#### SPEAN CHREY VILLAGE, DOUNTEI COMMUNE (TKM-CP-007)

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 22 February 2024 Pond ID: 23-AIIB-2505-CP007 Number of Participants: 31 Number of women: 23 Village chief: Mr. Min Nang

Facilitator: Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Oun Syvibola and Mr. Uy Samnang SP3; Mrs. Khalim Sophorn, Marady, and

Nong Phirum PMU

NKE staff: Mr. Plang Khimouorn
PIU staff: Mr. Sor Sen and Mr. Khum La

#### Purpose/s:

- To conduct a physical inspection of the proposed subproject for the construction of the community pond in a public land in Spean Chrey Village, Dountei Commune.
- To conduct environmental and social screenings by assessing the impacts and potential risk, and collect certificate on the land sharing use agreement.
- To discuss with the commune and village authorities, and local communities who will benefit from the proposed subproject. and
- To inform about the project support activities, such as; GRM, Gender, GRC and WSUG establishment.

#### Summary of findings and public discussions

The SP3 consultation team informed the participants about the Environmental and Social Safeguards and GRM Procedure, which is one of the important project's requirements. All key points related to safeguards and gender issues were explained on the meeting and ensure that the proposed subproject would not affect the livelihoods of the community, historical/cultural areas and sensitive ecological areas.

The key points raised during the meeting:

- The gender aspect was raised regarding the work equality, gender-based violence and human trafficking.
- Brief explanation of the GRM procedure and GRCs that will be established before the CP construction.
- The commune and village leaders were asked to provide their opinions and addressed the support of the subproject proposal to construct the community pond for benefits of local community and villagers providing adequate water source for household uses and drinking.
- The SP3 consulting team suggested that the community and local authorities should properly maintain the pond, such as preventing dyke erosion by planting grass and trees on the embankments and set up a program to manage solid waste.

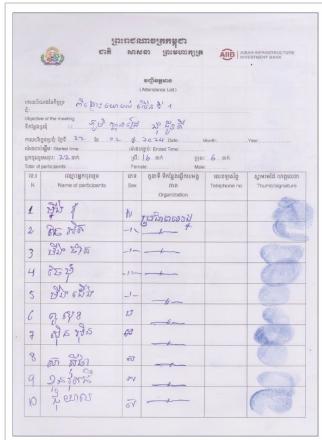
Below are the results and findings from the reconnaissance and first public consultation meeting:

- The participants (local authorities and the villagers) expressed their strong support to the proposed subproject.
- The proposed subproject is a new pond with borrow pit and is close to the village.
- It is a public state land and is flood-free.
- There are no UXO concerns in this area.
- The existing land size that can be used for the proposed subproject is 25,000m<sup>2</sup>.

Based on the reconnaissance visit and the consultation meeting, the RESA and LARP checklists were completed and the summary of environmental screening was prepared.







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#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 19 April 2024 Number of Participants: 24 Number of women: 12

Commune chief: Mr. Sorn Sarorn

Commune council: Mrs. Sam Vannak, Mrs. Rom Sophak, Mrs. Sy Somaly and Mr. Sorn Sovantheary

Village chief: Mr. But Pov

Facilitator: Mr. Oun Syvibola, Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Plang Khimouorn, and Mr. Houy Vibol SP3

#### Purpose:

The purpose of the 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was to disseminate Detailed Engineering Designs (DED), PIB (Project Information Booklet) and GRM (Grievance Redress Mechanism) procedures and gender issues as well as WSUG establishment. The proposed subproject is located in Spean Chrey village, Dountei commune.

## **Summary of discussions**

The proposed DED plan as shown in the table below:

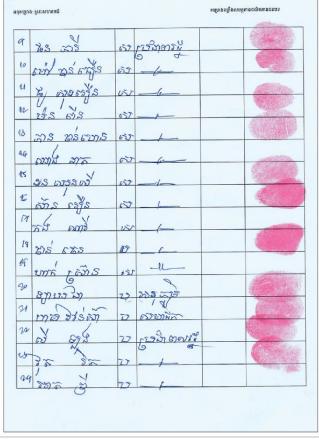
Pond	Dyke Height	Clana		Top (m)		Горос	Ctoir	Inlet	Water	Design Type
ID	(m)	Slope	Length	Width	Depth	Fence	Stair	Pipe	Filter	Design Type
CP007	1.5	1:1.5	100	100	4	1	1	1	-	Earthen Pond

- The SP3 consultation explained the proposed DED items. It was also explained/introduced to participants about the purpose of the consultation meeting, project information, GRM and WSUG establishment. Themeeting discussed on designs of the proposed community pond subproject such as:
  - The type of community pond (the design type of proposed community pond subproject is earthen pond). confirmation of the proposed subproject location, pond dimension (length, width and depth) and structure facilities such as fence, stair, inlet pipe, water filter, etc.
  - Hearing the concerns from participants regarding the technical aspects during civil work (the community requested
    that the top width of the dyke should be 4-5 m so that farmers can use to set up their long-tailed tractor to pump
    the water for surrounding rice fields) SP3 explained and clarified questions and answers on during the discussion
    on the meeting.
- The participants, including the commune chief, commune council, village chief and villagers understood about the design of the proposed community pond subproject very well and they were very grateful with this subproject as this community pond will help improving livelihoods and alternative water source during the dry season.









### CHRAK CHAMBAK VILLAGE, CHUP COMMUNE (TKM-CP-003)

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 21 February 2024
Pond ID: 23-AIIB-2507-CP003
Number of Participants: 20
Number of women: 5
Village chief: Mr. Lat Lean
Commune chief: Mr. Seng Soy

Facilitator: Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Oun Syvibola and Mr. Uy Samnang SP3; Mrs. Khalim Sophorn, Marady, and

Nong Phirum PMU

NKE staff: Mr. Plang Khimouorn PIU staff: Mr. Sor Sen and Mr. Khum La

## Purpose/s:

- To conduct a physical inspection of the proposed subproject for the construction of the community pond in a public land in Chrak Chambak Village, Chup Commune.
- To conduct environmental and social screenings by assessing the impacts and potential risk, and collect certificate on the land sharing use agreement.
- To discuss with the commune and village authorities, and local communities who will benefit from the proposed subproject, and
- To inform about the project support activities, such as; GRM, Gender, GRC and WSUG establishment.

# Summary of findings and public discussions

The SP3 consultation team informed the participants about the Environmental and Social Safeguards and GRM Procedure, which is one of the important project's requirements. All key points related to safeguards and gender issues were explained on the meeting and ensure that the proposed subproject would not affect the livelihoods of the community, historical/cultural areas and sensitive ecological areas.

The key points raised during the meeting:

- The gender aspect was raised regarding the work equality, gender-based violence and human trafficking.
- Brief explanation of the GRM procedure and GRCs that will be established before the CP construction.
- The commune and village leaders were asked to provide their opinions and addressed the support of the subproject proposal to construct the community pond for benefits of local community and villagers providing adequate water source for household uses and drinking.
- The SP3 consulting team suggested that the community and local authorities should properly maintain the pond, such as preventing dyke erosion by planting grass and trees on the embankments and set up a program to manage solid waste.

Below are the results and findings from the reconnaissance meeting:

- The participants (local authorities and the villagers) expressed their strong support to the proposed subproject.
- The proposed subproject is an existing pond and surrounded by agricultural land.
- It is a public state land and is flood-free.
- There are no UXO concerns in this area.
- The existing land size that can be used for the proposed subproject is 90,000m<sup>2</sup>.

Based on the reconnaissance visit and the consultation meeting, the RESA and LARP checklists were completed and the summary of environmental screening was prepared.





#### ត្រះពេលលោចក្រកម្មស ជាត្ន សាសនា រប់នេសាដវែង ALIB ASIAN INFRASTRUC ក្រសួទអតិនខ្លាន់៩នប តម្រោងពង្រីងសមត្ថភាពផលិតភាពជនបទ ទីពន្លែងប្រជុំ Location of Meeting: គួមិ ក្រក ទីបក ឃុំ ដូប កាលហិច្ឆេខប្រជុំ: ថ្ងៃទី ១2 ខែ 2 ម៉ោងចាប់ផ្ដើម Started Time:: \*\* BERNTOWNIE 26 . BIT เพี. 5 ខាក់ [un: 21 . គំនរពវៈប៉ីខាគ្ន จิกโฮซเต็กม/หลูกก ស្វាមួមេដៃស្គឺ/ហត្ថលេខ ens ट्रिया विकिक्षक विका 30. व्या व्या Bowns drugge 200 081 237213 AN BROWL 0877417-22 END E 20 1号下型RW AM 0129945 3173 355 80 U Maryaningla 99 646969 अहै देशह 812938206 N rugger-ways SES JEME 20 ลรัชล 071596020

## Attendance List for Reconnaissance visit and 1st Public consultation meeting for TKM-CP-003

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#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 18 April 2024 Number of Participants: 18 Number of women: 5

Commune chief: Mr. Keo Phy Leap (Chup)

Facilitator: Mr. Oun Syvibola, Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Plang Khimouorn, and Mr. Houy Vibol SP3

#### Purpose:

The purpose of the 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was to disseminate Detailed Engineering Designs (DED), PIB (Project Information Booklet) and GRM (Grievance Redress Mechanism) procedures and gender issues as well as WSUG establishment. The proposed subproject is located in Chrak Chambak village, Chup commune.

#### Summary of discussions

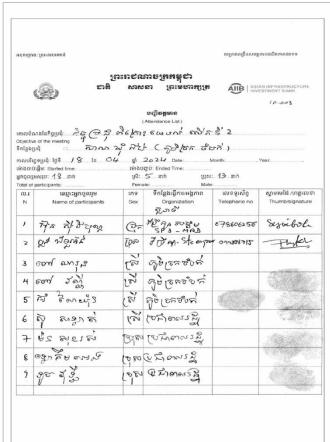
The proposed DED plan as shown in the table below:

Pond	Dyke Height	Slope		Top (m)		Fence	Stair	Inlet	Water	Design Type
ID	(m)	Slope	Length	Width	Depth	rence	Stail	Pipe	Filter	Design Type
CP003	1.5	1:1.5	200	120	4.5	1	2	2	-	Earthen Pond

- The SP3 consultation explained the proposed DED items. It was also explained/introduced to participants about the
  purposes of the consultation meeting, project information, GRM and WSUG establishment. Themeeting discussed
  on designs of the proposed community pond subproject such as:
  - The type of community pond (the design type of proposed community pond subproject is earthen pond). confirmation of the proposed subproject location, pond dimension (length, width anddepth) and structure facilities such as fence, stair, inlet pipe, water filter, etc.
  - Hearing concerns from participants regarding the technical aspects during civil work (the community requested
    that the top width of the dyke should be 4-5 m, this can allow people to pump water in a convenient way and the
    truck should not be big -heavy load will damage the road- 5 tons should be used). SP3 explained and clarified
    questions and answers during the discussion on the meeting.
- The participants, including the commune chief, commune council, village chief and villagers understood about the design of the proposed community pond subproject very well and they were very grateful with this subproject as this community pond will help improving livelihoods and alternative water source during the dry season.







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### KAMPUL SEREI VILLAGE, MIEN COMMUNE (TKM-CP-004)

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 20 February 2024 Pond ID: 23-AIIB-2504-CP004 Number of Participants: 21 Number of women: 12 Village chief: Mr. Kuy Kun

Commune Councilor: Mr. Doeuk Hen

Facilitator: Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Oun Syvibola and Mr. Uy Samnang SP3; Mrs. Khalim Sophorn, Marady, and

Nong Phirum PMU

NKE staff: Mr. Plang Khimouorn PIU staff: Mr. Sor Sen and Mr. Khum La

#### Purpose/s:

- To conduct a physical inspection of the proposed subproject for the construction of the community pond in a public land in Kampul Serei Village, Mien Commune.
- To conduct environmental and social screenings by assessing the impacts and potential risk, and collect certificate on the land sharing use agreement.
- To discuss with the commune and village authorities, and local communities who will benefit from the proposed subproject, and
- To inform about the project support activities, such as; GRM, Gender, GRC and WSUG establishment.

### Summary of findings and public discussions

The SP3 consultation team informed the participants about the Environmental and Social Safeguards and GRM Procedure, which is one of the important project's requirements. All key points related to safeguards and gender issues were explained on the meeting and ensure that the proposed subproject would not affect the livelihoods of the community, historical/cultural areas and sensitive ecological areas.

The key points raised during the meeting:

- The gender aspect was raised regarding the work equality, gender-based violence and human trafficking.
- Brief explanation of the GRM procedure and GRCs that will be established before the CP construction.
- The commune and village leaders were asked to provide their opinions and addressed the support of the subproject proposal to construct the community pond for benefits of local community and villagers providing adequate water source for household uses and drinking.
- The SP3 consulting team suggested that the community and local authorities should properly maintain the pond, such as preventing dyke erosion by planting grass and trees on the embankments and set up a program to manage solid waste.

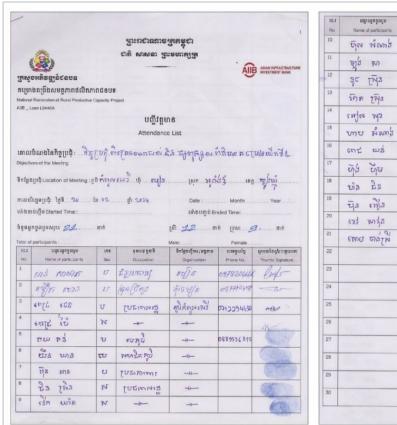
Below are the results and findings from the reconnaissance and first public consultation meeting:

- The participants (local authorities and the villagers) expressed their strong support to the proposed subproject.
- The proposed subproject is an existing pond and surrounded by agricultural land.
- It is a public state land and is flood-free.
- There are no UXO concerns in this area.
- The land size that can be used for the proposed subproject is 15,000m².

Based on the reconnaissance visit and the consultation meeting, the RESA and LARP checklists were completed and the summary of environmental screening was prepared.







	Name of participants	Sex	Occupation	ទីកន្លែងធ្វើការ/អង្គភាព Organization	เบอฐเล้ฤ Phone No.	ស្ថាមទៅដស្លី/ហត្ថលេខ Thumb' Signature
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#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 18 April 2024 Number of Participants: 23 Number of women: 11

Commune Chief: Mr. Heng Khorn (Mien)

Facilitator: Mr. Oun Syvibola, Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Plang Khimouorn, and Mr. Houy Vibol SP3

#### Purpose:

- The purpose of the 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was to disseminate Detailed Engineering Designs (DED), PIB (Project Information Booklet) and GRM (Grievance Redress Mechanism) procedures and gender issues as well as WSUG establishment. The proposed subproject is located in Kampul Serei village, Mien commune.

## **Summary of discussions**

- The proposed DED plan as shown in the table below:

Pond ID	Dyke Height (m)	Slope	Length	Top (m) Width	Depth	Fence	Stair	Inlet Pipe	Water Filter	Design Type
CP004	1	1:1.5	150	100	4	1	1	1	_	Earthen Pond

- The SP3 consultation explained the proposed DED items. It was also explained/introduced to participants about the purpose of the consultation meeting, project information, GRM and WSUG establishment. The meeting discussed on designs of the proposed community pond subproject such as:
  - The type of community pond (the design type of proposed community pond subproject is earthen pond).
     confirmation of the proposed subproject location, pond dimension (length, width and depth) and structure facilities such as fence, stair, inlet pipe, water filter, etc.
  - Hearing the concerns from participants regarding the technical aspects during civil work (the community requested that the top width of the dyke should be 4-5 m, this can allow people to pump water in a convenient way). SP3 explained and clarified questions and answers during the discussion on the meeting.
- The participants, including the commune chief, commune council, village chief and villagers understood about the design of the proposed community pond subproject very well and they were very grateful with this subproject as this community pond will help improving livelihoods and alternative water source during the dry season.







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#### **BOENG PHTIL VILLAGE, TUOL SOUPHI COMMUNE (TKM-CP-005)**

# 1<sup>st</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 21 February 2024 Pond ID: 23-AIIB-2504-CP005 Number of Participants: 15 Number of women: 1

Village chief: Mr. Moeung Sot (Boeng Phtil village) Commune chief: Mr. Sou Sophal (Tuol Souphi)

Facilitator: Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Oun Syvibola and Mr. Uy Samnang SP3; Mrs. Khalim Sophorn, Marady, and

Nong Phirum PMU

NKE staff: Mr. Plang Khimouorn PIU staff: Mr. Sor Sen and Mr. Khum La

## Purpose/s:

- To conduct a physical inspection of the proposed subproject for the construction of the community pond in a public land in Boeng Phtil Village, Tuol Souphi Commune.
- To conduct environmental and social screenings by assessing the impacts and potential risk, and collect certificate on the land sharing use agreement.
- To discuss with the commune and village authorities, and local communities who will benefit from the proposed subproject, and
- To inform about the project support activities, such as; GRM, Gender, GRC and WSUG establishment.

# Summary of findings and public discussions

The SP3 consultation team informed the participants about the Environmental and Social Safeguards and GRM Procedure, which is one of the important project's requirements. All key points related to safeguards and gender issues were explained on the meeting and ensure that the proposed subproject would not affect the livelihoods of the community, historical/cultural areas and sensitive ecological areas.

The key points raised during the meeting:

- The gender aspect was raised regarding the work equality, gender-based violence and human trafficking.
- Brief explanation of the GRM procedure and GRCs that will be established before the CP construction.
- The commune and village leaders were asked to provide their opinions and addressed the support of the subproject proposal to construct the community pond for benefits of local community and villagers providing adequate water source for household uses and drinking.
- The SP3 consulting team suggested that the community and local authorities should properly maintain the pond, such as preventing dyke erosion by planting grass and trees on the embankments and set up a program to manage solid waste.

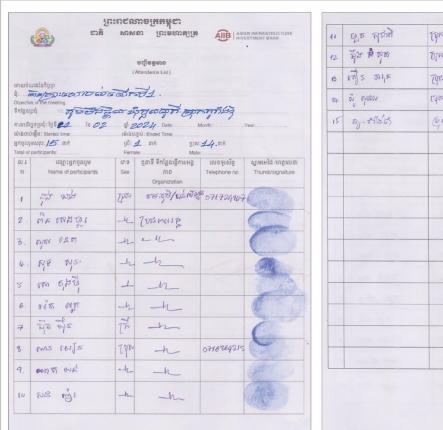
Below are the results and findings from the reconnaissance and first public consultation meeting:

- The participants (local authorities and the villagers) expressed their strong support to the proposed subproject.
- The proposed subproject is an existing pond and close to the village.
- It is a public state land and is flood-free.
- There are no UXO concerns in this area.
- The existing land size that can be used for the proposed subproject is 10,000m<sup>2</sup>.

Based on the reconnaissance visit and the consultation meeting, the RESA and LARP checklists were completed and the summary of environmental screening was prepared.







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## 2<sup>nd</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 18 April 2024 Number of Participants: 41 Number of women: 23

Village chief: Mr. Moeung Soth (Boeng Phtil)

Facilitator: Mr. Oun Syvibola, Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Plang Khimouorn, and Mr. Houy Vibol SP3

#### Purpose:

The purpose of the 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was to disseminate Detailed Engineering Designs (DED), PIB (Project Information Booklet) and GRM (Grievance Redress Mechanism) procedures and gender issues as well as WSUG establishment. The proposed subproject is located in Boeng Phtil village, Tuol Souphi commune.

#### **Summary of discussions**

The proposed DED plan as shown in the table below:

Pond	Dyke Height	Slope		Top (m)		Eonoo	Stair	Inlet	Water	Design Type
ID	(m)	Slope	Length	Width	Depth	Fence	Stall	Pipe	Filter	Design Type
CP005	1.5	1:1.5	85	80	3.5	1	1	2	-	Earthen Pond

- The SP3 consultation explained the proposed DED items. It was also explained/introduced to participants about the purpose of the consultation meeting, project information, GRM and WSUG establishment. The meeting discussed on designs of the proposed community pond subproject such as:
  - The type of community pond (the design type of proposed community pond subproject is earthen pond).
     confirmation of the proposed subproject location, pond dimension (length, width and depth) and structure facilities such as fence, stair, inlet pipe, water filter, etc.
  - Hearing the concerns from participants regarding the technical aspects during civil work (they requested to install
    outlet pipe of the rehabilitated pond, since existing pond has outlet pipe. If there is no outlet pipe, the rain will
    flow over and damage the dyke around the pond. The dyke around the pond was damaged it needs to be
    renovated and enlarge to prevent erosion). SP3 explained and clarified questions and answers during the
    discussion on the meeting.
  - The participants, including the commune chief, commune council, village chief and villagers understood about the design of the proposed community pond subproject very well and they were very grateful with this subproject as this community pond will help improving livelihoods and alternative water source during the dry season.





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#### TA NI VILLAGE, DOUNTEI COMMUNE (TKM-CP-008)

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 22 February 2024 Pond ID: 23-AIIB-2505-CP008 Number of Participants: 26 Number of women: 13

Village chief: Mr. Cheam Sokhun (Ta Ni Village)

Facilitator: Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Oun Syvibola and Mr. Uy Samnang SPP3; Mrs. Khalim Sophorn, Marady, and

Nong Phirum PMU

NKE staff: Mr. Plang Khimouorn
PIU staff: Mr. Sor Sen and Mr. Khum La

#### Purpose/s:

To conduct a physical inspection of the proposed subproject for the construction of the community pond in a public land in Ta Ni Village, Dountei Commune.

- To conduct environmental and social screenings by assessing the impacts and potential risk, and collect certificate on the land sharing use agreement.
- To discuss with the commune and village authorities, and local communities who will benefit from the proposed subproject. and
- To inform about the project support activities, such as; GRM, Gender, GRC and WSUG establishment.

#### Summary of findings and public discussions

The SP3 consultation team informed the participants about the Environmental and Social Safeguards and GRM Procedure, which is one of the important project's requirements. All key points related to safeguards and gender issues were explained on the meeting and ensure that the proposed subproject would not affect the livelihoods of the community, historical/cultural areas and sensitive ecological areas.

The key points raised during the meeting:

- The gender aspect was raised regarding the work equality, gender-based violence and human trafficking.
- Brief explanation of the GRM procedure and GRCs that will be established before the CP construction.
- The commune and village leaders were asked to provide their opinions and addressed the support of the subproject proposal to construct the community pond for benefits of local community and villagers providing adequate water source for household uses and drinking.
- The SP3 consulting team suggested that the community and local authorities should properly maintain the pond, such as preventing dyke erosion by planting grass and trees on the embankments and set up a program to manage solid waste.

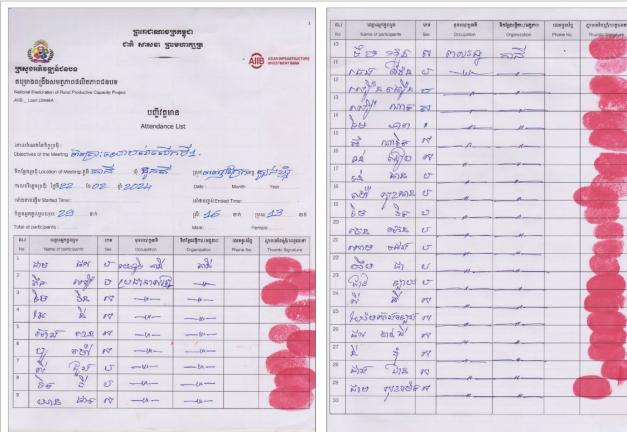
Below are the results and findings from the reconnaissance and first public consultation meeting:

- The participants (local authorities and the villagers) expressed their strong support to the proposed subproject.
- The proposed subproject is an existing pond and is close to the village.
- It is a public state land and is flood-free.
- There are no UXO concerns in this area.
- The existing land size that can be used for the proposed subproject is 13,474m<sup>2</sup>.

Based on the reconnaissance visit and the consultation meeting, the RESA and LARP checklists were completed and the summary of environmental screening was prepared.







#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 19 April 2024 Number of Participants: 22 Number of women: 11 Village Chief: Mr. Cheam Phal

Facilitator: Mr. Oun Syvibola, Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Plang Khimouorn, and Mr. Houy Vibol SP3

#### Purpose:

- The purpose of the 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was to disseminate Detailed Engineering Designs (DED), PIB (Project Information Booklet) and GRM (Grievance Redress Mechanism) procedures and gender issues as well as WSUG establishment. The proposed subproject is located in Ta Ni village, Dountei commune.

#### Summary of discussions

- The proposed DED plan as shown in the table below:

Pond	Dyke Height	Slope		Top (m)			Stair	Inlet	Water	Design Type
ID	(m)	Slope	Length	Width	Depth	Fence	Stall	Pipe	Filter	Design Type
CP008	1	1:1.5	100	90	4	1	1	1	-	Earthen Pond

- The SP3 consultation explained the proposed DED items. It was also explained/introduced to participants about the purpose of the consultation meeting, project information, GRM and WSUG establishment. Themeeting discussed on designs of the proposed community pond subproject such as:
  - The type of community pond (the design type of proposed community pond subproject is earthen pond). confirmation of the proposed subproject location, pond dimension (length, width and depth) and structure facilities such as fence, stair, inlet pipe, water filter, etc.
  - Hearing the concerns from participants regarding the technical aspects during civil work (concerns raised about
    the dykes around the pond should be built 4-5 m width to prevent the erosion during rainy season and can be
    used for pumping areas. Local community has used long tailed tractor as the water pumping engine. Therefore,
    they need a large space to setup the water pump.). SP3 explained and clarified questions and answers on the
    discussion meeting.
- The participants, including the commune chief, commune council, pagoda leaders, village chief and villagers understood about the design of the proposed community pond subproject very well and they were very grateful with this subproject as this community pond will help improving livelihoods and alternative water source during the dry season.









#### PREY TUMNOB VILLAGE, DOUNTEI COMMUNE (TKM-CP-009)

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date:22 February, 2024 Pond ID: 23-AIIB-2505-CP009 Number of Participants: 31 Number of women: 23

Village chief: Mr. Soam Soun (Prey Tumnob Village)

Facilitator: Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Oun Syvibola and Mr. Uy Samnang SP3; Mrs. Khalim Sophorn, Marady, and

Nong Phirum PMU

NKE staff: Mr. Plang Khimouorn
PIU staff: Mr. Sor Sen and Mr. Khum La

#### Purpose/s:

To conduct a physical inspection of the proposed subproject for the construction of the community pond in a public land in Prey Tumnob Village, Dountei Commune.

- To conduct environmental and social screenings by assessing the impacts and potential risk, and collect certificate on the land sharing use agreement.
- To discuss with the commune and village authorities, and local communities who will benefit from the proposed subproject. and
- To inform about the project support activities, such as; GRM, Gender, GRC and WSUG establishment.

#### Summary of findings and public discussions

The SP3 consultation team informed the participants about the Environmental and Social Safeguards and GRM Procedure, which is one of the important project's requirements. All key points related to safeguards and gender issues were explained on the meeting and ensure that the proposed subproject would not affect the livelihoods of the community, historical/cultural areas and sensitive ecological areas.

The key points raised during the meeting:

- The gender aspect was raised regarding the work equality, gender-based violence and human trafficking.
- Brief explanation of the GRM procedure and GRCs that will be established before the CP construction.
- The commune and village leaders were asked to provide their opinions and addressed the support of the subproject proposal to construct the community pond for benefits of local community and villagers providing adequate water source for household uses and drinking.
- The SP3 consulting team suggested that the community and local authorities should properly maintain the pond, such as preventing dyke erosion by planting grass and trees on the embankments and set up a program to manage solid waste.

Below are the results and findings from the reconnaissance meeting:

- The participants (local authorities and the villagers) expressed their strong support to the proposed subproject.
- The proposed subproject is an existing pond and surrounded by agricultural land.
- It is a public state land and is flood-free.
- There are no UXO concerns in this area.
- The existing land size that can be used for the proposed subproject is 15,074m<sup>2</sup>.

Based on the reconnaissance visit and the consultation meeting, the RESA and LARP checklists were completed and the summary of environmental screening was prepared.







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#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Public consultation meeting

Date: 19 April 2024 Number of Participants: 21 Number of women: 15 Village Chief: Mr. Soam Soun

Facilitator: Mr. Oun Syvibola, Mr. Long Kheng, Mr. Plang Khimouorn, and Mr. Houy Vibol SP3

#### Purpose:

The purpose of the 2<sup>nd</sup> public consultation meeting was to disseminate Detailed Engineering Designs (DED), PIB (Project Information Booklet) and GRM (Grievance Redress Mechanism) procedures and gender issues as well as WSUG establishment. The proposed subproject is located in Prey Tumnob village, Dountei commune.

#### **Summary of discussions**

The proposed DED plan as shown in the table below:

Pond	Dyke Height	Slope		Top (m)		Fence	Stair	Inlet	Water	Design Type
ID	(m)	Slope	Length	Width	Depth	rence	Stall	Pipe	Filter	Design Type
CP009	1	1:1.5	85	80	3	1	1	1	-	Earthen Pond

#### Understanding of DED, Environmental and Social and Safeguards and Gender of the subproject:

- The SP3 consultation explained the proposed DED items. It was also explained/introduced to participants about the purposes of the consultation meeting, project information, GRM and WSUG establishment. Themeeting discussed on designs of the proposed community pond subproject such as:
  - The type of community pond (the design type of proposed community pond subproject is earthen pond). confirmation of the proposed subproject location, pond dimension (length, width anddepth) and structure facilities such as fence, stair, inlet pipe, water filter, etc.
  - Hearing concerns from participants regarding the technical aspects during civil work (the community as well as local authorities requested to install a pipe culvert crossing the constructed road nearby to drain the water into the community pond and adjacent agricultural fields.). SP3 explained and clarified questions and answers during the discussion on the meeting.
- The participants, including the commune chief, commune council, village chief and villagers understood about the design of the proposed community pond subproject very well and they were very grateful with this subproject as this community pond will help improving livelihoods and alternative water source during the dry season.

#### Photos of 2<sup>nd</sup> Public consultation meeting for TKM-CP-009





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### Annex 9: Project Information Booklet (TKM province)





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National Restoration of Rural Productive Capacity (NRRPC) Project
(Under the COVID-19 Crisis Recovery Facility)

# ន្ទល់សិរញ្ញេម្យធានលោយរាខល្ខោតិបាលកម្ពុបាតាមយេ: ចលាការទិសិយាកលោញរចលាសម្ព័ត្តសេស៊ី(កិច្ចលេខLo446A)

Financed by the Royal Government of Cambodia through AIIB, Loan L0446A

# ស្ថាម័ន្យមុត្តិមត្តិកម្រោទ ត្រុសុខអភិទខ្លាស់៩នមន

Executing Agency: Ministry of Rural Development (MRD)

គ.សាខតារគម្រោច

រាជរដ្ឋាភិបាលកម្ពុជាបានទទួលកម្ចីពីធនាគារវិនិយោគហេដ្ឋា រចនាសម្ព័ន្ធអាស៊ីជាហិរញ្ញប្បទាននៃគម្រោងពង្រឹងសមត្ថភាព ផលិតភាពជនបទ។ គម្រោងនេះបាននឹងកំពុងកំណត់អាទិ ភាពជាបន្ទាន់ របស់រាជរដ្ឋាភិបាលផ្លើយតបទៅនឹងជំងឺកូវី៨១៩ ជាផ្នែកមួយនៃកម្មវិធីហេដ្ឋារចនាសម្ព័ន្ធជនបទ នឹងត្រូវបាន ផ្តល់ហិរញ្ញវត្ថុ ដោយធនាគារAIIB ក្នុងការផ្លើយតបទៅនឹង វិបត្តិកូវី១៩ ដើម្បីពង្រឹងនូវធនធានហិរញ្ញវត្ថុ ដែលរងផល ប៉ះពាល់ ពីជំងឺរាតត្បាតនេះ។ក្រសួងអភិវឌ្ឍន៍ជនបទជា ស្ថាប័នប្រត្តិបត្តិគម្រោង ទទួលខុសត្រូវជាទូទៅ សម្របសម្រួល គម្រោង រៀបចំផែនការ គ្រប់គ្រងហិរញ្ញវត្ថុធ្វើលទ្ធកម្ម ពិនិត្យ តាមដាន និងវាយតម្លៃ។ រយៈពេលនៃការអនុវត្តគម្រោង បាប់ពី ខែមកវាឆ្នាំ2021 ដល់ខែមិថុនា 2024។

A. Project Background: The Royal Government of Cambodia (RGC) has received a loan from Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB) in the form of a loan to assist in financing the National Restoration of Rural Productive Capacity Project (NRRPCP). This project has been identified as an immediate priority of the Royal Government of Cambodia (RGC) CoVID-19 response and is a part of the proposed comprehensive rural infrastructure program to be funded under the AIIB CoVID-19 Crisis Response Facility to strengthen the RGC financial resources that have been impacted by

the pandemic. The Executing Agency (EA) for NRRPCP is the Ministry of Rural Development (MRD) and is responsible for overall project coordination, planning, financial management, procurement and monitoring and evaluation (M&E). The Project implementation period is from January 2021 to June 2024.

គ.១. ផ្លែកផ្លួន៩នមន

មានចំនួនទឹកិប្រាក់ ៥៦.២លានដុល្លារ ក្នុងនោះកម្ចីពីធនាគារ AIIB ចំនួន ៤៩.៦លានដុល្លារ។ ផ្នែកហើដ្ឋាចេនាសម្ព័ន្ធផ្លូវជនបទ រួមមាន៖ ការកែលំអផ្លេវតាមលំនាំបាស់ដែលមានប្រវែង ២៣៥ គ.ម សំណង់ស្ពានបាស់ ប្រព័ន្ធបង្ហូរទឹកដែលទ្រុឌទ្រោម និង កែច្នៃឡើងវិញដើម្បីឲ្យកាន់តែងាយស្រួលក្នុងការធ្វើដំណើរ ទៅផ្សារ សាលារៀន មណ្ឌលសុខភាព និងស្របតាមគោល នយោបាយនៃការអភិវឌ្ឍប្រកបដោយចីរភាពដោយបង្ខិតតំបន់ ជនបទនឹង ទីប្រជុំជន នៅតាមរាជបានី-ខេត្ត ព្រមទាំងបន្ស៊ាំទៅ នឹងបម្រែបម្រួលអាកាសជាតុ។ ក្នុងនោះដែរ យើងក៏បានគិតគូ ដល់ការជាំរុក្ខជាតិបៃតងតាមជម្រាលផ្លូវដោយប្រើឧបករណ៍ និង សម្ភារៈរបស់អ្នកភូមិ ដើម្បីផ្តល់សុវត្ថិភាពជូនដល់អ្នកប្ញើជើង និងអ្នកជិះកង់ ព្រមទាំងលើកកម្មស់សុវត្ថិភាពផ្លូវជនបទ។

Sub-Component A1- Rural Road Infrastructure (USD 56.20 million, of which AllB financing: USD 49.60 million): This will include: (i) upgrading and climate proofing of about 235 kilometers of existing rural roads; (ii) adaptation of unstable bridges and collapsed drainage systems to improve access to markets, schools and health centers and sustain urban-rural linkages within the provinces as well as with the national capital and increase climate resilience; and (iii) greening of the embankments using bioengineered solutions and indigenous materials to accommodate safe walking and cycling and promote rural roads' safety

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មានចំនួនទឹកប្រាក់ ៧.៣លានដុល្លារ ក្នុងនោះកម្វីពីធនាគារAIIB ចំនួន ៦.៤លានដុល្លារ។ ផ្នែកទឹកស្អាត និងអនាម័យជនបទ រួមមាន៖ កាស្ដោរស្រះសហគមន៍ចំនួន ៧៥ ដោយប្រើបច្ចេក វិទ្យាវិស្វកម្មក្នុងកាធ្វើជម្រាលស្រះទឹកឡើងវិញ។ស្រះសហគមន៍ ដែលត្រូវសាងសង់ថ្មីចំនួន ៧៥រួមទាំងផ្ដល់ជូននូវចិក្ខាទឹកស្អាត ការសំអាត និងអនាម័យ។ ដៅផែនទីដើម្បីកំណត់ទីតាំង ប្រើប្រាស់ទឹកស្អាតក្នុងភូមិ ដែលមានចម្ងាយពី ២៥០ម៉េត្រ ទៅ ៣៥០ម៉ែត្រ ដើម្បីសម្រាលបន្ទុកដល់ស្ដ្រីនិងកុមារ។

ជាពិសេស ដើម្បីលើកកម្ពស់ទឹកស្អាត ការសំអាត និងអនាម័យ យើងក៏មានការផ្សព្វផ្សាយនូវវិបានការការពារជំងឺកូវីត-១៩ តាមរយៈការលាងសម្អាតដៃឲ្យបានស្អាតល្អជូនដល់ជនងាយ រងគ្រោះនៅតំបន់ជនបទ ព្រមទាំងកៀងគរប្រជាពលរដ្ឋក្នុង សហគមន៍ឲ្យយល់ដឹងពីដំណើរការការថែទាំ និងការប្រើប្រាស់ ទឹកស្អាត ការសំអាត និងអនាម័យដែលជាផ្នែកមួយនៃការ ទប់ស្កាត់នៃការកែរាលដាលដៃជំងឺកូវីដ-១៩ជាបន្ទាន់។

Sub-Component A2 - Water Sanitation and Hygiene (USD 7.30 million of which AllB financing: USD 6.40 million): This will include: (i) Restoring and climate proofing of about 75 community ponds with a strengthening of the embankments using bioengineered solutions; (ii) construction of 75 new community ponds and associated WASH facilities; (iii) mapping of safe water access points in the village within a 250 to 350 meters range from each house to reduce water duties allocated to women and children; (iv) promoting sanitation and hygiene, especially hand-washing practices to deliver basic COVID-19 prevention measures to the vulnerable groups of the rural population; and (v) community mobilization for the design, operation and maintenance and raising community awareness on safe water use, sanitation and hygiene improvements as part of COVID-19 primary emergency response

# ១.យន្តអា៖ដោះស្រាយមស្លឹា១

យន្តការដោះស្រាយបណ្ដឹងត្រូវបានបង្កើតតាមខេត្តនីមួយៗ ដើម្បី ដោះស្រាយបណ្ដឹងតវ៉ាស្របតាមគោលនយោបាយកិច្ចការពារ សុវត្ថិភាពបរិស្ថាននិងសង្គមរបស់ជនាគារវិនិយោគហេដ្ឋារចនា សម្ព័ន្ធអាស៊ី។ ប្រជាពលរដ្ឋក្នុងសហគមន៍ អាចចូលមើលយន្តកា ដោះស្រាយបណ្ដឹង និងបង្ហាញជាកង្វល់នៃផលប៉ះពាល់នានាបាន តួយ៉ាងក្រុមជនងាយរងគ្រោះ ដែលមានស្ត្រី និងយុវជនជាដើម។ ក្នុងនោះ ការទទួលពាក្យបណ្ដឹងអាចធ្វើបានតាមឃៈការជួបផ្ទាល់ ការធ្វើលិខិតជាលាយលក្ខអក្សរ និងតាមរយៈទូសើព្ទ ឬ អ៊ីម៉ែល។ និតិវិធីបណ្ដឹងតវ៉ា និងស្រាយបំភ្លឺឲ្យបាន់តែច្បាស់ នៅក្នុងក្របខណ្ឌផែនការ គ្រប់គ្រងបរិស្ថាននិងសង្គមដែល មាន ៤ ជំណាក់កាលដូចជា៖

B. Grievance Redress Mechanism: A GRM has to be established in each province in compliance with the AIIB ESP and as required in the Project ESMPF to prevent and address community concerns and assist the project to maximize environmental and social benefits. The GRM will be accessible to diverse members of the community, including vulnerable groups such as women and youth. Multiple points of entry, including in person meetings, written complaints, telephone conversations and e-mail will be available.

The GRM will be fully explained and elaborated in the Project ESMPF and will includes the following four stages:

# ដំណាក់កាលទី១៖

គ្រួសារងេផលប៉ះពាល់អាចដាក់ពាក្យបណ្ដឹង ឬប្ដឹងផ្ទាល់មាត់
ឬដាក់លិខិតជាលាយលក្ខណ៍អក្សរទៅកាន់មេភូមិ មេឃុំ
ឬអនុគណៈកម្មការខេត្ត។ អ្នកទទួលពាក្យបណ្ដឹងនឹងកត់
ត្រាបញ្ជាក់ពីសេចក្ដី និងដើមហេតុនៃពាក្យបណ្ដឹង។ ដោយ
ឡែក បើស្ថិតក្នុងអំឡុងពេល១៥ថ្ងៃ ម្ចាស់បណ្ដឹង។ ដោយ
ទទួលដំណឹងពីអ្នកទទួលពាក្យបណ្ដឹងឬមិនពេញចិត្តនឹង
ដំណោះស្រាយ នោះម្ចាស់បណ្ដឹងអាចនាំយកពាក្យបណ្ដឹង
របស់ខ្លួនទៅការិយាល័យថ្នាក់ស្រុក។

Stage 1: An AH will present their complaints and grievances verbally or in writing to the village chief, commune chief or PRSC. The receiving agent will be obliged to provide immediate written confirmation of receiving the complaint. If after 15 days the aggrieved AH does not hear from the village and commune chief or the PRSC, or if he/she is not satisfied with the decision taken in the first stage, the complaint may be brought to the District Office.

### ដំណាក់កាលទី២៖

ការិយាល័យស្រុកនឹងដោះស្រាយពាក្យបណ្ដឹងក្នុងរយៈពេល ១៥ថ្ងៃ ជូនម្ចាស់បណ្ដឹង។ ដោយឡែក ក្នុងករណីថាបើបណ្ដឹង របស់លោកអ្នកនៅតែមិនបានដោះស្រាយនៅជំណាក់កាល នេះទេ ការិយាល័យស្រុកនឹងបញ្ជូនពាក្យបណ្ដឹងទៅអនុគណៈ កម្មការខេត្តជាអ្នកដោះស្រាយបន្ដិ។

Stage 2: The District Office has 15 days within which to resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of all concerned. If the complaint cannot be solved at this stage, the District Office will bring the case to the PSRC.

#### ដំណាក់កាលទី៣៖

អនុគណៈកម្មការខេត្ត/ក្រុមការងារ នឹងជួបជាមួយម្ចាស់ប្តឹងផ្ទាល់ ហើយដោះស្រាយបណ្តឹង។ បន្ទាប់មកអនុគណៈកម្មការខេត្ត ស្នើឲ្យពិនិត្យឡើងវិញ និងវាស់វែងលំអិត តាមរយៈក្រុមការងារ ភូមិបាលស្រុក។ ក្នុងរយៈពេល ៣០ថ្ងៃ នៃការដាក់ពាក្យបណ្តឹង អនុគណៈកម្មការខេត្ត/ក្រុមការងារ ត្រូវសម្រេចជាលាយលក្ខណ៍ អក្សរ រួចជាក់ជូនទៅសមាជិកអនុគណៈកម្មការខេត្ត ក៏ដូច ក្រុសដអភិវឌ្ឍន៍ជនបទនិងគេសារាងផលប៉ះពាល់ស្គាស់បណ្តឹង។

Stage 3: The PSRC/WG meets with the aggrieved party and tries to resolve the situation. The Committee may ask for a review of the detailed measurement survey by the DLMUPCC. Within 30 days of the submission of the grievance, the PRSC/WG must make a written decision and submit copies to the PRSC members, the MRD/PMU and the AH(s)

# ដំណាក់កាលទី៤៖

ប្រសិនបើពាក្យប្ដឹងនៅមិនទាន់ដោះស្រាយពីអនុគណៈកម្ម ការខេត្ត ឬម្ចាស់បណ្ដឹងមិនពេញចិត្តនឹងដំណោះស្រាយ ពួក គាត់អាចបន្តដាក់ពាក្យបណ្ដឹងទៅកាន់តុលាការខេត្ត ដែលនេះជា ដំណាក់កាលចុងក្រោយនៃពាក្យបណ្ដឹង។ តុលាការនឹងរៀបចំ សេចក្ដីសម្រេចជាលាយលក្ខណ៍អក្សរ និងជាក់ជូនមកក្រសួង អភិវឌ្ឍន៍ជនបទ/អង្គកាពគ្រប់គ្រងគម្រោង មន្ទីរអភិវឌ្ឍន៍ជនបទ និងគ្រួសារងេផលប៉ះពាល់/ម្ចាស់បណ្ដឹង។ បើភាគីណានៅតែមិនពេញចិត្ត ជាមួយនិងការកាត់ក្ដីរបស់ តលាការខេតពកគាត់អាចទៅងទៅថាក់លើបនទៀត។

Stage 4: If the aggrieved AH does not hear from the PRSC or is not satisfied, s/he can bring the case to Provincial Court. This is the final stage for adjudicating complaints. The Court will make a written decision and submit copies to the MRD/PMU, PDRD and the AHs). If any party is still unsatisfied with the Provincial Court judgment, he or she can bring the case to a higher-level court.

ប្រសិនបើលោកអ្នកមានមន្ទិលកង្វល់ ការបញ្ចេញមតិ ការព្រួយ បារម្ភុ ឬបណ្ដឹងតវ៉ាទាក់ទងទៅនឹងហេតុប៉ះពាល់ជាអវិជ្ជមាន របស់គម្រោងទៅលើបរិស្ថាន ឬទ្រព្យសម្បត្តិ របស់ជនជាតិ ដើមភាគតិបសមមេតាទាក់ទង តាមរយៈ៖

If you have any complaint relating to the negative impacts of this project on your environment property/assets, and indigenous peoples please contact via:

អង្គភាពអនុវត្តគម្រោង PIU:

លោក អាន ស៊ីណា

ទូរស័ព្ទ : +855 12 20 50 50

E-mail:

អង្គភាពគ្រប់គ្រងគម្រោង PMU:

លោកស្រី ចេង ម៉ារ៉ាឌី

ទូរស័ព្ទ: +855 66 93 53 63

តេឡេក្រាម: +855 10 227091

E-mail: chengmarady123@gmail.com

> មន្ត្រីទទួលបណ្តឹងថ្នាក់មូល	<b>រ</b> ដ្ឋាន:
1. មេភូមិខ្សាច់ប្រធេះកណ្ដាល	ទេស័ព្ទ: 097-4443-094
2. មេភូមិបឹងព្រួលលើ	ទូរស័ព្ទ: 077-897-079
3. មេភូមិច្រកចំបក់	ទូរស័ព្ទ: 097-5088-708
4. មេភូមិកំពូលសេរី	ទូរស័ព្ទ: 088-9596-895
5. មេភូមិបឹងផ្ទិល	ទូរស័ព្ទ: 088-3757-347
6. មេកូមិសំស្នែរ	ទូរស័ព្ទ: 097-5108-789
7. មេភូមិស្ពានជ្រៃ	ទូរស័ព្ទ: 097-7498-686
8. មេភូមិតានី	ទូរស័ព្ទ: 088-2967-277
9. មេភូមិព្រៃទំនប់	ទូវស័ព្ទ: 071-4865-477

# **Annex 10: Generic ESMP for ponds (TKM province)**

Potential impacts and issues	Nature of Impacts	Signifi cance	Duration	Duration Mitigation measures and/or safeguards		Who is implementing	Who is supervising			
Pre-construction Pre-construction										
The subproject is impacted by future climate change.	Increased temperatures may lead to increased rates of evaporation affecting the storage retention capacity of the pond.	D3	Long- term	Alternative designs for new pond construction and restoration of existing pond will incorporate all relevant recommendations, specifications and guidelines to tailor the type of ponds.	Included in the subproject cost	Design consultant	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender			
Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) not established	Local authority through its existing commune/ Sangkat complaint mechanism with transparent box. MRD/EA schedules to train PIU and confirm the establishment of GRM for each subproject.	D1	Short- term	Immediate action for any complaint regarding new construction of pond and restoration of existing ponds	Included in the subproject cost	Affected persons and/or voluntary donator for infrastructure subproject	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender			
Incorporation of generic ESMP into contract documents/bidding	Environmental and social measures in this ESMP or Environmental Code of Practice need to be binding so that they will be fully implemented	D3	At tendering	Preparation of the environment section in the ToR for bidders and environmental contract clauses for contractors comprising the special conditions for the protection of soil, water & air resources.	Design cost	Design consultants/EAs & contractors	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender			
Identification of loss of pond embankment fruit trees and commercial timber	Fruit trees and other commercial timbers usually planting/growing at the embankment of ponds	D2	Medium term	<ul> <li>Tree clearing should be avoided as much as possible, and if unavoidable, the damaged trees need to be replaced by re-planting new trees.</li> <li>Incorporate replanting costs in the subproject cost</li> </ul>	Included in the subproject cost	Design consultant &PIU & PMU – WASH Manager (WASH focal point) Safeguard Specialists	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender			
Loss of natural trees /protected area for borrow pits	If the designated borrow pit is on protected area/natural trees	D2	Medium term	<ul> <li>Develop alternative uses for borrow pit areas where it will have no negative impact on livelihoods and protected areas</li> <li>Incorporation of replacing damages during Project/subproject design.</li> </ul>	Included in the subproject cost	Contractor PMU – WASH Officer, WASH Specialist and Safeguard Specialists	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender			

Potential impacts and issues	Nature of Impacts	Signifi cance	Duration	Mitigation measures and/or safeguards Costs Who is implementing	Who is supervising
Potential loss of agricultural land for borrow pits	If the designated borrow pit is on agricultural land (fertilizer)	D2	Medium term	<ul> <li>Incorporation of replacing damages during Project/subproject design.</li> <li>Incorporation of replacing damages during Safeguard Specialists</li> </ul>	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender
Presence of landmines and UXO	Project works will take place in areas that are already well trafficked. Thus, it is not likely to have a significant landmines/UXO risk.  TKM target subprojects province will conduct public consultations/field assessment about the landmines/UXO risk at the proposed subproject site. However, a borrow pit site is unknown yet that it could be harmful on landmines/UXO?	D3	Medium term	exploded by construction equipment, henceconsultative meetings with local communities are necessary to identify where there are risks of landmines/UXO.  Included in the Officer, WASH Subproject subproject cost Safeguard Specialist and Safeguard Specialists	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender
Presence of cemeteries	Earthen tomb/stupa in pagoda/ common place are located near/vicinity of community ponds	D3	Long Term	Avoiding or reducing the impacts by Preventing/built embankment of water catchment flow into community pond.  Included in the subproject cost  Social and Environmental Safeguards	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender
Need for resettlement/ land acquisition	Private assets including land and economic trees	D3	Long Term	Included in Resettlement Plan, if any. otherwise, it is recommended to prepare DDR.  Included in Resettlement Plan, if any. the subproject subproject cost.  Contractor, Social and GDR.	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender
Construction					
Excavated soil and other demolishing/ decommissioning/ debris	Restoration and new construction of community ponds	D2	Short- term	pond embankment, access road and filling the other part of ponds as needed.  If trucks transporting excavated soil, debris to other places through populated they should be covered by tarpaulin or similar materials and truck wheels have to be	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender

Potential impacts and issues	Nature of Impacts	Signifi cance	Duration	Mitigation measures and/or safeguards	Costs	Who is implementing	Who is supervising
				The awarded contractor is accountable for designated dumping site for excavated soil and other decommissioning /demolition/debris from ponds			
Dust generation	Dust caused by the transportation of construction materials and goods (contractors and/or commuters/passengers/ drivers operators)	D2	Short- term	The contractor/sub-contractor will be required to: Spray water at least twice a day on unpaved areas, haul roads and exposed dust-prone stockpiles. Increase frequency of water spraying during windy conditions.  During removal of existing pavement and during backfilling, conduct water spraying to suppress dust.  Control vehicle speed to less than 20 km/h in unpaved areas. Post the notice on the construction works.  Trucks carrying dry construction materials such as earth; aggregate will be covered with tarpaulins or other suitable cover.	Included in the subproject cost	Contractor, Social and Environmental Safeguards	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender
Noise and vibration	Noise caused by the concentration of machinery working in one area, plus haulage vehicles, excavations can cause a range of impacts from nuisance to health problems. Noise near schools, health centres, and pagoda can disrupt services.	D2	Short- term	<ul> <li>Construction/excavation of ponds after 6pm within 300m of residences shall be strictly prohibited.</li> <li>During daytime construction/excavation of ponds, the contractor will ensure that:         Temporary anti-noise barriers will be installed to shield sensitive receptors (if any) within 50m of the construction site.     </li> </ul>	Included in the subproject cost	Contractor, Social and Environmental Safeguards	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender
Generation of solid and liquid waste	The solid wastes are caused mainly from/by camp sites, kitchen, human waste, and debris of construction materials.	D2	Short- term	Manage general solid and liquid waste from construction in line with Government regulations, and will cover, collection, handling, transport, recycling, and disposal of waste created from construction activities and worker force.      Make clear arrangements for storage and transportation of all hazardous and non-hazardous waste to an authorized and approved disposal point (approved by Provincial Department of Environment).      Store all solid waste in containers with lids, more than 25m from all surface water, water supplies, and cultural and ecological	Included in the subproject cost	Contractor, Social and Environmental Safeguards	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender

Potential impacts and issues	Nature of Impacts	Signifi cance	Duration	Mitigation measures and/or safeguards	Costs	Who is implementing	Who is supervising
				sensitive receptors.  Prohibit burning of waste at all times;  Provide all vehicles/drivers with plastic bags for waste collection and prevent any unauthorized waste disposal with particular attention paid to prevention of waste entering water ways including drainage ditches  Provide a schedule of solid and liquid waste pickup and disposal must be established and followed that ensures construction sites are as clean as possible.  All spills must be cleaned up completely with all contaminated soil removed.			
Community Environmental Health and Safety (EHS)	Causing by construction plant and equipment operations during civil work implementations	D2	Short- term	The contractor should prepare a Community Environmental Health and Safety Plan which should be developed in consultation with affected communities and local authorities/PIU/PMU. Restrict access to the construction site, barricades, night lighting and signage on open trenches and excavation areas (if any). Park at designated area. Workers need to be aware of the following general rules: (i) no alcohol/drugs on-site; (ii) prevent excessive noise; (iii) no illegal activities such as, but not limited to gambling, and hunting farm animals in the area; (iv) trespassing on private/commercial properties adjoining the site is forbidden; (v) no littering	Included in the subproject cost	Contractor, Social and Environmental Safeguards	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender
Occupational Environmental Health and Safety (OEHS)	Staff and workers Occupational Environmental Health and Safety during operations of civil works implementations	D2	Short- term	The occupational safety plan should have provisions on (i) providing personal protective equipment (PPE) like hard hats, safety gloves, ear mufflers to all workers; (ii) providing occupational health and safety training to all workers (i.e. first aid measures, prevention of malaria, diarrhea, HIV/AIDS); A trained first aid personnel and health facility should be provided on site and in	Included in the subproject cost	Contractor, Social and Environmental Safeguards	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender

Potential impacts and issues	Nature of Impacts	Signifi cance	Duration	Mitigation measures and/or safeguards	Costs	Who is implementing	Who is supervising
				camp site.  Potable water and sanitary facilities should be provided to workers and staff.  The contractor/ subcontractor should incorporate on the health and safety plan the education of workers and staff about sexually transmitted disease (if any).			
Generation of employment	Skilled/Unskilled workers are needed/created during the lifespan of civil work implementations	(+)	Short- term	The contractor/subcontractor should employ from local villages/communes including woman unskilled workers.	Included in construction cost	Contractor, Social and Environmental Safeguards	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender
Implementation of Construction Workers and Camp	Contamination of water, soil, waste production and social issues	D2	Short term	<ul> <li>If a camp for construction workers is required, the contractor will set out a management plan which includes:         <ul> <li>A map showing camp lay out, welfare facilities, and first aid kit locations.</li> <li>Accommodation facilities including separate toilets for male and female workers, adequate drainage to prevent flooding, security including a no weapons policy and waste disposal areas.</li> <li>Pit latrines to be located at least 200m from surface waters, and in areas of suitable soil profiles and above the groundwater levels</li> <li>A clean-out or infill schedule for pit latrines must be established and implemented to ensure working latrines are available at all times.</li> <li>Firefighting equipment will be provided in all camps and will have adequate signage and prescribed testing intervals.</li> <li>Plan of how camp areas will be restored to original condition after construction completed</li> </ul> </li> <li>If a construction camp is not required, the contractor will not require a Management Plan but will:</li> </ul>	Included in the subproject cost	Included in the subproject cost	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender

Potential impacts and issues	Nature of Impacts	Signifi cance	Duration	Mitigation measures and/or safeguards	Costs	Who is implementing	Who is supervising
				<ul> <li>Provide adequate waste disposal facilities including garbage cans for workers.</li> <li>Provide welfare facilities including water for washing, drinking and include facilities for male and female workers</li> <li>Provide toilets for male and female construction workers with a cleaning schedule</li> <li>The contractor will give priority to local labour force and retain evidence of how local labour recruitment efforts were undertaken.</li> <li>The contractor will ensure training is delivered to construction workers on the following and the contractor will provide a training schedule:         <ul> <li>HIV Aids education awareness</li> <li>Cambodian laws for foreign labour regarding hunting, fishing and traffic rules</li> <li>Grievance Redress Mechanism – how to deal with affected people who make a complaint to a worker</li> <li>Occupational Health and Safety and Emergency Procedures.</li> <li>Prevention of CoVID-19 pandemic; Health and Safety</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
Gender based violence	Unsafe workplace environment due to offensive, abusive or violent behavior	D2	Short- term	The contractor will be required to maintain a safe and secure site environment with zero tolerance of gender based violence (GBV), sexual exploitation and abuse (SEA) and sexual harassment (SH) by ensuring:  People treat each other with respect and do not discriminate against specific groups such as women, gays, people with disabilities, migrant workers or children.  There is zero tolerance of sexual harassment, which includes unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other unwanted	Included in the subproject cost	Contractor, Social and Environmental Safeguards	Local authorities, PIU/PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender

Potential impacts and issues	Nature of Impacts	Signifi cance	Duration	Mitigation measures and/or safeguards	Costs	Who is implementing	Who is supervising
				verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature including individual under the age of 18.  There is respectful engagement with the local community and/or APs without intimidation, threats and coercive behavior.  The possession of drugs and alcohol is prohibited while workers are on duty and ensuring that all workers return to labor camps no later than 22.00 hrs.  All workers both male and female are aware of their rights and of the GRM that can be used for reporting any violations.			
CoVID-19 pandemic	Worldwide and nationwide	D4	Long- term	<ul> <li>The contractor will provide safe, suitable and comfortable accommodation, kitchen, dining and sanitary facilities (toilet and bath); with an ample supply of clean water and the bathrooms have liquid soap provided for hand washing.</li> <li>First aid supplies and personal protective equipment (PPE) will be provided for workers including face masks.</li> <li>Camp surroundings will be kept clean to prevent the spread of other vermin and insect vectors of disease.</li> <li>A trained H &amp; S officer will be designated by the contractor to ensure the proper implementation of the environment, health and safety programs and induction and training of the workforce during the construction phase.</li> <li>For security and to maintain order in the camp and to avoid social conflicts with the local residents, camp rules will be strictly enforced including a night-time curfew.</li> <li>The contractors H&amp;S plans will be updated to reflect the risk mitigation measures in respect of CoVID-19 and these need to be reviewed by Environment Safeguard Specialist to provide recommendations to the PMU/Contractor (H &amp; S Officer) and to</li> </ul>	Included in the subproject cost	Contractor, Social and Environmental Safeguards	Local authorities, PIU and PMU, WASH manager, safeguards and gender

Potential impacts and issues	Nature of Impacts	Signifi cance	Duration	Mitigation measures and/or safeguards Costs Who is implementing s	Who is supervising
				monitor the implementation of these H&S plans.  Special precautions will be included to provide for enhanced cleanliness on site for the workers and ensuring that overcrowding of dormitories and canteen facilities are avoided to enable adequate social distancing and regularly disinfected.  The hiring of local unskilled labor from within the villages will be maximized to avoid the importation of laborers from other areas, and for skilled workers who are not from the area they should avoid close interaction with residents in the villages.  All persons who are working on the construction site will be advised to immediately report any symptoms of CoVID-19 to the site manager/H&S Officer immediately and make arrangements to self-isolate to avoid the risk of spreading infection.  The H&S Officer at the construction site will be equipped with a digital thermometer to enable them to regularly check the temperatures of anyone who shows symptoms.	
Operations	1. Dug well	Ī			ocal
Pond its facility do not work properly	Hand pump     Solar pump /Pump house / solar panel     Inlet pipe culvert     Water filtration system	D-4	Long Term	Implementation of effective O&M procedures through the WSUG, implementation effectiveness of OEHSP by awarded contractor.  Included in operations and willage/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  awarded in operations and price in operations and authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU  Included in operations authorities-village/commune / district, PIU and PMU	uthorities, IU and PMU, /ASH lanager, afeguards nd gender
Pond banks become eroded.	Grip sodding (grass sodding)     Embankment /dike     Fence     Staircase	D-4	Long term	Renewal of grass sodding to ensure stability of pond banks by the WSUG members.      Effective maintenance of the perimeter fence to prevent access by livestock and damage to the pond banks and staircase.	

# Annex 11: Generic Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan for community ponds (TKM ponds)

The Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan will be used by the primary stakeholders - local authorities/PIU/PMU for monitoring the application of the ESCoP.

What will be monitoring	Place for monitoring	How to monitor	When monitoring will be done	Who will be responsible for monitoring?
Dust	200-meter radius from community pond construction site	Visual observation; feedback from villagers living near the community pond site	Daily observation	Local authorities- village/commune/district, PIU and PMU/SP3
Noise and vibrations	200-meter radius from community pond construction site	Auditory observation; monthly reporting	Daily observation	Local authorities- village/commune/district, PIU and PMU/SP3
Solid waste	Community pond construction site; MRF used by contractor	Consultation with local authorities; monthly reporting on waste segregation and management	Daily observation	Local authorities- village/commune/district, PIU and PMU/SP3
Sanitation	Community pond construction site	Visual observation; monthly reporting	Prior to start of construction; daily observations	Local authorities- village/commune/district, PIU and PMU/SP3
Safety and occupational health	Community pond construction site	Visual observation; consultation with district and MRD/EA monthly reporting	Daily	Local authorities- village/commune/district, PIU and PMU/SP3
Traffic management	Community pond site and access road	Visual observation; consultation with districts and MRD/EA; monthly reporting	Daily	Local authorities- village/commune/district, PIU and PMU/SP3
CoVID-19-pandemic	Community pond construction site/civil works implementation	Temperature check and testing (if any), using infrared thermometer	Daily Worked day at site	Local authorities- village/commune/district, PIU and PMU/SP3

Environmental and Social Monitoring Checklist		
Contract Package:Inspection Date:	Reporter's Name Position	: :

Environmental Code of Conduct (Mitigating Measures)	Com	pliance	Status	Remarks/ Reasons for	Recommendati	Deadline
Environmental code of conduct (witigating measures)	Yes	No	Partially	Partial or Non- Compliance	ons	Deadille
Dust Control						
Storage areas of construction materials such as sand, gravel, cement, etc., have provisions that prevent them from being blown away towards sensitive receptors?						
Trucks transporting construction materials (i.e. sand, soil, cement, gravel, etc.) are tightly covered?						
Construction vehicles have speed limits (typically 20 km/hour or less) along areas where sensitive receptors are located.						
Noise Levels					I	
Prior notification to the community/local authorities on construction schedule?						
Noisy construction activities are avoided in the vicinity of sensitive receivers?						
Construction traffic routes are defined in cooperation with local communities and traffic police?						
Solid Waste	1					
Garbage bins and temporary storage facilities for construction wastes, domestic solid wastes and segregated wastes are provided within the project site/subproject site?						

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Regular collection and disposal of wastes (by contractor/subcontractor or authorized third party) to sites approved by local authorities? and/or subnational levels?						
Wastes are not dumped into watercourses, agricultural land and surrounding areas?						
Traffic Management and Local Access						
Signs advising that construction is in progress are provided and where construction related-facilities are located?						
Traffic advisory signs (to minimize traffic build-up/populated areas) are posted in coordination with local authorities? and/or subnational levels?						
Construction activities and schedules are coordinated in advance with local authorities, community representatives/beneficiaries, businesses, schools?						
Existing access routes are maintained (whenever feasible)?						
Provision of alternative access and/or parking when impacts to principal access routes and parking areas cannot be avoided?						
Adequate informational and directional signage to improve alternative access function						
Occupational Health and Safety	<u> </u>		1		•	
Orientation for construction workers regarding health and safety measures, emergency response and prevention of HIV/AIDS and other diseases?						
Do not discriminate workers in respect of employment and occupation?						

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Effective measures to ensure safe and secure workplace environment and to prevent any incidence of gender-based violence against workers.						
Ensure that workers are not restricted from developing a legally permissible means of expressing their grievance and protecting their rights regarding working conditions and terms of employment.						
First aid facilities that are readily accessible to workers? and staff?						
Adequate and clean housing and sanitation facilities for all workers/staff at the workers'/construction camps?						
Reliable supply of water for drinking, cooking and washing purposes at the staff/workers' camps						
Separate hygienic sanitation facilities/toilets and bathing areas with sufficient water supply for male and female workers/staff?						
Proper collection and disposal of solid wastes within the workers'/construction camps						
Workers are provided and use appropriate and complete safety equipment such as safety boots, protective clothes, breathing mask, ear protection, helmets, gloves, etc.						
Covid-19, Workers and staffs are provided: Face mask, Sanitized alcohol, jelly and temperature check by using infrared thermometer.						
Public Safety	1					
Signage are installed at the periphery of the construction site to warn and direct traffic and pedestrians?						
Appropriate safety barriers and warning signs are installed around th3 community pond that pose safety risks such as open excavations, drainage, etc.						

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Ready construction site									
Restoration of the area of construction sites and camps when the construction works are completed									
Employment (Unskilled labour)									
At least 25% of unskilled worker has to be employed as women.									
Equal pay for equal works.									
No child labour used.									